

PCTWORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

| | | |
|--|-----------|---|
| (51) International Patent Classification ⁵ : C07K 15/00 | A2 | (11) International Publication Number: WO 95/00554 (43) International Publication Date: 5 January 1995 (05.01.95) |
| (21) International Application Number: PCT/US94/06944 (22) International Filing Date: 17 June 1994 (17.06.94) (30) Priority Data: 08/080,244 18 June 1993 (18.06.93) US 08/081,508 21 June 1993 (21.06.93) US 08/157,490 23 November 1993 (23.11.93) US (71) Applicant: THE TRUSTEES OF PRINCETON UNIVERSITY [US/US]; 5 New South Building, P.O. Box 36, Princeton, NJ 08544 (US). (72) Inventor: LEMISCHKA, Ihor, R.; 5T Hibben Apartments, Faculty Road, Princeton, NJ 08540 (US). (74) Agents: FEIT, Irving, N. et al.; ImClone Systems Incorporated, 180 Varick Street, New York, NY 10014 (US). | | (81) Designated States: AU, CA, FL, HU, JP, KR, NO, RO, RU, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i> |
| (54) Title: TOTIPOTENT HEMATOPOIETIC STEM CELL RECEPTORS AND THEIR LIGANDS (57) Abstract Isolated mammalian nucleic acid molecules encoding receptor protein tyrosine kinases expressed in primitive hematopoietic cells and not expressed in mature hematopoietic cells are provided. Also included are the receptors encoded by such nucleic acid molecules; the nucleic acid molecules encoding receptor protein tyrosine kinases having the sequences shown in Figure 1a (murine Flk2), Figure 1b (human Flk2) and Figure 2 (murine Flk1); the receptor protein tyrosine kinases having the amino acid sequences shown in Figure 1a, Figure 1b and Figure 2; ligands for the receptors; nucleic acids sequences that encode the ligands; and methods of stimulating the proliferation and/or differentiation of primitive mammalian hematopoietic stem cells comprising contacting the stem cells with a ligand that binds to a receptor protein tyrosine kinase expressed in primitive mammalian hematopoietic cells and not expressed in mature hematopoietic cells. | | |

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

| | | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|----|--|----|--------------------------|
| AT | Austria | GB | United Kingdom | MR | Mauritania |
| AU | Australia | GE | Georgia | MW | Malawi |
| BB | Barbados | GN | Guinea | NE | Niger |
| BE | Belgium | GR | Greece | NL | Netherlands |
| BF | Burkina Faso | HU | Hungary | NO | Norway |
| BG | Bulgaria | IE | Ireland | NZ | New Zealand |
| BJ | Benin | IT | Italy | PL | Poland |
| BR | Brazil | JP | Japan | PT | Portugal |
| BY | Belarus | KE | Kenya | RO | Romania |
| CA | Canada | KG | Kyrgyzstan | RU | Russian Federation |
| CF | Central African Republic | KP | Democratic People's Republic of Korea | SD | Sudan |
| CG | Congo | KR | Republic of Korea | SE | Sweden |
| CH | Switzerland | KZ | Kazakhstan | SI | Slovenia |
| CI | Côte d'Ivoire | LI | Liechtenstein | SK | Slovakia |
| CM | Cameroon | LK | Sri Lanka | SN | Senegal |
| CN | China | LU | Luxembourg | TD | Chad |
| CS | Czechoslovakia | LV | Latvia | TG | Togo |
| CZ | Czech Republic | MC | Monaco | TJ | Tajikistan |
| DE | Germany | MD | Republic of Moldova | TT | Trinidad and Tobago |
| DK | Denmark | MG | Madagascar | UA | Ukraine |
| ES | Spain | ML | Mali | US | United States of America |
| FI | Finland | MN | Mongolia | UZ | Uzbekistan |
| FR | France | | | VN | Viet Nam |
| GA | Gabon | | | | |

**TOTIPOTENT HEMATOPOIETIC STEM CELL
RECEPTORS AND THEIR LIGANDS**

This application is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/125,669, filed September 23, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/096,759, filed July 22, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/081,508, filed June 21, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/080,244, filed June 18, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/076,022, filed June 9, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/045,272, filed April 1, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 08/005,941, filed January 15, 1993, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/977,451, filed November 19, 1992, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/975,049 filed November 12, 1992, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/906,397 filed June 26, 1992 which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/813,593 filed December 24, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/793,065 filed November 15, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/728,913 filed June 28, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of serial number 07/679,666 filed April 2, 1991, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

The invention described in this application was made with U.S. government support from Grant Numbers R01-CA45339 and R01-DK42989 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The government has certain rights in this invention.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to hematopoietic stem cell receptors, ligands for such receptors, and nucleic acid molecules encoding such receptors and ligands.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 The mammalian hematopoietic system comprises red and white blood cells. These cells are the mature cells that result from more primitive lineage-restricted cells. The cells of the hematopoietic system have been reviewed by Dexter and Spooncer in the Annual Review of Cell Biology 3, 423-441 (1987).

10 The red blood cells, or erythrocytes, result from primitive cells referred to by Dexter and Spooncer as erythroid burst-forming units (BFU-E). The immediate progeny of the erythroid burst-forming units are called erythroid colony-forming units (CFU-E).

15 The white blood cells contain the mature cells of the lymphoid and myeloid systems. The lymphoid cells include B lymphocytes and T lymphocytes. The B and T lymphocytes result from earlier progenitor cells referred to by Dexter and Spooncer as preT and preB cells.

20 The myeloid system comprises a number of cells including granulocytes, platelets, monocytes, macrophages, and megakaryocytes. The granulocytes are further divided into neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils and mast cells.

25 Each of the mature hematopoietic cells are specialized for specific functions. For example, erythrocytes are responsible for oxygen and carbon dioxide transport. T and B lymphocytes are responsible for cell-and antibody-mediated immune responses, respectively. Platelets are involved in blood clotting. Granulocytes and macrophages act generally as scavengers and accessory cells in the immune response against invading organisms and their by-products.

35 At the center of the hematopoietic system lie one or more

totipotent hematopoietic stem cells, which undergo a series of differentiation steps leading to increasingly lineage-restricted progenitor cells. The more mature progenitor cells are restricted to producing one or two lineages. Some examples of lineage-restricted progenitor cells mentioned by Dexter and Spooner include granulocyte/macrophage colony-forming cells (GM-CFC), megakaryocyte colony-forming cells (Meg-CFC), eosinophil colony-forming cells (Eos-CFC), and basophil colony-forming cells (Bas-CFC). Other examples of progenitor cells are discussed above.

The hematopoietic system functions by means of a precisely controlled production of the various mature lineages. The totipotent stem cell possesses the ability both to self renew and to differentiate into committed progenitors for all hematopoietic lineages. These most primitive of hematopoietic cells are both necessary and sufficient for the complete and permanent hematopoietic reconstitution of a radiation-ablated hematopoietic system in mammals. The ability of stem cells to reconstitute the entire hematopoietic system is the basis of bone marrow transplant therapy.

It is known that growth factors play an important role in the development and operation of the mammalian hematopoietic system. The role of growth factors is complex, however, and not well understood at the present time. One reason for the uncertainty is that much of what is known about hematopoietic growth factors results from in vitro experiments. Such experiments do not necessarily reflect in vivo realities.

In addition, in vitro hematopoiesis can be established in the absence of added growth factors, provided that marrow stromal cells are added to the medium. The relationship between stromal cells and hematopoietic growth factors in vivo is not understood. Nevertheless, hematopoietic growth factors have been shown to be

highly active in vivo.

From what is known about them, hematopoietic growth factors appear to exhibit a spectrum of activities. At one end of the spectrum are growth factors such as erythropoietin, which is believed to promote proliferation only of mature erythroid progenitor cells. In the middle of the spectrum are growth factors such as IL-3, which is believed to facilitate the growth and development of early stem cells as well as of numerous progenitor cells. Some examples of progenitor cells induced by IL-3 include those restricted to the granulocyte/macrophage, eosinophil, megakaryocyte, erythroid and mast cell lineages.

At the other end of the spectrum is the hematopoietic growth factor that, along with the corresponding receptor, was discussed in a series of articles in the October 5, 1990 edition of Cell. The receptor is the product of the W locus, c-kit, which is a member of the class of receptor protein tyrosine kinases. The ligand for c-kit, which is referred to by various names such as stem cell factor (SCF) and mast cell growth factor (MGF), is believed to be essential for the development of early hematopoietic stem cells and cells restricted to the erythroid and mast cell lineages in mice; see, for example, Copeland et al., Cell 63, 175-183 (1990).

It appears, therefore, that there are growth factors that exclusively affect mature cells. There also appear to be growth factors that affect both mature cells and stem cells. The growth factors that affect both types of cells may affect a small number or a large number of mature cells.

There further appears to be an inverse relationship between the ability of a growth factor to affect mature cells and the ability of the growth factor to affect stem cells. For example, the c-kit ligand, which stimulates a small number of mature

cells, is believed to be more important in the renewal and development of stem cells than is IL-3, which is reported to stimulate proliferation of many mature cells (see above).

5 Prior to the present specification, there have been no reports of growth factors that exclusively stimulate stem cells in the absence of an effect on mature cells. The discovery of such growth factors would be of particular significance.

10 As mentioned above, c-kit is a protein tyrosine kinase (pTK). It is becoming increasingly apparent that the protein tyrosine kinases play an important role as cellular receptors for hematopoietic growth factors. Other receptor pTKs include the receptors of colony stimulating factor 1 (CSF-1) and PDGF.

15 The pTK family can be recognized by the presence of several conserved amino acid regions in the catalytic domain. These conserved regions are summarized by Hanks et al. in Science 241, 42-52 (1988), see Figure 1 starting on page 46 and by Wilks in
20 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1603-1607 (1989), see Figure 2 on page 1605.

 Additional protein tyrosine kinases that represent hematopoietic growth factor receptors are needed in order more
25 effectively to stimulate the self-renewal of the totipotent hematopoietic stem cell and to stimulate the development of all cells of the hematopoietic system both in vitro and in vivo. Novel hematopoietic growth factor receptors that are present only on primitive stem cells, but are not present on mature progenitor
30 cells, are particularly desired. Ligands for the novel receptors are also desirable to act as hematopoietic growth factors. Nucleic acid sequences encoding the receptors and ligands are needed to produce recombinant receptors and ligands.

35

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

These and other objectives as will be apparent to those with ordinary skill in the art have been met by providing isolated mammalian nucleic acid molecules encoding receptor protein tyrosine kinases expressed in primitive hematopoietic cells and not expressed in mature hematopoietic cells. Also included are the receptors encoded by such nucleic acid molecules; the nucleic acid molecules encoding receptor protein tyrosine kinases having the sequences shown in Figure 1a.1-1a.6 (hereinafter Figure 1a)(murine Flk2), Figure 1b.1-1b.6 (hereinafter Figure 1b)(human Flk2) and Figure 2.1-2.9 (hereinafter Figure 2)(murine Flk1)(See SEQ. ID. NOS. 1, 3 and 5, respectively); the receptor protein tyrosine kinases having the amino acid sequences shown in Figure 1a, Figure 1b and Figure 2 (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 2, 4 and 6, respectively); ligands for the receptors; nucleic acid sequences that encode the ligands; and methods of stimulating the proliferation of primitive mammalian hematopoietic stem cells comprising contacting the stem cells with a ligand that binds to a receptor protein tyrosine kinase expressed in primitive mammalian hematopoietic cells and not expressed in mature hematopoietic cells.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1a.1 through 1a.6 shows the cDNA and amino acid sequences of murine Flk2. All subsequent references to Figure 1a are intended to refer to Figure 1a.1 through 1a.6. The amino acid residues occur directly below the nucleotides in the open reading frame. Amino acids -27 to -1 constitute the hydrophobic leader sequence. Amino acids 1 to 517 constitute the extracellular receptor domain. Amino acids 518 to 537 constitute the transmembrane region. Amino acids 538 to 966 constitute the intracellular catalytic domain. Counting amino acid residue -27 as residue number 1, the following amino acid residues in the

intracellular domain are catalytic sub-domains identified by Hanks (see above): 618-623, 811-819, 832-834, 857-862, 872-878. The sequence at residues 709-785 is a signature sequence characteristic of Flk2. The protein tyrosine kinases generally have a signature sequence in this region. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 1-2)

Figure 1b.1 through 1b.6 shows the complete cDNA and amino acid sequences of human Flk2 receptor. All subsequent references to Figure 1b are intended to refer to Figure 1b.1 through 1b.6. Amino acids -27 to -1 constitute the hydrophobic leader sequence. Amino acids 1 to 516 constitute the extracellular receptor domain. Amino acids 517 to 536 constitute the transmembrane region. Amino acids 537 to 966 constitute the intracellular catalytic domain. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 3-4)

Figure 2.1 through 2.9 shows the cDNA and amino acid sequences of murine Flk1. All subsequent references to Figure 2 are intended to refer to Figure 2.1 through 2.9. Amino acids -19 to -1 constitute the hydrophobic leader sequence. Amino acids 1 to 743 constitute the extracellular receptor domain. Amino acids 744 to 765 constitute the transmembrane region. Amino acids 766 to 1348 constitute the intracellular catalytic domain. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 5-6)

Figure 3 shows the time response of binding between a murine stromal cell line (2018) and APTag-Flk2 as well as APTag-Flk1. APTag without receptor (SEAP) is used as a control. See Example 8.

Figure 4 shows the dose response of binding between stromal cells (2018) and APTag-Flk2 as well as APTag-Flk1. APTag without receptor (SEAP) is used as a control. See Example 8.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTIONReceptors

5 In one embodiment, the invention relates to an isolated mammalian nucleic acid molecule encoding a receptor protein tyrosine kinase expressed in primitive mammalian hematopoietic cells and not expressed in mature hematopoietic cells.

10 The nucleic acid molecule may be a DNA, cDNA, or RNA molecule. The mammal in which the nucleic acid molecule exists may be any mammal, such as a mouse, rat, rabbit, or human.

15 The nucleic acid molecule encodes a protein tyrosine kinase (pTK). Members of the pTK family can be recognized by the conserved amino acid regions in the catalytic domains. Examples of pTK consensus sequences have been provided by Hanks et al. in Science 241, 42-52 (1988); see especially Figure 1 starting on page 46 and by Wilks in Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1603-1607
20 (1989); see especially Figure 2 on page 1605. A methionine residue at position 205 in the conserved sequence WMAPES is characteristic of pTK's that are receptors.

25 The Hanks et al article identifies eleven catalytic subdomains containing pTK consensus residues and sequences. The pTKs of the present invention will have most or all of these consensus residues and sequences.

30 Some particularly strongly conserved residues and sequences are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1Conserved Residues and Sequences in pTKs¹

| | | | |
|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 35 | <u>Position²</u> | <u>Residue or Sequence</u> | <u>Catalytic Domain</u> |
|----|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|

| | | | |
|----|---------|-----|------|
| | 50 | G | I |
| | 52 | G | I |
| | 57 | V | I |
| | 70 | A | II |
| 5 | 72 | K | II |
| | 91 | E | III |
| | 166 | D | VI |
| | 171 | N | VI |
| | 184-186 | DFG | VII |
| 10 | 208 | E | VIII |
| | 220 | D | IX |
| | 225 | G | IX |
| | 280 | R | XI |

- 15 1. See Hanks et al., Science 241, 42-52 (1988)
 2. Adjusted in accordance with Hanks et al., Id.

20 A pTK of the invention may contain all thirteen of these highly conserved residues and sequences. As a result of natural or synthetic mutations, the pTKs of the invention may contain fewer than all thirteen strongly conserved residues and sequences, such as 11, 9, or 7 such sequences.

25 The receptors of the invention generally belong to the same class of pTK sequences that c-kit belongs to. It has surprisingly been discovered, however, that a new functional class of receptor pTKs exists. The new functional class of receptor pTKs is expressed in primitive hematopoietic cells, but not expressed in mature
 30 hematopoietic cells.

For the purpose of this specification, a primitive hematopoietic cell is totipotent, i.e. capable of reconstituting all hematopoietic blood cells in vivo. A mature hematopoietic
 35 cell is non-self-renewing, and has limited proliferative capacity - i.e., a limited ability to give rise to multiple lineages. Mature hematopoietic cells, for the purposes of this specification, are generally capable of giving rise to only one or two lineages in vitro or in vivo.

It should be understood that the hematopoietic system is complex, and contains many intermediate cells between the primitive totipotent hematopoietic stem cell and the totally committed mature hematopoietic cells defined above. As the stem cell develops into increasingly mature, lineage-restricted cells, it gradually loses its capacity for self-renewal.

The receptors of the present invention may and may not be expressed in these intermediate cells. The necessary and sufficient condition that defines members of the new class of receptors is that they are present in the primitive, totipotent stem cell or cells, and not in mature cells restricted only to one or, at most, two lineages.

An example of a member of the new class of receptor pTKs is called fetal liver kinase 2 (Flk2) after the organ in which it was found. There is approximately 1 totipotent stem cell per 10^4 cells in mid-gestation (day 14) fetal liver in mice. In addition to fetal liver, Flk2 is also expressed in fetal spleen, fetal thymus, adult brain, and adult marrow.

For example, Flk2 is expressed in individual multipotential CFU-Blast colonies capable of generating numerous multilineage colonies upon replating. It is likely, therefore, that Flk2 is expressed in the entire primitive (i.e. self-renewing) portion of the hematopoietic hierarchy. This discovery is consistent with Flk2 being important in transducing putative self-renewal signals from the environment.

It is particularly relevant that the expression of Flk2 mRNA occurs in the most primitive thymocyte subset. Even in two closely linked immature subsets that differ in expression of the IL-2 receptor, Flk2 expression segregates to the more primitive subset lacking an IL-2 receptor. The earliest thymocyte subset is believed to be uncommitted. Therefore, the thymocytes

expressing Flk2 may be multipotential. Flk2 is the first receptor tyrosine kinase known to be expressed in the T-lymphoid lineage.

5 The fetal liver mRNA migrates relative to 28S and 18S ribosomal bands on formaldehyde agarose gels at approximately 3.5 kb, while the brain message is considerably larger. In adult tissues, Flk2 m-RNA from both brain and bone marrow migrated at approximately 3.5 kb.

10

 A second pTK receptor is also included in the present invention. This second receptor, which is called fetal liver kinase 1 (Flk1), is not a member of the same class of receptors as Flk2, since Flk1 may be found in some more mature hematopoietic cells. The amino acid sequence of murine Flk1 is given in Figure 2. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 5-6)

15

 The present invention includes the Flk1 receptor as well as DNA, cDNA and RNA encoding Flk1. The DNA sequence of murine Flk1 is also given in Figure 2. (See SEQ. ID. NO. 5) Flk1 may be found in the same organs as Flk2, as well as in fetal brain, stomach, kidney, lung, heart and intestine; and in adult kidney, heart, spleen, lung, muscle, and lymph nodes.

20

25 The receptor protein tyrosine kinases of the invention are known to be divided into easily found domains. The DNA sequence corresponding to the pTKs encode, starting at their 5'-ends, a hydrophobic leader sequence followed by a hydrophilic extracellular domain, which binds to, and is activated by, a specific ligand. Immediately downstream from the extracellular receptor domain, is a hydrophobic transmembrane region. The transmembrane region is immediately followed by a basic catalytic domain, which may easily be identified by reference to the Hanks et al. and Wilks articles discussed above.

30

35

The following table shows the nucleic acid and amino acid numbers that correspond to the signal peptide, the extracellular domain, the transmembrane region and the intracellular domain for murine Flk1 (mFlk1), murine Flk2 (mFlk2) and human Flk2 (hFlk2).

5

mFlk1

| | <u>Signal Peptide</u> | <u>Extracellular</u> | <u>Transmembrane</u> | <u>Intracellular</u> |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| aa # | -19 to -1 | 1 to 743 | 744 to 765 | 766 to 1348 |
| aa code | M A | A E | V V | R A |
| na # | 208-264 | 265-2493 | 2494-2559 | 2560-4308 |

10

mFlk2

| | <u>Signal Peptide</u> | <u>Extracellular</u> | <u>Transmembrane</u> | <u>Intracellular</u> |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| aa # | -27 to -1 | 1 to 517 | 518 to 537 | 538 to 966 |
| aa code | M T | N S | F C | H S |
| na # | 31-111 | 112-1662 | 1663-1722 | 1723-3006 |

15

hFlk2

| | <u>Signal Peptide</u> | <u>Extracellular</u> | <u>Transmembrane</u> | <u>Intracellular</u> |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| aa # | -27 to -1 | 1 to 516 | 517 to 536 | 537 to 966 |
| aa code | M N | Q F | Y C | H S |
| na # | 58-138 | 139-1689 | 1690-1746 | 1747-3036 |

20

The present invention includes the extracellular receptor domain lacking the transmembrane region and catalytic domain. Preferably, the hydrophobic leader sequence is also removed from the extracellular domain. In the case of human and murine Flk2, the hydrophobic leader sequence includes amino acids -27 to -1. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 2 and 4)

25

30

These regions and domains may easily be visually identified by those having ordinary skill in the art by reviewing the amino acid sequence in a suspected pTK and comparing it to known pTKs. For example, referring to Figure 1a, the transmembrane region of Flk2, which separates the extracellular receptor domain from the

35

catalytic domain, is encoded by nucleotides 1663 (T) to 1722 (C). These nucleotides correspond to amino acid residues 545 (Phe) to 564 (Cys). (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 1-2) The amino acid sequence between the transmembrane region and the catalytic sub-domain (amino acids 618-623) identified by Hanks et al. as sub-domain I (i.e., GXGXXG) is characteristic of receptor protein tyrosine kinases.

The extracellular domain may also be identified through commonly recognized criteria of extracellular amino acid sequences. The determination of appropriate criteria is known to those skilled in the art, and has been described, for example, by Hopp et al, Proc. Nat'l Acad. Sci. USA 78, 3824-3828 (1981); Kyte et al, J. Mol. Biol. 157, 105-132 (1982); Emini, J. Virol. 55, 836-839 (1985); Jameson et al, CA BIOS 4, 181-186 (1988); and Karplus et al, Naturwissenschaften 72, 212-213 (1985). Amino acid domains predicted by these criteria to be surface exposed characteristic of extracellular domains.

As will be discussed in more detail below, the nucleic acid molecules that encode the receptors of the invention may be inserted into known vectors for use in standard recombinant DNA techniques. Standard recombinant DNA techniques are those such as are described in Sambrook et al., "Molecular Cloning," Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1987) and by Ausubel et al., Eds, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," Green Publishing Associates and Wiley-Interscience, New York (1987). The vectors may be circular (i.e. plasmids) or non-circular. Standard vectors are available for cloning and expression in a host. The host may be prokaryotic or eucaryotic. Prokaryotic hosts are preferably E. coli. Preferred eucaryotic hosts include yeast, insect and mammalian cells. Preferred mammalian cells include, for example, CHO, COS and human cells.

Ligands

The invention also includes ligands that bind to the receptor pTKs of the invention. In addition to binding, the
5 ligands stimulate the proliferation of additional primitive stem cells, differentiation into more mature progenitor cells, or both.

The ligand may be a growth factor that occurs naturally in a
10 mammal, preferably the same mammal that produces the corresponding receptor. The growth factor may be isolated and purified, or be present on the surface of an isolated population of cells, such as stromal cells. A partial amino acid sequence of a Flk2 ligand is AQSLSFXTKFDLD, wherein X is any amino acid.
15 (See SEQ. ID. NO. 11)

The ligand may also be a molecule that does not occur naturally in a mammal. For example, antibodies, preferably
20 monoclonal, raised against the receptors of the invention or against anti-ligand antibodies mimic the shape of, and act as, ligands if they constitute the negative image of the receptor or anti-ligand antibody binding site. The ligand may also be a non-protein molecule that acts as a ligand when it binds to, or
25 otherwise comes into contact with, the receptor.

In another embodiment, nucleic acid molecules encoding the ligands of the invention are provided. The nucleic acid molecule may be RNA, DNA or cDNA.

30 Stimulating Proliferation of Stem Cells

The invention also includes a method of stimulating the proliferation and/or differentiation of primitive mammalian hematopoietic stem cells as defined above. The method comprises
35 contacting the stem cells with a ligand in accordance with the

present invention. The stimulation of proliferation and/or differentiation may occur in vitro or in vivo.

5 The ability of a ligand according to the invention to stimulate proliferation of stem cells in vitro and in vivo has important therapeutic applications. Such applications include treating mammals, including humans, whose primitive stem cells do not sufficiently undergo self-renewal. Example of such medical problems include those that occur when defects in hematopoietic stem cells or their related growth factors depress the number of white blood cells. Examples of such medical problems include anemia, such as macrocytic and aplastic anemia. Bone marrow damage resulting from cancer chemotherapy and radiation is another example of a medical problem that would be helped by the stem cell factors of the invention.

Functional Equivalents

20 The invention includes functional equivalents of the pTK receptors, receptor domains, and ligands described above as well as of the nucleic acid sequences encoding them. A protein is considered a functional equivalent of another protein for a specific function if the equivalent protein is immunologically cross-reactive with, and has the same function as, the receptors and ligands of the invention. The equivalent may, for example, be a fragment of the protein, or a substitution, addition or deletion mutant of the protein.

30 For example, it is possible to substitute amino acids in a sequence with equivalent amino acids. Groups of amino acids known normally to be equivalent are:

- 35 (a)Ala(A) Ser(S) Thr(T) Pro(P) Gly(G);
(b)Asn(N) Asp(D) Glu(E) Gln(Q);
(c)His(H) Arg(R) Lys(K);

(d)Met(M) Leu(L) Ile(I) Val(V); and
(e)Phe(F) Tyr(Y) Trp(W).

5 Substitutions, additions and/or deletions in the receptors
and ligands may be made as long as the resulting equivalent
receptors and ligands are immunologically cross reactive with,
and have the same function as, the native receptors and ligands.

10 The equivalent receptors and ligands will normally have
substantially the same amino acid sequence as the native
receptors and ligands. An amino acid sequence that is
substantially the same as another sequence, but that differs from
the other sequence by means of one or more substitutions,
additions and/or deletions is considered to be an equivalent
15 sequence. Preferably, less than 25%, more preferably less than
10%, and most preferably less than 5% of the number of amino acid
residues in the amino acid sequence of the native receptors and
ligands are substituted for, added to, or deleted from.

20 Equivalent nucleic acid molecules include nucleic acid
sequences that encode equivalent receptors and ligands as defined
above. Equivalent nucleic acid molecules also include nucleic
acid sequences that differ from native nucleic acid sequences in
ways that do not affect the corresponding amino acid sequences.

25

ISOLATION OF NUCLEIC ACID MOLECULES AND PROTEINS

Isolation of Nucleic Acid Molecules Encoding Receptors

30 In order to produce nucleic acid molecules encoding
mammalian stem cell receptors, a source of stem cells is
provided. Suitable sources include fetal liver, spleen, or
thymus cells or adult marrow or brain cells.

35 For example, suitable mouse fetal liver cells may be

obtained at day 14 of gestation. Mouse fetal thymus cells may be obtained at day 14-18, preferably day 15, of gestation. Suitable fetal cells of other mammals are obtained at gestation times corresponding to those of mouse.

5

Total RNA is prepared by standard procedures from stem cell receptor-containing tissue. The total RNA is used to direct cDNA synthesis. Standard methods for isolating RNA and synthesizing cDNA are provided in standard manuals of molecular biology such as, for example, in Sambrook et al., "Molecular Cloning," Second Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1987) and in Ausubel et al., (Eds), "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology," Greene Associates/Wiley Interscience, New York (1990).

10

The cDNA of the receptors is amplified by known methods. For example, the cDNA may be used as a template for amplification by polymerase chain reaction (PCR); see Saiki et al., Science, 239, 487 (1988) or Mullis et al., U.S. patent 4,683,195. The sequences of the oligonucleotide primers for the PCR amplification are derived from the sequences of known receptors, such as from the sequences given in Figures 1a and 1b for Flk2 and in Figure 2 for Flk1, preferably from Flk2. (See SEQ. ID. NOS. 1, 3 and 5, respectively) The oligonucleotides are synthesized by methods known in the art. Suitable methods include those described by Caruthers in Science 230, 281-285 (1985).

15

20

25

30

35

In order to isolate the entire protein-coding regions for the receptors of the invention, the upstream oligonucleotide is complementary to the sequence at the 5' end, preferably encompassing the ATG start codon and at least 5-10 nucleotides upstream of the start codon. The downstream oligonucleotide is complementary to the sequence at the 3' end, optionally encompassing the stop codon. A mixture of upstream and downstream oligonucleotides are used in the PCR amplification.

The conditions are optimized for each particular primer pair according to standard procedures. The PCR product is analyzed by electrophoresis for the correct size cDNA corresponding to the sequence between the primers.

5

Alternatively, the coding region may be amplified in two or more overlapping fragments. The overlapping fragments are designed to include a restriction site permitting the assembly of the intact cDNA from the fragments.

10

The amplified DNA encoding the receptors of the invention may be replicated in a wide variety of cloning vectors in a wide variety of host cells. The host cell may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. The DNA may be obtained from natural sources and, optionally, modified, or may be synthesized in whole or in part.

15

The vector into which the DNA is spliced may comprise segments of chromosomal, non-chromosomal and synthetic DNA sequences. Some suitable prokaryotic cloning vectors include plasmids from E. coli, such as colE1, pCR1, pBR322, pMB9, pUC, pKSM, and RP4. Prokaryotic vectors also include derivatives of phage DNA such as M13 and other filamentous single-stranded DNA phages.

20

25 Isolation of Receptors

DNA encoding the receptors of the invention are inserted into a suitable vector and expressed in a suitable prokaryotic or eucaryotic host. Vectors for expressing proteins in bacteria, especially E.coli, are known. Such vectors include the PATH vectors described by Dieckmann and Tzagoloff in J. Biol. Chem. 260, 1513-1520 (1985). These vectors contain DNA sequences that encode anthranilate synthetase (TrpE) followed by a polylinker at the carboxy terminus. Other expression vector systems are based on beta-galactosidase (pEX); lambda P_L; maltose binding protein

30

35

(pMAL); and glutathione S-transferase (pGST) - see Gene 67, 31 (1988) and Peptide Research 3, 167 (1990).

5 Vectors useful in yeast are available. A suitable example is the 2 μ plasmid.

Suitable vectors for use in mammalian cells are also known. Such vectors include well-known derivatives of SV-40, adenovirus, retrovirus-derived DNA sequences and shuttle vectors derived from
10 combination of functional mammalian vectors, such as those described above, and functional plasmids and phage DNA.

Further eukaryotic expression vectors are known in the art (e.g., P.J. Southern and P. Berg, J. Mol. Appl. Genet. 1, 327-341
15 (1982); S. Subramani et al, Mol. Cell. Biol. 1, 854-864 (1981); R.J. Kaufmann and P.A. Sharp, "Amplification And Expression Of Sequences Cotransfected with A Modular Dihydrofolate Reductase Complementary DNA Gene," J. Mol. Biol. 159, 601-621 (1982); R.J. Kaufmann and P.A. Sharp, Mol. Cell. Biol. 159, 601-664 (1982);
20 S.I. Scahill et al, "Expression And Characterization Of The Product Of A Human Immune Interferon DNA Gene In Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells," Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80, 4654-4659 (1983); G. Urlaub and L.A. Chasin, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77, 4216-4220, (1980).

25

The expression vectors useful in the present invention contain at least one expression control sequence that is operatively linked to the DNA sequence or fragment to be expressed. The control sequence is inserted in the vector in
30 order to control and to regulate the expression of the cloned DNA sequence. Examples of useful expression control sequences are the lac system, the trp system, the tac system, the trc system, major operator and promoter regions of phage lambda, the control region of fd coat protein, the glycolytic promoters of yeast,
35 e.g., the promoter for 3-phosphoglycerate kinase, the promoters

of yeast acid phosphatase, e.g., Pho5, the promoters of the yeast
alpha-mating factors, and promoters derived from polyoma,
adenovirus, retrovirus, and simian virus, e.g., the early and
late promoters or SV40, and other sequences known to control the
5 expression of genes of prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells and their
viruses or combinations thereof.

Vectors containing the receptor-encoding DNA and control
signals are inserted into a host cell for expression of the
10 receptor. Some useful expression host cells include well-known
prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. Some suitable prokaryotic
hosts include, for example, E. coli, such as E. coli SG-936, E.
coli HB 101, E. coli W3110, E. coli X1776, E. coli X2282, E. coli
DHI, and E. coli MRC1, Pseudomonas, Bacillus, such as Bacillus
15 subtilis, and Streptomyces. Suitable eukaryotic cells include
yeast and other fungi, insect, animal cells, such as COS cells
and CHO cells, human cells and plant cells in tissue culture.

The human homologs of the mouse receptors described above
20 are isolated by a similar strategy. RNA encoding the receptors
are obtained from a source of human cells enriched for primitive
stem cells. Suitable human cells include fetal spleen, thymus
and liver cells, and umbilical cord blood as well as adult brain
and bone marrow cells. The human fetal cells are preferably
25 obtained on the day of gestation corresponding to mid-gestation
in mice. The amino acid sequences of the human flk receptors as
well as of the nucleic acid sequences encoding them are
homologous to the amino acid and nucleotide sequences of the
mouse receptors.

30

In the present specification, the sequence of a first
protein, such as a receptor or a ligand, or of a nucleic acid
molecule that encodes the protein, is considered homologous to a
second protein or nucleic acid molecule if the amino acid or
35 nucleotide sequence of the first protein or nucleic acid molecule

is at least about 30% homologous, preferably at least about 50% homologous, and more preferably at least about 65% homologous to the respective sequences of the second protein or nucleic acid molecule. In the case of proteins having high homology, the amino acid or nucleotide sequence of the first protein or nucleic acid molecule is at least about 75% homologous, preferably at least about 85% homologous, and more preferably at least about 95% homologous to the amino acid or nucleotide sequence of the second protein or nucleic acid molecule.

Combinations of mouse oligonucleotide pairs are used as PCR primers to amplify the human homologs from the cells to account for sequence divergence. The remainder of the procedure for obtaining the human flk homologs are similar to those described above for obtaining mouse flk receptors. The less than perfect homology between the human flk homologs and the mouse oligonucleotides is taken into account in determining the stringency of the hybridization conditions.

Assay for expression of Receptors on Stem Cells

In order to demonstrate the expression of flk receptors on the surface of primitive hematopoietic stem cells, antibodies that recognize the receptor are raised. The receptor may be the entire protein as it exists in nature, or an antigenic fragment of the whole protein. Preferably, the fragment comprises the predicted extra-cellular portion of the molecule.

Antigenic fragments may be identified by methods known in the art. Fragments containing antigenic sequences may be selected on the basis of generally accepted criteria of potential antigenicity and/or exposure. Such criteria include the hydrophilicity and relative antigenic index, as determined by surface exposure analysis of proteins. The determination of appropriate criteria is known to those skilled in the art, and

has been described, for example, by Hopp et al, Proc. Nat'l Acad. Sci. USA 78, 3824-3828 (1981); Kyte et al, J. Mol. Biol. 157, 105-132 (1982); Emini, J. Virol. 55, 836-839 (1985); Jameson et al, CA BIOS 4, 181-186 (1988); and Karplus et al, Naturwissenschaften 72, 212-213 (1985). Amino acid domains predicted by these criteria to be surface exposed are selected preferentially over domains predicted to be more hydrophobic or hidden.

The proteins and fragments of the receptors to be used as antigens may be prepared by methods known in the art. Such methods include isolating or synthesizing DNA encoding the proteins and fragments, and using the DNA to produce recombinant proteins, as described above.

Fragments of proteins and DNA encoding the fragments may be chemically synthesized by methods known in the art from individual amino acids and nucleotides. Suitable methods for synthesizing protein fragments are described by Stuart and Young in "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis," Second Edition, Pierce Chemical Company (1984). Suitable methods for synthesizing DNA fragments are described by Caruthers in Science 230, 281-285 (1985).

If the receptor fragment defines the epitope, but is too short to be antigenic, it may be conjugated to a carrier molecule in order to produce antibodies. Some suitable carrier molecules include keyhole limpet hemocyanin, Ig sequences, TrpE, and human or bovine serum albumen. Conjugation may be carried out by methods known in the art. One such method is to combine a cysteine residue of the fragment with a cysteine residue on the carrier molecule.

The antibodies are preferably monoclonal. Monoclonal antibodies may be produced by methods known in the art. These

methods include the immunological method described by Kohler and Milstein in Nature 256, 495-497 (1975) and Campbell in "Monoclonal Antibody Technology, The Production and Characterization of Rodent and Human Hybridomas" in Burdon et al., Eds, Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Volume 13, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam (1985); as well as by the recombinant DNA method described by Huse et al in Science 246, 1275-1281 (1989).

Polyclonal or monoclonal antisera shown to be reactive with receptor-encoded native proteins, such as with Flk1 and Flk2 encoded proteins, expressed on the surface of viable cells are used to isolate antibody-positive cells. One method for isolating such cells is flow cytometry; see, for example, Loken et al., European patent application 317,156. The cells obtained are assayed for stem cells by engraftment into radiation-ablated hosts by methods known in the art; see, for example, Jordan et al., Cell 61, 953-963 (1990).

Criteria for Novel Stem Cell Receptor Tyrosine Kinases Expressed in Stem Cells

Additional novel receptor tyrosine kinase cDNAs are obtained by amplifying cDNAs from stem cell populations using oligonucleotides as PCR primers; see above. Examples of suitable oligonucleotides are PTK1 and PTK2, which were described by Wilks et al. in Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1603-1607 (1989). Novel cDNA is selected on the basis of differential hybridization screening with probes representing known kinases. The cDNA clones hybridizing only at low stringency are selected and sequenced. The presence of the amino acid triplet DFG confirms that the sequence represents a kinase. The diagnostic methionine residue in the WMAPES motif is indicative of a receptor-like kinase, as described above. Potentially novel sequences obtained are compared to available sequences using databases such as

Genbank in order to confirm uniqueness. Gene-specific oligonucleotides are prepared as described above based on the sequence obtained. The oligonucleotides are used to analyze stem cell enriched and depleted populations for expression. Such cell populations in mice are described, for example, by Jordan et al. in Cell 61, 953-956 (1990); Ikuta et al. in Cell 62, 863-864 (1990); Spangrude et al. in Science 241, 58-62 (1988); and Szilvassy et al. in Blood 74, 930-939 (1989). Examples of such human cell populations are described as CD33⁺CD34⁺ by Andrews et al. in the Journal of Experimental Medicine 169, 1721-1731 (1989). Other human stem cell populations are described, for example, in Civin et al., European Patent Application 395,355 and in Loken et al., European Patent Application 317,156.

15

Isolating Ligands and Nucleic Acid Molecules Encoding Ligands

Cells that may be used for obtaining ligands include stromal cells, for example stromal cells from fetal liver, fetal spleen, fetal thymus and fetal or adult bone marrow. Cell lines expressing ligands are established and screened.

For example, cells such as stromal (non-hematopoietic) cells from fetal liver are immortalized by known methods. Examples of known methods of immortalizing cells include transduction with a temperature sensitive SV40 T-antigen expressed in a retroviral vector. Infection of fetal liver cells with this virus permits the rapid and efficient establishment of multiple independent cell lines. These lines are screened for ligand activity by methods known in the art, such as those outlined below.

Ligands for the receptors of the invention, such as Flk1 and Flk2, may be obtained from the cells in several ways. For example, a bioassay system for ligand activity employs chimeric tagged receptors; see, for example, Flanagan et al., Cell 63,

185-194 (1990). One strategy measures ligand binding directly via a histochemical assay. Fusion proteins comprising the extracellular receptor domains and secretable alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) are constructed and transfected into suitable cells such as NIH/3T3 or COS cells. Flanagan et al. refer to such DNA or amino acid constructs as APTag followed by the name of the receptor - i.e. APTag-c-kit. The fusion proteins bind with high affinity to cells expressing surface-bound ligand. Binding is detectable by the enzymatic activity of the alkaline phosphatase secreted into the medium. The bound cells, which are often stromal cells, are isolated from the APTag-receptor complex.

For example, some stromal cells that bind APTag-Flk1 and APTag-Flk2 fusion proteins include mouse fetal liver cells (see example 1); human fetal spleen cells (see example 3); and human fetal liver (example 3). Some stromal fetal thymus cells contain Flk1 ligand (example 3).

To clone the cDNA that encodes the ligand, a cDNA library is constructed from the isolated stromal cells in a suitable expression vector, preferably a phage such as CDM8, pSV Sport (BRL Gibco) or piH3, (Seed et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84, 3365-3369 (1987)). The library is transfected into suitable host cells, such as COS cells. Cells containing ligands on their surface are detected by known methods, see above.

In one such method, transfected COS cells are distributed into single cell suspensions and incubated with the secreted alkaline phosphatase-flk receptor fusion protein, which is present in the medium from NIH/3T3 or COS cells prepared by the method described by Flanagan et al., see above. Alkaline phosphatase-receptor fusion proteins that are not bound to the cells are removed by centrifugation, and the cells are panned on plates coated with antibodies to alkaline phosphatase. Bound

cells are isolated following several washes with a suitable wash reagent, such as 5% fetal bovine serum in PBS, and the DNA is extracted from the cells. Additional details of the panning method described above may be found in an article by Seed et al.,
5 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84, 3365-3369 (1987).

In a second strategy, the putative extracellular ligand binding domains of the receptors are fused to the transmembrane and kinase domains of the human c-fms tyrosine kinase and
10 introduced into 3T3 fibroblasts. The human c-fms kinase is necessary and sufficient to transduce proliferative signals in these cells after appropriate activation i.e. with the Flk1 or Flk2 ligand. The 3T3 cells expressing the chimeras are used to screen putative sources of ligand in a cell proliferation assay.
15

An alternate approach for isolating ligands using the fusion receptor-expressing 3T3 cells and insertional activation is also possible. A retrovirus is introduced into random chromosomal positions in a large population of these cells. In a small
20 fraction, the retrovirus is inserted in the vicinity of the ligand-encoding gene, thereby activating it. These cells proliferate due to autocrine stimulation of the receptor. The ligand gene is "tagged" by the retrovirus, thus facilitating its isolation.
25

Examples

Example 1. Cells containing mouse Flk1 and Flk2 ligands. Murine stromal cell line 2018.
30

In order to establish stromal cell lines, fetal liver cells are disaggregated with collagen and grown in a mixture of
35 Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) and 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum at 37°C. The cells are immortalized

by standard methods. A suitable method involves introducing DNA encoding a growth regulating- or oncogene-encoding sequence into the target host cell. The DNA may be introduced by means of transduction in a recombinant viral particle or transfection in a plasmid. See, for example, Hammerschmidt et al., Nature 340, 393-397 (1989) and Abcouwer et al, Biotechnology 7, 939-946 (1989). Retroviruses are the preferred viral vectors, although SV40 and Epstein-Barr virus can also serve as donors of the growth-enhancing sequences. A suitable retrovirus is the ecotropic retrovirus containing a temperature sensitive SV40 T-antigen (tsA58) and a G418 resistance gene described by McKay in Cell 66, 713-729 (1991). After several days at 37°C, the temperature of the medium is lowered to 32°C. Cells are selected with G418 (0.5 mg/ml). The selected cells are expanded and maintained.

A mouse stromal cell line produced by this procedure is called 2018 and was deposited on October 30, 1991 in the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland, USA (ATCC); accession number CRL 10907.

Example 2. Cells containing human Flk1 and Flk2 ligands.

Human fetal liver (18, 20, and 33 weeks after abortion), spleen (18 weeks after abortion), or thymus (20 weeks after abortion) is removed at the time of abortion and stored on ice in a balanced salt solution. After mincing into 1 mm fragments and forcing through a wire mesh, the tissue is washed one time in Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS).

The disrupted tissue is centrifuged at 200 xg for 15 minutes at room temperature. The resulting pellet is resuspended in 10-20 ml of a tissue culture grade trypsin-EDTA solution (Flow Laboratories). The resuspended tissue is transferred to a

sterile flask and stirred with a stirring bar at room temperature for 10 minutes. One ml of heat-inactivated fetal bovine calf serum (Hyclone) is added to a final concentration of 10% in order to inhibit trypsin activity. Collagenase type IV (Sigma) is added from a stock solution (10 mg/ml in HBSS) to a final concentration of 100 ug/ml in order to disrupt the stromal cells. The tissue is stirred at room temperature for an additional 2.5 hours; collected by centrifugation (400xg, 15 minutes); and resuspended in "stromal medium," which contains Iscove's modification of DMEM supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum, 5% heat-inactivated human serum (Sigma), 4 mM L-glutamine, 1x sodium pyruvate, (stock of 100x Sigma), 1x non-essential amino acids (stock of 100x, Flow), and a mixture of antibiotics kanomycin, neomycin, penicillin, streptomycin. Prior to resuspending the pellet in the stromal medium, the pellet is washed one time with HBSS. It is convenient to suspend the cells in 60 ml of medium. The number of cultures depends on the amount of tissue.

Example 3. Isolating Stromal cells

Resuspended Cells (example 2) that are incubated at 37°C with 5% carbon dioxide begin to adhere to the plastic plate within 10-48 hours. Confluent monolayers may be observed within 7-10 days, depending upon the number of cells plated in the initial inoculum. Non-adherent and highly refractile cells adhering to the stromal cell layer as colonies are separately removed by pipetting and frozen. Non-adherent cells are likely sources of populations of self-renewing stem cells containing Flk2. The adherent stromal cell layers are frozen in aliquots for future studies or expanded for growth in culture.

An unexpectedly high level of APTag-Flk2 fusion protein binding to the fetal spleen cells is observed. Two fetal spleen lines are grown in "stromal medium," which is described in

example 2.

Non-adherent fetal stem cells attach to the stromal cells and form colonies (colony forming unit - CFU). Stromal cells and CFU are isolated by means of sterile glass cylinders and expanded in culture. A clone, called Fsp 62891, contains the Flk2 ligand. Fsp 62891 was deposited in the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland, U.S.A on November 21, 1991, accession number CRL 10935.

Fetal liver and fetal thymus cells are prepared in a similar way. Both of these cell types produce ligands of Flk1 and, in the case of liver, some Flk2. One such fetal thymus cell line, called F.thy 62891, and one such fetal liver cell line, called FL 62891, were deposited in the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland, U.S.A on November 21, 1991 and April 2, 1992, respectively, accession numbers CRL 10936 and CRL 11005, respectively.

Stable human cell lines are prepared from fetal cells with the same temperature sensitive immortalizing virus used to prepare the murine cell line described in example 1.

Example 4. Isolation of human stromal cell clone

Highly refractile cells overgrow patches of stromal cells, presumably because the stromal cells produce factors that allow the formation of the CFU. To isolate stromal cell clones, sterile glass cylinders coated with vacuum grease are positioned over the CFU. A trypsin-EDTA solution (100 ml) is added in order to detach the cells. The cells are added to 5 ml of stromal medium and each (clone) plated in a single well of 6-well plate.

Example 5. Plasmid (AP-tag) for expressing secretable alkaline phosphatase (SEAP)

5 Plasmids that express secretable alkaline phosphatase are described by Flanagan and Leder in Cell 63, 185-194 (1990). The plasmids contain a promoter, such as the LTR promoter; a polylinker, including HindIII and BglII; DNA encoding SEAP; a poly-A signal; and ampicillin resistance gene; and replication
10 site.

Example 6. Plasmid for expressing APtag-Flk2 and APtag-Flk1 fusion proteins

15 Plasmids that express fusion proteins of SEAP and the extracellular portion of either Flk1 or Flk2 are prepared in accordance with the protocols of Flanagan and Leader in Cell 63, 185-194 (1990) and Berger et al., Gene 66, 1-10 (1988). Briefly,
20 a HindIII-Bam HI fragment containing the extracellular portion of Flk1 or Flk2 is prepared and inserted into the HindIII-BglII site of the plasmid described in example 5.

Example 7. Production Of APtag-Flk1 Or -Flk2 Fusion Protein

25 The plasmids from Example 6 are transfected into Cos-7 cells by DEAE-dextran (as described in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Unit 16.13, "Transient Expression of Proteins Using Cos Cells," 1991); and cotransfected with a selectable marker, such
30 as pSV7neo, into NIH/3T3 cells by calcium precipitation. The NIH/3T3 cells are selected with 600µg/ml G418 in 100 mm plates. Over 300 clones are screened for secretion of placental alkaline phosphatase activity. The assay is performed by heating a
35 portion of the supernatant at 65°C for 10 minutes to inactivate background phosphatase activity, and measuring the OD₄₀₅ after incubating with 1M diethanolamine (pH 9.8), 0.5 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM L-homoarginine (a phosphatase inhibitor), 0.5 mg/ml BSA, and 12

mM p-nitrophenyl phosphate. Human placental alkaline phosphatase is used to perform a standard curve. The APtag-Flk1 clones (F-1AP21-4) produce up to 10 µg alkaline phosphatase activity/ml and the APtag-Flk2 clones (F-2AP26-0) produce up to 0.5 µg alkaline phosphatase activity/ml.

Example 8. Assay For APtag-Flk1 Or APtag-Flk2 Binding To Cells

The binding of APtag-Flk1 or APtag-Flk2 to cells containing the appropriate ligand is assayed by standard methods. See, for example, Flanagan and Leder, Cell 63:185-194, 1990). Cells (i.e., mouse stromal cells, human fetal liver, spleen or thymus, or various control cells) are grown to confluency in six-well plates and washed with HBHA (Hank's balanced salt solution with 0.5 mg/ml BSA, 0.02% NaN₃, 20 mM HEPES, pH 7.0). Supernatants from transfected COS or NIH/3T3 cells containing either APtag-Flk1 fusion protein, APtag-Flk2 fusion protein, or APtag without a receptor (as a control) are added to the cell monolayers and incubated for two hours at room temperature on a rotating platform. The concentration of the APtag-Flk1 fusion protein, APtag-Flk2 fusion protein, or APtag without a receptor is 60 ng/ml of alkaline phosphatase as determined by the standard alkaline phosphatase curve (see above). The cells are then rinsed seven times with HBHA and lysed in 350 µl of 1% Triton X-100, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0). The lysates are transferred to a microfuge tube, along with a further 150 µl rinse with the same solution. After vortexing vigorously, the samples are centrifuged for five minutes in a microfuge, heated at 65°C for 12 minutes to inactivate cellular phosphatases, and assayed for phosphatase activity as described previously. Results of experiments designed to show the time and dose responses of binding between stromal cells containing the ligands to Flk2 and Flk1 (2018) and APtag-Flk2, APtag-Flk1 and APtag without receptor (as a control) are shown in Figures 3 and 4, respectively.

Example 8A. Plasmids for expressing Flk1/fms and Flk2/fms fusion proteins

5 Plasmids that express fusion proteins of the extracellular
portion of either Flk1 or Flk2 and the intracellular portion of
c-fms (also known as colony-stimulating factor-1 receptor) are
prepared in a manner similar to that described under Example 6
(Plasmid for expressing APTag-Flk2 and APTag-Flk1 fusion
10 proteins). Briefly, a Hind III - Bam HI fragment containing the
extracellular portion of Flk1 or Flk2 is prepared and inserted
into the Hind III - Bgl II site of a pLH expression vector
containing the intracellular portion of c-fms.

15 8B. Expression of Flk1/fms or Flk2/fms in 3T3 cells

 The plasmids from Example 8A are transfected into NIH/3T3
cells by calcium. The intracellular portion of c-fms is detected
20 by Western blotting.

25 Example 9. Cloning and Expression of cDNA Coding For Mouse
Ligand To Flk1 and Flk2 Receptors

 cDNA expressing mouse ligand for Flk1 and Flk2 is prepared
by known methods. See, for example, Seed, B., and Aruffo, A.
PNAS 84:3365-3369, 1987; Simmons, D. and Seed, B. J. Immunol.
30 141:2797-2800; and D'Andrea, A.D., Lodish, H.F. and Wong, G.G.
Cell 57:277-285, 1989).

 The protocols are listed below in sequence: (a) RNA
isolation; (b) poly A RNA preparation; (c) cDNA synthesis; (d)
35 cDNA size fractionation; (e) propagation of plasmids (vector);
(f) isolation of plasmid DNA; (g) preparation of vector pSV Sport
(BRL Gibco) for cloning; (h) compilation of buffers for the above
steps; (i) Transfection of cDNA encoding Ligands in Cos 7 Cells;

(j) panning procedure; (k) Expression cloning of Flk1 or Flk2 ligand by establishment of an autocrine loop.

9a. Guanidinium thiocyanate/LiCl Protocol for RNA Isolation

5

For each ml of mix desired, 0.5 g guanidine thiocyanate (GuSCN) is dissolved in 0.55 ml of 25% LiCl (stock filtered through 0.45 micron filter). 20 μ l of mercaptoethanol is added. (The resulting solution is not good for more than about a week at room temperature.)

10

15

20

25

30

The 2018 stromal cells are centrifuged, and 1 ml of the solution described above is added to up to 5×10^7 cells. The cells are sheared by means of a polytron until the mixture is non-viscous. For small scale preparations ($<10^8$ cells), the sheared mixture is layered on 1.5 ml of 5.7M CsCl (RNase free; 1.26 g CsCl added to every ml 10 mM EDTA pH8), and overlaid with RNase-free water if needed. The mixture is spun in an SW55 rotor at 50 krpm for 2 hours. For large scale preparations, 25 ml of the mixture is layered on 12 ml CsCl in an SW28 tube, overlaid as above, and spun at 24 krpm for 8 hours. The contents of the tube are aspirated carefully with a sterile pasteur pipet connected to a vacuum flask. Once past the CsCl interface, a band around the tube is scratched with the pipet tip to prevent creeping of the layer on the wall down the tube. The remaining CsCl solution is aspirated. The resulting pellet is taken up in water, but not redissolved. 1/10 volume of sodium acetate and three volumes of ethanol are added to the mixture, and spun. The pellet is resuspended in water at 70°C, if necessary. The concentration of the RNA is adjusted to 1 mg/ml and frozen.

35

It should be noted that small RNA molecules (e.g., 5S) do not come down. For small amounts of cells, the volumes are scaled down, and the mixture is overlaid with GuSCN in RNase-free water on a gradient (precipitation is inefficient when RNA is

dilute).

9b. Poly A⁻ RNA preparation

5 (All buffers mentioned are compiled separately below)

A disposable polypropylene column is prepared by washing with 5M NaOH and then rinsing with RNase-free water. For each milligram of total RNA, approximately 0.3 ml (final packed bed) of oligo dT cellulose is added. The oligo dT cellulose is
10 prepared by resuspending approximately 0.5 ml of dry powder in 1 ml of 0.1M NaOH and transferring it into the column, or by percolating 0.1M NaOH through a previously used column. The column is washed with several column volumes of RNase-free water until the pH is neutral, and rinsed with 2-3 ml of loading
15 buffer. The column bed is transferred to a sterile 15 ml tube using 4-6 ml of loading buffer.

Total RNA from the 2018 cell line is heated to 70°C for 2-3 minutes. LiCl from RNase-free stock is added to the mixture to a
20 final concentration of 0.5M. The mixture is combined with oligo dT cellulose in the 15 ml tube, which is vortexed or agitated for 10 minutes. The mixture is poured into the column, and washed with 3 ml loading buffer, and then with 3 ml of middle wash buffer. The mRNA is eluted directly into an SW55 tube with 1.5
25 ml of 2 mM EDTA and 0.1% SDS, discarding the first two or three drops.

The eluted mRNA is precipitated by adding 1/10 volume of 3M sodium acetate and filling the tube with ethanol. The contents
30 of the tube are mixed, chilled for 30 minutes at -20°C, and spun at 50 krpm at 5°C for 30 minutes. After the ethanol is decanted, and the tube air dried, the mRNA pellet is resuspended in 50-100 µl of RNase-free water. 5 µl of the resuspended mRNA is heated to 70°C in MOPS/EDTA/formaldehyde, and examined on an RNase-free
35 1% agarose gel.

9c. cDNA Synthesis

The protocol used is a variation of the method described by Gubler and Hoffman in Gene 25, 263-270 (1983).

5

1. First Strand. 4 µg of mRNA is added to a microfuge tube, heated to approximately 100°C for 30 seconds, quenched on ice. The volume is adjusted to 70µl with RNase-free water. 20 µl of RT1 buffer, 2 µl of RNase inhibitor (Boehringer 36 u/µl), 1 µl of 5 µg/µl of oligo dT (Collaborative Research), 2.5 µl of 20 mM dXTP's (ultrapure - US Biochemicals), 1 µl of 1M DTT and 4 µl of RT-XL (Life Sciences, 24 u/µl) are added. The mixture is incubated at 42°C for 40 minutes, and inactivated by heating at 70°C for 10 minutes.

15

2. Second Strand. 320 µl of RNase-free water, 80 µl of RT2 buffer, 5 µl of DNA Polymerase I (Boehringer, 5 U/µl), 2 µl RNase H (BRL 2 u/µl) are added to the solution containing the first strand. The solution is incubated at 15°C for one hour and at 22°C for an additional hour. After adding 20 µl of 0.5M EDTA, pH 8.0, the solution is extracted with phenol and precipitated by adding NaCl to 0.5M linear polyacrylamide (carrier) to 20 µg/ml, and filling the tube with EtOH. The tube is spun for 2-3 minutes in a microfuge, vortexed to dislodge precipitated material from the wall of the tube, and respun for one minute.

25

3. Adaptors. Adaptors provide specific restriction sites to facilitate cloning, and are available from BRL Gibco, New England Biolabs, etc. Crude adaptors are resuspended at a concentration of 1 µg/µl. MgSO₄ is added to a final concentration of 10 mM, followed by five volumes of EtOH. The resulting precipitate is rinsed with 70% EtOH and resuspended in TE at a concentration of 1 µg/µl. To kinase, 25 µl of resuspended adaptors is added to 3 µl of 10X kinasing buffer and 20 units of kinase. The mixture is incubated at 37°C overnight. The precipitated cDNA is

30

35

resuspended in 240 μ l of TE (10/1). After adding 30 μ l of 10X low salt buffer, 30 μ l of 10X ligation buffer with 0.1mM ATP, 3 μ l (2.4 μ g) of kinased 12-mer adaptor sequence, 2 μ l (1.6 μ g) of kinased 8-mer adaptor sequence, and 1 μ l of T4 DNA ligase (BioLabs, 400 u/ μ l, or Boehringer, 1 Weiss unit ml), the mixture is incubated at 15°C overnight. The cDNA is extracted with phenol and precipitated as above, except that the extra carrier is omitted, and resuspended in 100 μ l of TE.

10 9d. cDNA Size Fractionation.

A 20% KOAc, 2 mM EDTA, 1 μ g/ml ethidium bromide solution and a 5% KOAc, 2 mM EDTA, 1 μ g/ml ethidium bromide solution are prepared. 2.6 ml of the 20% KOAc solution is added to the back chamber of a small gradient maker. Air bubbles are removed from the tube connecting the two chambers by allowing the 20% solution to flow into the front chamber and forcing the solution to return to the back chamber by tilting the gradient maker. The passage between the chambers is closed, and 2.5 ml of 5% solution is added to the front chamber. Any liquid in the tubing from a previous run is removed by allowing the 5% solution to flow to the end of the tubing, and then to return to its chamber. The apparatus is placed on a stirplate, and, with rapid stirring, the topcock connecting the two chambers and the front stopcock are opened. A polyallomer 5W55 tube is filled from the bottom with the KOAc solution. The gradient is overlaid with 100 μ l of cDNA solution, and spun for three hours at 50k rpm at 22°C. To collect fractions from the gradient, the SW55 tube is pierced close to the bottom of the tube with a butterfly infusion set (with the luer hub clipped off). Three 0.5 ml fractions and then six 0.25 ml fractions are collected in microfuge tubes (approximately 22 and 11 drops, respectively). The fractions are precipitated by adding linear polyacrylamide to 20 μ g/ml and filling the tube to the top with ethanol. The tubes are cooled, spun in a microfuge tube for three minutes, vortexed, and respun

for one minute. The resulting pellets are rinsed with 70% ethanol and respun, taking care not to permit the pellets to dry to completion. Each 0.25 ml fraction is resuspended in 10 μ l of TE, and 1 μ l is run on a 1% agarose minigel. The first three
5 fractions, and the last six which contain no material smaller than 1 kb are pooled.

9e. Propagation of Plasmids

10 SupF plasmids are selected in nonsuppressing bacterial hosts containing a second plasmid, p3, which contains amber mutated ampicillin and tetracycline drug resistance elements. See Seed, Nucleic Acids Res., 11, 2427-2445 (1983). The p3 plasmid is
15 derived from RP1, is 57 kb in length, and is a stably maintained, single copy episome. The ampicillin resistance of this plasmid reverts at a high rate so that amp^r plasmids usually cannot be used in p3-containing strains. Selection for tetracycline
20 resistance alone is almost as good as selection for ampicillin-tetracycline resistance. However, spontaneous appearance of chromosomal suppressor tRNA mutations presents an unavoidable background (frequency about 10^{-9}) in this system. Colonies
arising from spontaneous suppressor mutations are usually larger than colonies arising from plasmid transformation. Suppressor
25 plasmids are selected in Luria broth (LB) medium containing ampicillin at 12.5 μ g/ml and tetracycline at 7.5 μ g/ml. For scaled-up plasmid preparations, M9 Casamino acids medium containing glycerol (0.8%) is employed as a carbon source. The
bacteria are grown to saturation.

30 Alternatively, pSV Sport (BRL, Gaithersburg, Maryland) may be employed to provide SV40 derived sequences for replication, transcription initiation and termination in COS 7 cells, as well as those sequences necessary for replication and ampicillin
resistance in E. coli.

35

9f. Isolation of Vector DNA/Plasmid

One liter of saturated bacterial cells are spun down in J6 bottles at 4.2k rpm for 25 minutes. The cells are resuspended in 40 ml 10 mM EDTA, pH 8. 80 ml 0.2M NaOH and 1% SDS are added, and the mixture is swirled until it is clear and viscous. 40 ml 5M KOAc, pH 4.7 (2.5M KOAc, 2.5M HOAc) is added, and the mixture is shaken semi-vigorously until the lumps are approximately 2-3 mm in size. The bottle is spun at 4.2k rpm for 5 minutes. The supernatant is poured through cheesecloth into a 250 ml bottle, which is then filled with isopropyl alcohol and centrifuged at 4.2k rpm for 5 minutes. The bottle is gently drained and rinsed with 70% ethanol, taking care not to fragment the pellet. After inverting the bottle and removing traces of ethanol, the mixture is resuspended in 3.5 ml Tris base/EDTA (20 mM/10 mM). 3.75 ml of resuspended pellet and 0.75 ml 10 mg/ml ethidium bromide are added to 4.5 g CsCl. VTi80 tubes are filled with solution, and centrifuged for at least 2.5 hours at 80k rpm. Bands are extracted by visible light with 1 ml syringe and 20 gauge or lower needle. The top of the tube is cut off with scissors, and the needle is inserted upwards into the tube at an angle of about 30 degrees with respect to the tube at a position about 3 mm beneath the band, with the bevel of the needle up. After the band is removed, the contents of the tube are poured into bleach. The extracted band is deposited in a 13 ml Sarstedt tube, which is then filled to the top with n-butanol saturated with 1M NaCl extract. If the amount of DNA is large, the extraction procedure may be repeated. After aspirating the butanol into a trap containing 5M NaOH to destroy ethidium, an approximately equal volume of 1M ammonium acetate and approximately two volumes of 95% ethanol are added to the DNA, which is then spun at 10k rpm for 5 minutes. The pellet is rinsed carefully with 70% ethanol, and dried with a swab or lyophilizer.

35

9g. Preparation of Vector for Cloning

20 µg of vector is cut in a 200 µl reaction with 100 units of BstXI (New York Biolabs) at 50°C overnight in a well thermostated, circulating water bath. Potassium acetate solutions (5 and 20%) are prepared in 5W55 tubes as described above. 100 µl of the digested vector is added to each tube and spun for three hours, 50k rpm at 22°C. Under 300 nm UV light, the desired band is observed to migrate 2/3 of the length of the tube. Forward trailing of the band indicates that the gradient is overloaded. The band is removed with a 1 ml syringe fitted with a 20 gauge needle. After adding linear polyacrylamide and precipitating the plasmid by adding three volumes of ethanol, the plasmid is resuspended in 50 µl of TE. Trial ligations are carried out with a constant amount of vector and increasing amounts of cDNA. Large scale ligation are carried out on the basis of these trial ligations. Usually the entire cDNA prep requires 1-2 µg of cut vector.

9h. Buffers

Loading Buffer: .5M LiCl, 10 mM Tris pH 7.5, 1 mM EDTA .1% SDS.

Middle Wash Buffer: .15M LiCl, 10 mM Tris pH 7.5, 1 mM EDTA .1% SDS.

RT1 Buffer: .25M Tris pH 8.8 (8.2 at 42°), .25M KCl, 30 mM MgCl₂.

RT2 Buffer: .1M Tris pH 7.5, 25 mM MgCl₂, .5M KCl, .25 mg/ml BSA, 50 mM dithiothreitol (DTT).

10X Low Salt: 60 mM Tris pH 7.5, 60 mM MgCl₂, 50 mM NaCl, 2.5 mg/ml BSA 70 mM DME

10X Ligation Additions: 1 mM ATP, 20 mM DTT, 1 mg/ml BSA 10 mM spermidine.

10X Kinasing Buffer: .5M Tris pH 7.5, 10 mM ATP, 20 mM DTT, 10 mM spermidine, 1 mg/ml BSA 100 mM MgCl₂

9i. Transfection of cDNA encoding Ligands in Cos 7 Cells

Cos 7 cells are split 1:5 into 100 mm plates in Dulbecco's modified Eagles medium (DME)/10% fetal calf serum (FCS), and allowed to grow overnight. 3 ml Tris/DME (0.039M Tris, pH 7.4 in DME) containing 400 µg/ml DEAE-dextran (Sigma, D-9885) is prepared for each 100 mm plate of Cos 7 cells to be transfected. 10 µg of plasmid DNA preparation per plate is added. The medium is removed from the Cos-7 cells and the DNA/DEAE-dextran mixture is added. The cells are incubated for 4.5 hours. The medium is removed from the cells, and replaced with 3 ml of DME containing 2% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 0.1 mM chloroquine. The cells are incubated for one hour. After removing the chloroquine and replacing with 1.5 ml 20% glycerol in PBS, the cells are allowed to stand at room temperature for one minute. 3 ml Tris/DME is added, and the mixture is aspirated and washed two times with Tris/DME. 10 ml DME/10% FCS is added and the mixture is incubated overnight. The transfected Cos 7 cells are split 1:2 into fresh 100 mm plates with (DME)/10% FCS and allowed to grow.

9j. Panning Procedure for Cos 7 cells Expressing Ligand1) Antibody-coated plates:

25

Bacteriological 100 mm plates are coated for 1.5 hours with rabbit anti-human placental alkaline phosphatase (Dako, California) diluted 1:500 in 10 ml of 50 mM Tris.HCl, pH 9.5. The plates are washed three times with 0.15M NaCl, and incubated with 3 mg BSA/ml PBS overnight. The blocking solution is aspirated, and the plates are utilized immediately or frozen for later use.

35

2) Panning cells:

The medium from transfected Cos 7 cells is aspirated, and 3 ml PBS/0.5 mM EDTA/0.02% sodium azide is added. The plates are incubated at 37°C for thirty minutes in order to detach the cells. The cells are triturated vigorously with a pasteur pipet and collected in a 15 ml centrifuge tube. The plate is washed with a further 2 ml PBS/EDTA/azide solution, which is then added to the centrifuge tube. After centrifuging at 200 xg for five minutes, the cells are resuspended in 3 ml of APTag-Flk1 (F-1AP21-4) or Flk2 (F-2AP26-0) supernatant from transfected NIH/3T3 cells (see Example 7.), and incubated for 1.5 hours on ice. The cells are centrifuged again at 200 xg for five minutes. The supernatant is aspirated, and the cells are resuspended in 3 ml PBS/EDTA/azide solution. The cell suspension is layered carefully on 3 ml PBS/EDTA/azide/2% Ficoll, and centrifuged at 200 xg for four minutes. The supernatant is aspirated, and the cells are resuspended in 0.5 ml PBS/EDTA/azide solution. The cells are added to the antibody-coated plates containing 4 ml PBS/EDTA/azide/5% FBS, and allowed to stand at room temperature one to three hours. Non-adhering cells are removed by washing gently two or three times with 3 ml PBS/5% FBS.

3) Hirt Supernatant:

25

0.4 ml 0.6% SDS and 10 mM EDTA are added to the panned plates, which are allowed to stand 20 minutes. The viscous mixture is added by means of a pipet into a microfuge tube. 0.1 ml 5M NaCl is added to the tube, mixed, and chilled on ice for at least five hours. The tube is spun for four minutes, and the supernatant is removed carefully. The contents of the tube are extracted with phenol once, or, if the first interface is not clean, twice. Ten micrograms of linear polyacrylamide (or other carrier) is added, and the tube is filled to the top with ethanol. The resulting precipitate is resuspended in 0.1 ml

35

water or TE. After adding 3 volumes of EtOH/NaOAc, the cells are reprecipitated and resuspended in 0.1 ml water or TE. The cDNA obtained is transfected into any suitable E. coli host by electroporation. Suitable hosts are described in various catalogs, and include MC1061/p3 or Electromax DH10B Cells of BRL Gibco. The cDNA is extracted by conventional methods.

The above panning procedure is repeated until a pure E. coli clone bearing the cDNA as a unique plasmid recombinant capable of transfecting mammalian cells and yielding a positive panning assay is isolated. Normally, three repetitions are sufficient.

9k. Expression cloning of Flk1 or Flk2 ligand by establishment of an autocrine loop

Cells expressing Flk1/fms or Flk2/fms (Example 10) are transfected with 20-30 µg of a cDNA library from either Flk1 ligand or Flk2 ligand expressing stromal cells, respectively. The cDNA library is prepared as described above (a-h). The cells are co-transfected with 1 µg pLTR neo cDNA. Following transfection the cells are passaged 1:2 and cultured in 800 µg/ml of G418 in Dulbecco's medium (DME) supplemented with 10% CS. Approximately 12 days later the colonies of cells are passaged and plated onto dishes coated with poly -D- lysine (1 mg/ml) and human fibronectin (15 µg/ml). The culture medium is defined serum-free medium which is a mixture (3:1) of DME and Ham's F12 medium. The medium supplements are 8 mM NaHCO₃, 15 mM HEPES pH 7.4, 3 mM histidine, 4 µM MnCl₂, 10 uM ethanolamine, 0.1 µM selenous acid, 2 µM hydrocortisone, 5 µg/ml transferrin, 500 µg/ml bovine serum albumin/linoleic acid complex, and 20 µg/ml insulin (Ref. Zhan, X, et al. Oncogene 1: 369-376, 1987). The cultures are refed the next day and every 3 days until the only cells capable of growing under the defined medium condition remain. The remaining colonies of cells are expanded and tested for the presence of the ligand by assaying for binding of APTag -

Flk1 or APTag - Flk2 to the cells (as described in Example 8). The DNA would be rescued from cells demonstrating the presence of the Flk1 or Flk2 ligand and the sequence.

5 **Example 10. Expression of Ligand cDNA**

 The cDNA is sequenced, and expressed in a suitable host cell, such as a mammalian cell, preferably COS, CHO or NIH/3T3 cells. The presence of the ligand is confirmed by demonstrating
10 binding of the ligand to APTag-Flk2 fusion protein (see above).

Example 11. Chemical Cross Linking of Receptor and Ligand

 Cross linking experiments are performed on intact cells
15 using a modification of the procedure described by Blume-Jensen et al et al., EMBO J., 10, 4121-4128 (1991). Cells are cultured in 100mm tissue culture plates to subconfluence and washed once with PBS-0.1% BSA.

20 To examine chemical cross linking of soluble receptor to membrane-bound ligand, stromal cells from the 2018 stromal cell line are incubated with conditioned media (CM) from transfected 3T3 cells expressing the soluble receptor Flk2-APtag. Cross linking studies of soluble ligand to membrane bound receptor are
25 performed by incubating conditioned media from 2018 cells with transfected 3T3 cells expressing a Flk2-fms fusion construct.

 Binding is carried out for 2 hours either at room temperature with CM containing 0.02% sodium azide to prevent
30 receptor internalization or at 4°C with CM (and buffers) supplemented with sodium vanadate to prevent receptor dephosphorylation. Cells are washed twice with PBS-0.1% BSA and four times with PBS.

35 Cross linking is performed in PBS containing 250 mM

disuccinimidyl suberate (DSS; Pierce) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The reaction is quenched with Tris-HCL pH7.4 to a final concentration of 50 mM.

5 Cells are solubilized in solubilization buffer: 0.5% Triton
- X100, 0.5% deoxycholic acid, 20 mM Tris pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl,
10mM EDTA, 1mM PMFS, 50 mg/ml aprotinin, 2 mg/ml bestatin, 2
mg/ml pepstatin and 10mg/ml leupeptin. Lysed cells are
immediately transferred to 1.5 ml Nalgene tubes and solubilized
10 by rolling end to end for 45 minutes at 4°C. Lysates are then
centrifuged in a microfuge at 14,000g for 10 minutes.
Solubilized cross linked receptor complexes are then retrieved
from lysates by incubating supernatants with 10% (v/v) wheat germ
lectin-Sepharose 6MB beads (Pharmacia) at 4°C for 2 hours or
15 overnight.

Beads are washed once with Tris-buffered saline (TBS) and
resuspended in 2X SDS-polyacrylamide nonreducing sample buffer.
Bound complexes are eluted from the beads by heating at 95°C for
20 5 minutes. Samples are analyzed on 4-12% gradient gels (NOVEX)
under nonreducing and reducing conditions (0.35 M 2-
mercaptoethanol) and then transferred to PVDF membranes for 2
hours using a Novex blotting apparatus. Blots are blocked in
TBS-3% BSA for 1 hour at room temperature followed by incubation
25 with appropriate antibody.

Cross linked Flk2-APtag and Flk2-fms receptors are detected
using rabbit polyclonal antibodies raised against human alkaline
phosphatase and fms protein, respectively. The remainder of the
30 procedure is carried out according to the instructions provided
in the ABC Kit (Pierce). The kit is based on the use of a
biotinylated secondary antibody and avidin-biotinylated
horseradish peroxidase complex for detection.

35

Example 12. Expression and purification of Flag-Flk2.

1. Design of the Flag-Flk2 expression plasmids.

5 A synthetic DNA fragment (Fragment 1) is synthesized using complementary oligonucleotides BP1 and BP2 (see below and SEQ. ID. NOS. 7 and 8). The fragment encoded the following features in the 5' to 3' order: Sal I restriction site, 22 base pair (bp) 5' untranslated region containing an eukaryotic ribosome binding
10 site, an ATG initiation codon, preprotrypsinogen signal sequence, coding region for the FLAG peptide (DYKDDDDKI) and Bgl II restriction site.

15 A cDNA fragment (Fragment 2) encoding Asn 27 to Ser 544 of murine Flk2 is obtained by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) using primers designed to introduce an in frame Bgl II site at the 5' end (oligonucleotide BP5, see below and SEQ. ID. NO. 9) and a termination codon followed by a Not I site at the 3' end (oligonucleotide BP10, see below and SEQ. ID. NO. 10). The
20 template for the PCR reaction is full length Flk2 cDNA (Matthews et al., Cell 65:1143 (1991)). Fragment 2 is extensively digested with Bgl II and Not I restriction enzymes prior to ligation.

25 To assemble the complete Flag-Flk2 gene, Fragments 1 and 2 are ligated in a tripartate ligation into Sal I and Not I digested plasmid pSPORT (Gibco/BRL, Grand Island, NY) to give the plasmid pFlag-Flk2.

30 Preferably, the Flag-Flk2 protein is attached at either end to the Fc portion of an immunoglobulin (Ig). The Ig is preferably attached to the Flk2 portion of the Flag-Flk2 protein. To assemble the construct pFlag-Flk2-Ig, the sequences coding for the CH¹ domain of human immunoglobulin G (IgG¹) are placed downstream of the Flk2 coding region in the plasmid pFlag-Flk2 as
35 per the method described by Zettlemeyss et al., DNA and Cell

Biology 9: 347-352 (1990).

The sequences of oligonucleotides used to construct the Flag-Flk2 gene are given below:

5

Oligonucleotide BP1:

5'-AATTCGTCGACTTTCTGTCACCATGAGTGCACCTTCTGATCCTAGCCCTTGTG
GGAGCTGCTGTTGCTGACTACAAAGATGATGATGACAAGATCTA-3'

10

Oligonucleotide BP2:

5'-AGCTTAGATCTTGTCATCATCATCTTTGTAGTCAGCAACAGCAGCTCCCACA
AGGGCTAGGATCAGAAGTGCACTCATGGTGACAGAAAGTCGACG-3'

Oligonucleotide BP5:

15

5'-TGAGAAGATCTCAAACCAAGACCTGCCTGT-3'

Oligonucleotide BP10:

5'-CCAATGGCGGCCGCTCAGGAGATGTTGTCTTGGA-3'

20

(See SEQ. ID. NOS. 7-10, respectively)

2. Expression of the Flag-Flk2 construct.

25

For transient expression of the Flag-Flk2 construct, the Sal I to Not I fragment from pFlag-Flk2 is subcloned into the plasmid pSVSPORT (Gibco/BRL) to give the plasmid pSVFlag-Flk2. For expression of the Flag-Flk2 protein pSVFlag-Flk2 is transfected into COS monkey cells using the DEAE-dextran method.

30

35

For stable expression in eukaryotic cells, the Sal I-Not I fragment of pFlag-Flk2 is cloned into the EcoRV and Not I sites of the plasmid pCDNA I/Neo (Invitrogen Co., San Diego, CA). The Sal I 3' recessed terminus of pFlag-Flk2 is filled with the Klenow fragment of DNA polymerase I and a mixture of

deoxyribonucleotides to make the site compatible with the EcoRV site of the vector. The resulting construct is introduced into cultured mammalian cells using either the Lipofectin (Gibco/BRL) or the calcium phosphate methods.

5

For expression in insect cells, the SalI to Hind III (from pSPORT polylinker) fragment of pFlag-Flk2 is subcloned into the BamHI-Hind III sites of the baculovirus transfer vector pBlueBac III (Invitrogen). The vector Bam HI site and the insert Sal I site are blunted with Klenow (see above). Production of the recombinant virus and infection of the Sf9 insect cells is performed as per manufacturers directions (Invitrogen).

10

Expression of the Flag-Flk2 protein is detected by Western blotting of SDS-PAGE separated conditioned media (mammalian cells) or cell lysates (insect cells) with the anti-Flag monoclonal antibody (mAb) M1 (International Biotechnology, Inc. [IBI], New Haven, CT).

15

3. Affinity purification of the Flag-Flk2 protein from conditioned media or insect cell lysates is performed using immobilized mAb M1 (IBI) as per manufacturers specifications.

20

3.1 Affinity purification of the Flag-Flk2-Ig¹ protein from conditioned media is performed using immobilized Protein A (Pharmacia LKB, Piscataway, NJ) as per the manufacturers instructions.

25

II. Use of the Flag-Flk2 protein to search for the Flk2 ligand.

30

1. Binding and cross-linking studies to detect membrane-bound ligand:

A. Binding studies.

35

Murine stromal lines (eg. 2018 cells ATCC CRL 10907 (see below), see example 1, supra) considered to be candidates for expression of the Flk2 ligand were deposited at the American Type Culture Collection, ATCC CRL 10907 (see below) and cultured in
5 Dulbecco's modified Eagles medium (DMEM; Gibco/BRL) supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. The cells are grown to confluency in 10 cm plates and washed once with PBS. Conditioned media containing Flag-Flk2 is incubated with the cells at 4°C for 2
10 hrs. The cell monolayers are rinsed extensively to remove the non-bound protein, solubilized and centrifuged to remove insoluble cellular material. Glycoproteins in the lysates are partially purified with wheat germ agglutinin-Sepharose (Pharmacia LKB, Piscataway, NJ), boiled in an SDS sample buffer, separated on SDS-PAGE gels and transferred to nitrocellulose
15 membranes. The membranes are probed with the M1 antibody to detect the presence of cell-associated Flag-Flk2 protein.

B. In a cross-linking study, the above protocol is followed except that prior to solubilization the monolayer are treated
20 with the crosslinker disuccinimidyl suberate (DSS; Pierce, Rockford, IL). The presence of a putative ligand is detected by an upward shift in the apparent molecular weight of the Flag-Flk2 band on Western blots.

C. Purified Flag-Flk2 protein labelled with NaI25I via the Chloramine T method is used to asses the ability of the soluble extracellular domain of the Flk2 receptor to bind transmembrane form of the Flk2 ligand in cultured stromal lines. The labelled protein is added to monolayers of stromal cells on ice for 2 hr
30 in the presence or absence of excess unlabelled protein. Specific binding is calculated by subtracting counts bound in the presence of excess unlabelled protein from the total counts bound.

2. Use of the Flag-Flk2 protein to search for secreted form of
35 the ligand.

A. The Flag-Flk2 protein is used in attempts to identify the Flk2 ligand in conditioned media from stromal cell cultures via modification of the direct N-terminal sequencing method of Pan et al., Bioch. Biophys. Res. Comm. 166:201 (1990). Briefly, the Flag-Flk2 protein N-terminally sequenced by automatic Edman degradation chemistry on an ABI 477A sequencer with on line PTH amino acid analysis. Approximately 15 amino acids are determined. The protein is then immobilized on Nugal PAF silica beads via free NH₄⁺ groups. The immobilized Flag-Flk2 is incubated with conditioned media from putative ligand-producing cells for 30 min at 4°C and washed free off non-bound proteins with phosphate buffered saline adjusted to 2M NaCl. The resulting protein complex is resequenced. For each sequencing cycle, any amino acid not expected at this position in the FLAG-Flk2 protein is considered as possibly originating from a protein complexed to the Flk2 receptor.

B. For conventional affinity chromatography, the Flag-Flk2 protein is immobilized on a stable support such as Sepharose. 35S-methionine labelled-conditioned media from stromal cell lines are passed over the affinity matrix and bound material is analyzed by SDS-PAGE gel electrophoresis and autoradiography.

3. Use of the Flag-Flk2 protein in expression cloning experiments.

A method of expression cloning of integral membrane proteins in COS cells has been described (Aruffo and Seed, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 84:8573 (1987)). A cDNA library is prepared from an appropriate stromal cell line such as 2018 and is transfected into COS cells. Cells transiently expressing the Flk2 ligand are affinity adsorbed onto plastic plates coated with the Flag-Flk2 protein. The cells are lysed, the plasmid DNA is recovered and amplified in a bacterial host. The cycle of transfection into COS cells is repeated until a single cDNA clone encoding the ligand

molecule is isolated.

In a modification of the above technique, pools of transfected COS cells are screened for binding of ¹²⁵I-Flag-Flk2. Positive cells pools are selected and plasmid DNA is recovered and amplified in E. coli. The resulting DNA preparation is used in subsequent rounds of transfection and transient expression until all cells are positive for binding of ¹²⁵I-Flag-Flk2. The cDNA in the final plasmid preparation is then sequenced to determine the sequence of the putative Flk-2 ligand.

Example 13 Isolating the Human Flk2 Ligand from PHA-LCM

13a. Source of the human Flk2 ligand

The Flk2 ligand is isolated from tissue culture medium conditioned by phytohemagglutinin-stimulated human peripheral blood leukocytes (PHA-LCM). The medium is prepared by isolating normal human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (leukocytes) from whole blood by density centrifugation (Ficoll-Hypaque, Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ) and incubating these cells at a concentration of 2×10^6 cells/ml with the lectin phytohemagglutinin (PHA, Gibco Laboratories, Grand Island, NY) in a commercially-prepared, serum-free defined culture medium (AIMV; Gibco Laboratories, Grand Island, NY) for one week. PHA-LCM is harvested by removal of cells and debris by centrifugation.

13b. Isolating the human Flk2 ligand from PHA-LCM

The Flk2 ligand is one of a large number of proteins that are specifically secreted by PHA-activated cells into the medium. Several purification steps using conventional chromatographic techniques are required to isolate the Flk2 ligand. The chromatographic columns used (not listed in specific order) include: Blue Sepharose Fast Flow (Pharmacia Biotech, Inc,

Piscataway, NJ) to remove the medium component albumin, anion exchange (Q-Sepharose Fast Flow, Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ) , cation exchange (S-Sepharose Fast Flow, Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ), gel filtration (Superdex 75, Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ), heparin sepharose (Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ), ConA (Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ), wheat germ agglutinin (Pharmacia Biotech, Inc, Piscataway, NJ), and C4 reverse phase (Vydac, The Separations Group, Hesperia, CA).

Biological assays are used throughout the purification to identify which column fractions contain the Flk2 ligand. The Flk2 ligand specifically stimulates proliferation *in vitro* of cell lines transfected with constructs expressing the full length Flk2 receptor or a chimeric receptor comprising of the the extracellular domain of the Flk2 receptor and the intracellular domain of a different protein tyrosine kinase receptor such as *fms*, the receptor for CSF-1. For example, the Flk2 ligand specifically stimulates proliferation of murine NIH 3T3 fibroblast cell line transfected with constructs expressing the murine or human Flk2 receptor in either full length or chimeric form (see example 8B). The parent untransfected 3T3 cells do not respond to the Flk2 ligand. The format of the Flk2 receptor 3T3 cell assay uses 96 well tissue culture plates (Becton Dickenson, Lincoln Park, NJ), where column fractions or other test samples are serially diluted across the plates in wells containing a mixture of AIMV and Dulbecco's modification of Eagle's medium (DMEM, Gibco Laboratories, Grand Island, NY). Samples are tested for their ability to stimulate proliferation of Flk2 receptor 3T3 cells initially cultured at 3×10^4 cells/well. Survival of Flk2 receptor 3T3 cells is dependent on the presence of the Flk2 ligand. Viable Flk2 receptor 3T3 cells are quantitated after three to five days in culture either visually or spectrophotometrically (Molecular Devices Corporation, Menlo Park, CA) using a tetraformazan salt (XTT,

Diagnostic Chemicals Ltd, Oxford, CT) that when cleaved by actively respiring cells forms diformazan salt which absorbs light at a wavelength (450 nm) that is different from the starting compound (560 nm). Relative (units/ml) and specific (units/mg) activities are defined as the reciprocal dilution at which half-maximal stimulation is detected.

13c. Physical properties of the human Flk2 ligand

The human Flk2 ligand isolated from PHA-LCM is a glycosylated protein and has an apparent molecular weight of 18 kDa, as determined by SDS-PAGE analysis run under reducing (β -mercaptoethanol) and non-reducing conditions. Its N-terminal fourteen amino acid sequence is A Q S L S F X F T K F D L D, wherein X is any amino acid. (See SEQ. ID. NO. 11) Its biological activity is inactivated at 100° C but not 60° C in five minutes and the activity is retained after the Flk2 ligand is subjected to a pH of 2.8 at room temperature for two hours.

The 18 kDa Flk2 ligand may act alone, in combination with other cytokines (e.g., interleukin 1, interleukin 3, interleukin 6, interleukin 11 or the kit ligand), or as a component of a complex of proteins that stimulate the Flk2 receptor in transfected 3T3 cell or in primitive hematopoietic progenitors. The complex of proteins may include a soluble or membrane-bound form of the Flk2 receptor.

A radiolabeled form of the Flk2 ligand may be used to detect and to measure the levels of Flk2 receptor, such as the soluble form of the Flk2 receptor, for example, in serum or urine of patients with bone marrow disorders.

13d. Biological activity of the human Flk2 ligand

In addition to acting on Flk2 receptor-expressing 3T3 cells,

the Flk2 ligand specifically stimulates proliferation of cells that naturally express the Flk2 receptor. In assays using either a human myeloid cell line or a subset of primitive hematopoietic progenitors expressing the surface phenotype CD34, the Flk2 ligand promotes proliferation but not differentiation into mature progeny. These observations suggest that the Flk2 ligand alone or in combination with other cytokines (e.g. Interleukin 1, Interleukin 3, Interleukin 6, Interleukin 11, or the kit ligand) may act to preserve or expand primitive hematopoietic progenitors *in vitro* and *in vivo*.

SUPPLEMENTAL ENABLEMENT

The invention as claimed is enabled in accordance with the above specification and readily available references and starting materials. Nevertheless, Applicants have deposited with the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Md., USA (ATCC) the cell lines listed below:

2018, ATCC accession no. CRL 10907, deposited October 30, 1991.

Fsp 62891, ATCC accession no. CRL 10935, deposited November 21, 1991.

F.thy 62891, ATCC accession no. CRL 10936, deposited November 21, 1991.

FL 62891, ATCC accession no. CRL 11005, deposited April 2, 1992.

These deposits were made under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure and the regulations thereunder (Budapest Treaty). This assures

5 maintenance of a viable culture for 30 years from date of deposit. The organisms will be made available by ATCC under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, and subject to an agreement between Applicants and ATCC which assures unrestricted availability upon issuance of the pertinent U.S. patent. Availability of the deposited strains is not to be construed as a license to practice the invention in contravention of the rights granted under the authority of any government in accordance with its patent laws.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: Lemischka, Ihor R.
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: TOTIPOTENT HEMATOPOIETIC STEM CELL
RECEPTORS AND THEIR LIGANDS
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 11
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
(A) ADDRESSEE: ImClone Systems Incorporated
(B) STREET: 180 Varick Street
(C) CITY: New York
(D) STATE: New York
(E) COUNTRY: U.S.A.
(F) ZIP: 10014
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US
(B) FILING DATE: 23-SEP-1993
(C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/679,666
(B) FILING DATE: 02-APR-1991
- (viii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/728,913

(B) FILING DATE: 28-JUN-1991

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/793,065
(B) FILING DATE: 15-NOV-1991

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/813,593
(B) FILING DATE: 24-DEC-1991

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/906,397
(B) FILING DATE: 26-JUN-1992

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/975,049
(B) FILING DATE: 12-NOV-1992

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/977,451
(B) FILING DATE: 19-NOV-1992

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/005,941
(B) FILING DATE: 15-JAN-1993

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/045,272
(B) FILING DATE: 01-APR-1993

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/076022
(B) FILING DATE: 09-JUN-1993

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/080244
(B) FILING DATE: 18-JUN-1993

- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/081508
 (B) FILING DATE: 21-JUN-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/096759
 (B) FILING DATE: 22-JUL-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/125669
 (B) FILING DATE: 23-SEP-1993
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 (A) NAME: Feit, Irving N.
 (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 28,601
 (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: LEM-3-15P
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 (A) TELEPHONE: 212-645-1405
 (B) TELEFAX: 212-645-2054

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 3453 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 112..3006

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 31..111

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 31..3009

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

GCGGCTGGC TACCGCGGC TCCGAGGCC ATG CGG GCG TTG GCG CAG CGC AGC 54
 Met Arg Ala Leu Ala Gln Arg Ser -20
 -27 -25

GAC CGG CTG CTG CTG CTT GTT GTT TCA GTA ATG ATT CTT GAG 102
 ASP Arg Arg Leu Leu Val Val Leu Ser Val Met Ile Leu Glu -5
 -15 -10

ACC GTT ACA AAC CAA GAC CTG CCT GTG ATC AAG TGT GTT TTA ATC AGT 150
 Thr Val Thr Asn Gln Asp Leu Pro Val Ile Lys Cys Val Leu Ile Ser 10
 5

CAT GAG AAC AAT GGC TCA TCA GCG GGA AAG CCA TCA TCG TAC CGA ATG 198
 His Glu Asn Asn Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Lys Pro Ser Ser Tyr Arg Met 15
 20 25

GTG CGA GGA TCC CCA GAA GAC CTC CAG TGT ACC CCG AGG CGC CAG AGT 246
 Val Arg Gly Ser Pro Glu Asp Leu Gln Cys Thr Pro Arg Arg Gln Ser 30
 35 40 45

GAA GGG ACG GTA TAT GAA GCG GCC ACC GTG GAG GTG GCC GAG TCT GGG 294

59

| | |
|---|-----|
| Glu Gly Thr Val Tyr Glu Ala Ala Thr Val Glu Val Ala Glu Ser Gly | |
| 50 | 60 |
| TCC ATC ACC CTG CAA GTG CAG CTC GCC ACC ACC CCA GGG GAC CTT TCC TGC | 342 |
| Ser Ile Thr Leu Gln Val Gln Leu Ala Thr Pro Gly Asp Leu Ser Cys | |
| 65 | 75 |
| CTC TGG GTC TTT AAG CAC AGC TCC CTG GGC TGC CAG CCG CAC TTT GAT | 390 |
| Leu Trp Val Phe Lys His Ser Ser Leu Gly Cys Gln Pro His Phe Asp | |
| 80 | 90 |
| TTA CAA AAC AGA GGA ATC GTT TCC ATG GCC ATC TTG AAC GTG ACA GAG | 438 |
| Leu Gln Asn Arg Gly Ile Val Ser Met Ala Ile Leu Asn Val Thr Glu | |
| 95 | 105 |
| ACC CAG GCA GGA GAA TAC CTA CTC CAT ATT CAG AGC GAA CGC GCC AAC | 486 |
| Thr Gln Ala Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu His Ile Gln Ser Glu Arg Ala Asn | |
| 110 | 125 |
| TAC ACA GTA CTG TTC ACA GTG AAT GTA AGA GAT ACA CAG CTG TAT GTG | 534 |
| Tyr Thr Val Leu Phe Thr Val Asn Val Arg Asp Thr Gln Leu Tyr Val | |
| 130 | 140 |
| CTA AGG AGA CCT TAC TTT AGG AAG ATG GAA AAC CAG GAT GCA CTG CTC | 582 |
| Leu Arg Arg Pro Tyr Phe Arg Lys Met Glu Asn Gln Asp Ala Leu Leu | |
| 145 | 155 |
| TGC ATC TCC GAG GGT GTT CCG GAG CCC ACT GTG GAG TGG GTG CTC TGC | 630 |
| Cys Ile Ser Glu Gly Val Pro Glu Pro Thr Val Glu Trp Val Leu Cys | |
| 160 | 170 |
| AGC TCC CAC AGG GAA AGC TGT AAA GAA GGC CCT GCT GTT GTC AGA | 678 |
| Ser Ser His Arg Glu Ser Cys Lys Glu Glu Gly Pro Ala Val Val Arg | |
| 175 | 185 |
| AAG GAG GAA AAG GTA CTT CAT GAG TTG TTC GGA ACA GAC ATC AGA TGC | 726 |
| Lys Glu Glu Lys Val Leu His Glu Thr Gly Thr Asp Ile Arg Cys | |

| | | | | | |
|---|--|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 190 | | 195 | 200 | 205 | |
| TGT GCT AGA AAT GCA CTG GGC CGC GAA TGC ACC AAG CTG TTC ACC ATA | | | | | 774 |
| Cys Ala Arg Asn 210 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| GAT CTA AAC CAG GCT CCT CAG AGC ACA CTG CCC CAG TTA TTC CTG AAA | | | | | 822 |
| Asp Leu Asn 225 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| GTG GGG GAA CCC TTG TGG ATC AGG TGT AAG GCC ATC CAT GTG AAC CAT | | | | | 870 |
| Val Gly 240 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| GGA TTC GGG CTC ACC TGG GAG CTG GAA GAC AAA GCC CTG GAG GAG GGC | | | | | 918 |
| Gly Phe 255 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| AGC TAC TTT GAG ATG AGT ACC TAC TCC ACA AAC AGG ACC ATG ATT CGG | | | | | 966 |
| Ser Tyr 270 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| ATT CTC TTG GCC TTT GTG TCT TCC GTG GGA AGG AAC GAC ACC GGA TAT | | | | | 1014 |
| Ile Leu 290 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| TAC ACC TGC TCT TCC TCA AAG CAC CCC AGC CAG TCA GCG TTG GTG ACC | | | | | 1062 |
| Tyr Thr 305 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| ATC CTA GAA AAA GGG TTT ATA AAC GCT ACC AGC TCG CAA GAA GAG TAT | | | | | 1110 |
| Ile Leu 320 | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| GAA ATT GAC CCG TAC GAA AAG TTC TGC TTC TCA GTC AGG TTT AAA GCG | | | | | 1158 |
| Glu Ile 335 | | | | | |

TAC CCA CGA ATC CGA TGC ACG TGG ATC TTC TCT CAA GCC TCA TTT CCT 1206
 Tyr Pro Arg Ile Arg Cys Thr Trp Ile Phe Ser Gln Ala Ser Phe Pro 365
 350
 TGT GAA CAG AGA GGC CTG GAG GAT GGG TAC AGC ATA TCT AAA TTT TGC 1254
 Cys Glu Gln Arg Gly Leu Glu Asp Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Lys Phe Cys 380
 370
 GAT CAT AAG AAC AAG CCA GGA GAG TAC ATA TTC TAT GCA GAA AAT GAT 1302
 Asp His Lys Asn Lys Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ile Phe Tyr Ala Glu Asn Asp 395
 385
 GAC GCC CAG TTC ACC AAA ATG TTC ACG CTG AAT ATA AGA AAG AAA CCT 1350
 Asp Ala Gln Phe Thr Lys Met Phe Thr Leu Asn Ile Arg Lys Lys Pro 410
 400
 CAA GTG CTA GCA AAT GCC TCA GCC AGC CAG GCG TCC TGT TCC TCT GAT 1398
 Gln Val Leu Ala Asn Ala Ser Ala Ser Gln Ala Ser Cys Ser Ser Asp 425
 415
 GGC TAC CCG CTA CCC TCT TGG ACC TGG AAG AAG TGT TCG GAC AAA TCT 1446
 Gly Tyr Pro Leu Pro Ser Trp Thr Trp Lys Lys Cys Ser Asp Lys Ser 445
 430
 CCC AAT TGC ACG GAG GAA ATC CCA GAA GGA GTT TGG AAT AAA AAG GCT 1494
 Pro Asn Cys Thr Glu Glu Ile Pro Glu Gly Val Trp Asn Lys Lys Ala 460
 450
 AAC AGA AAA GTG TTT GGC CAG TGG GTG TCG AGC AGT ACT CTA AAT ATG 1542
 Asn Arg Lys Val Phe Gly Gln Trp Val Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu Asn Met 475
 465
 AGT GAG GCC GGG AAA GGC CTT CTG GTC AAA TGC TGT GCG TAC AAT TCT 1590
 Ser Glu Ala Gly Lys Gly Leu Leu Val Lys Cys Ala Tyr Asn Ser 490
 480
 ATG GGC ACG TCT TGC GAA ACC ATC TTT TTA AAC TCA CCA GGC CCC TTC 1638

Met Gly Thr Ser Cys Glu Thr Ile Phe Leu Asn Ser Pro Gly Pro Phe
495 500 505

CCT TTC ATC CAA GAC AAC ATC TCC TTC TAT GCG ACC ATT GGG CTC TGT 1686
Pro Phe Ile Gln Asp Asn Ile Ser Phe Tyr Ala Thr Ile Gly Leu Cys 525
510 515

CTC CCC TTC ATT GTT GTC ATT GTG TTG ATC TGC CAC AAA TAC AAA 1734
Leu Pro Phe Ile Val Val Ile Val Leu Ile Cys His Lys Tyr Lys 540
530

AAG CAA TTT AGG TAC GAG AGT CAG CTG CAG ATG ATC CAG GTG ACT GGC 1782
Lys Gln Phe Arg Tyr Glu Ser Gln Leu Gln Met Ile Gln Val Thr Gly 555
545

CCC CTG GAT AAC GAG TAC TTC TAC GTT GAC TTC AGG GAC TAT GAA TAT 1830
Pro Leu Asp Asn Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Val Asp Phe Arg Asp Tyr Glu Tyr 570
560

GAC CTT AAG TGG GAG TTC CCG AGA GAG AAC TTA GAG TTT GGG AAG GTC 1878
Asp Leu Lys Trp Glu Phe Pro Arg Glu Asn Leu Glu Phe Gly Lys Val 585
575 580

CTG GGG TCT GGC GCT TTC GGG AGG GTG ATG AAC GCC ACC GCG TAT GGC 1926
Leu Gly Ser Gly Ala Phe Gly Arg Val Met Asn Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly 605
590 595

ATT AGT AAA ACG GGA GTC TCA ATT CAG GTG GCG GTG AAG ATG CTA AAA 1974
Ile Ser Lys Thr Gly Val Ser Ile Gln Val Ala Val Lys Met Leu Lys 620
610

GAG AAA GCT GAC AGC TGT GAA AAA GAA GCT CTC ATG TCG GAG CTC AAA 2022
Glu Lys Ala Asp Ser Cys Glu Lys Glu Ala Leu Met Ser Glu Leu Lys 635
625

ATG ATG ACC CAC CTG GGA CAC CAT GAC AAC ATC GTG AAT CTG CTG GGC 2070
Met Met Thr His Leu Gly His His Asp Asn Ile Val Asn Leu Leu Gly 630

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| 640 | 645 | 650 | |
| GCA TGC ACA CTG TCA GGG CCA GTG TAC TTG ATT TTT GAA TAT TGT TGC | | | 2118 |
| Ala Cys Thr Leu Ser Gly Pro Val Tyr Leu Ile Phe Glu Tyr Cys Cys | | | |
| 655 | 660 | 665 | |
| TAT GGT GAC CTC CTC AAC TAC CTA AGA AGT AAA AGA GAG AAG TTT CAC | | | 2166 |
| Tyr Gly Asp Leu Leu Asn Tyr Leu Arg Ser Lys Arg Glu Lys Phe His | | | |
| 670 | 675 | 680 | 685 |
| AGG ACA TGG ACA GAG ATT TTT AAG GAA CAT AAT TTC AGT TCT TAC CCT | | | 2214 |
| Arg Thr Trp Thr Glu Ile Phe Lys Glu His Asn Phe Ser Tyr Pro | | | |
| 690 | 695 | 700 | |
| ACT TTC CAG GCA CAT TCA AAT TCC AGC ATG CCT GGT TCA CGA GAA GTT | | | 2262 |
| Thr Phe Gln Ala His Ser Asn Ser Ser Met Pro Gly Ser Arg Glu Val | | | |
| 705 | 710 | 715 | |
| CAG TTA CAC CCG CCC TTG GAT CAG CTC TCA GGG TTC AAT GGG AAT TCA | | | 2310 |
| Gln Leu His Pro Pro Leu Asp Gln Ser Glu Ser Gly Phe Asn Gly Asn Ser | | | |
| 720 | 725 | 730 | |
| ATT CAT TCT GAA GAT GAG ATT GAA AAC CAG AAG AAG AGG CTG GCA | | | 2358 |
| Ile His Ser Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Tyr Glu Asn Gln Lys Arg Leu Ala | | | |
| 735 | 740 | 745 | |
| GAA GAA GAG GAG GAT GAT TTT AAC GTG CTG ACG TTT GAA GAC CTC CTT | | | 2406 |
| Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Glu Asp Leu Asn Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu | | | |
| 750 | 755 | 760 | 765 |
| TGC TTT GCG TAC CAA GTG GCC AAA GGC ATG GAA TTC CTG GAG TTC AAG | | | 2454 |
| Cys Phe Ala Tyr Gln Val Ala Lys Gly Met Glu Phe Glu Phe Lys | | | |
| 770 | 775 | 780 | |
| TCG TGT GTC CAC AGA GAC CTG GCA GCC GCG GAT GAT GTG TTT GTG ACC CAC | | | 2502 |
| Ser Cys Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Val Leu Val Thr His | | | |
| 785 | 790 | 795 | |

GGG AAG GTG GTG AAG ATC TGT GAC TTT GGA CTG GCC CGA GAC ATC CTG 2550
 Gly Lys Val Val Lys Ile Cys Asp Phe Gly Leu Ala Arg Asp Ile Leu 810

AGC GAC TCC AGC TAC GTC GTC AGG GGC AAC GCA CGG CTG CCG GTG AAG 2598
 Ser Asp Ser Ser Tyr Val Val Arg Gly Asn Ala Arg Leu Pro Val Lys 815 820 825

TGG ATG GCA CCC GAG AGC TTA TTT GAA GGG ATC TAC ACA ATC AAG AGT 2646
 Trp Met Ala Pro Glu Ser Leu Phe Phe Glu Gly Ile Tyr Thr Ile Lys Ser 830 835 840 845

GAC GTC TGG TCC TAC GGC ATC CTT CTC TGG GAG ATA TTT TCA CTG GGT 2694
 Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Glu Ile Leu Leu Trp Glu Ile Phe Ser Leu Gly 850 855 860

GTG AAC CCT TAC CCT GGC ATT CCT GTC GAC GCT AAC TTT TAT AAA CTG 2742
 Val Asn Pro Tyr Pro Gly Ile Pro Val Asp Ala Asn Phe Tyr Lys Leu 865 870 875

ATT CAG AGT GGA TTT AAA ATG GAG CAG CCA TTC TAT GCC ACA GAA GGG 2790
 Ile Gln Ser Gly Phe Lys Met Glu Gln Pro Phe Tyr Ala Thr Glu Gly 880 885 890

ATA TAC TTT GTA ATG CAA TCC TGC TGG GCT TTT GAC TCA AGG AAG CGG 2838
 Ile Tyr Phe Val Met Gln Ser Cys Trp Ala Phe Asp Ser Arg Lys Arg 895 900 905

CCA TCC TTC CCC AAC CTG ACT TCA TTT TTA GGA TGT CAG CTG GCA GAG 2886
 Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly Cys Gln Leu Ala Glu 910 915 920 925

GCA GAA GAA GCA TGT ATC AGA ACA TCC ATC CAT CTA CCA AAA CAG GCG 2934
 Ala Glu Glu Ala Cys Ile Arg Thr Ser Ile His Leu Pro Lys Gln Ala 930 935 940

GCC CCT CAG CAG AGA GGC GGG CTC AGA GCC CAG TCG CCA CAG CGC CAG 2982

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 992 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

| (xi) | SEQUENCE | DESCRIPTION: | SEQ ID NO:2: |
|------|----------|--------------|--------------|
|------|----------|--------------|--------------|

Met Arg Ala Leu Ala Gln Arg Ser Asp Arg Arg Leu Leu Val
-27 -25 -20 -15

Val Leu Ser Val Met Ile Leu Glu Thr Val Thr Asn Gln Asp Leu Pro

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| -10 | -5 | 1 | 5 |
| Val Ile Lys Cys Val Leu Ile Ser His Glu Asn Asn Gly Ser Ser Ala | | | |
| | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Gly Lys Pro Ser Ser Tyr Arg Met Val Arg Gly Ser Pro Glu Asp Leu | | | |
| | 25 | 30 | 35 |
| Gln Cys Thr Pro Arg Arg Gln Ser Glu Gly Thr Val Tyr Glu Ala Ala | | | |
| | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| Thr Val Glu Val Ala Glu Ser Gly Ser Ile Thr Leu Gln Val Gln Leu | | | |
| | 55 | 60 | 65 |
| Ala Thr Pro Gly Asp Leu Ser Cys Leu Trp Val Phe Lys His Ser Ser | | | |
| | 70 | 75 | 80 |
| Leu Gly Cys Gln Pro His Phe Asp Leu Gln Asn Arg Gly Ile Val Ser | | | |
| | 90 | 95 | 100 |
| Met Ala Ile Leu Asn Val Thr Glu Thr Gln Ala Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu | | | |
| | 105 | 110 | 115 |
| His Ile Gln Ser Glu Arg Ala Asn Tyr Thr Val Leu Phe Thr Val Asn | | | |
| | 120 | 125 | 130 |
| Val Arg Asp Thr Gln Leu Tyr Val Leu Arg Arg Pro Tyr Phe Arg Lys | | | |
| | 135 | 140 | 145 |
| Met Glu Asn Gln Asp Ala Leu Leu Cys Ile Ser Glu Gly Val Pro Glu | | | |
| | 150 | 155 | 160 |
| Pro Thr Val Glu Trp Val Leu Cys Ser Ser His Arg Glu Ser Cys Lys | | | |
| | 170 | 175 | 180 |
| Glu Glu Gly Pro Ala Val Val Arg Lys Glu Glu Lys Val Leu His Glu | | | |
| | 185 | 190 | 195 |

Leu Phe Gly Thr Asp Ile Arg Cys Cys Ala Arg Asn Ala Leu Gly Arg
 200 205
 Glu Cys Thr Lys Leu Phe Thr Ile Asp Leu Asn Gln Ala Pro Gln Ser
 215 220 225
 Thr Leu Pro Gln Leu Phe Leu Lys Val Gly Glu Pro Leu Trp Ile Arg
 230 235 240 245
 Cys Lys Ala Ile His Val Asn His Gly Phe Gly Leu Thr Trp Glu Leu
 250 255 260
 Glu Asp Lys Ala Leu Glu Glu Gly Ser Tyr Phe Glu Met Ser Thr Tyr
 265 270 275
 Ser Thr Asn Arg Thr Met Ile Arg Ile Leu Leu Ala Phe Val Ser Ser
 280 285 290
 Val Gly Arg Asn Asp Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Cys Ser Ser Ser Lys His
 295 300 305
 Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Val Thr Ile Leu Glu Lys Gly Phe Ile Asn
 310 315 320 325
 Ala Thr Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Tyr Glu Ile Asp Pro Tyr Glu Lys Phe
 330 335 340
 Cys Phe Ser Val Arg Phe Lys Ala Tyr Pro Arg Ile Arg Cys Thr Trp
 345 350 355
 Ile Phe Ser Gln Ala Ser Phe Pro Cys Glu Gln Arg Gly Leu Glu Asp
 360 365 370
 Gly Tyr Ser Ile Ser Lys Phe Cys Asp His Lys Asn Lys Pro Gly Glu
 375 380 385
 Tyr Ile Phe Tyr Ala Glu Asn Asp Asp Ala Gln Phe Thr Lys Met Phe

| | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 390 | | 395 | 400 | 405 |
| Thr Leu Asn Ile Arg Lys Lys Pro Gln Val Leu Ala Asn Ala Ser Ala | 410 | 415 | 420 | |
| Ser Gln Ala Ser Cys Ser Ser Asp Gly Tyr Pro Leu Pro Ser Trp Thr | 425 | 430 | 435 | |
| Trp Lys Lys Cys Ser Asp Lys Ser Pro Asn Cys Thr Glu Glu Ile Pro | 440 | 445 | 450 | |
| Glu Gly Val Trp Asn Lys Lys Ala Asn Arg Lys Val Phe Gly Gln Trp | 455 | 460 | 465 | |
| Val Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu Asn Met Ser Glu Ala Gly Lys Gly Leu Leu | 470 | 475 | 480 | 485 |
| Val Lys Cys Cys Ala Tyr Asn Ser Met Gly Thr Ser Cys Glu Thr Ile | 490 | 495 | 500 | |
| Phe Leu Asn Ser Pro Gly Pro Phe Pro Phe Ile Gln Asp Asn Ile Ser | 505 | 510 | 515 | |
| Phe Tyr Ala Thr Ile Gly Leu Cys Leu Pro Phe Ile Val Val Leu Ile | 520 | 525 | 530 | |
| Val Leu Ile Cys His Lys Tyr Lys Lys Gln Phe Arg Tyr Glu Ser Gln | 535 | 540 | 545 | |
| Leu Gln Met Ile Gln Val Thr Gly Pro Leu Asp Asn Glu Tyr Phe Tyr | 550 | 555 | 560 | 565 |
| Val Asp Phe Arg Asp Tyr Glu Tyr Asp Leu Lys Trp Glu Phe Pro Arg | 570 | 575 | 580 | |
| Glu Asn Leu Glu Phe Gly Lys Val Leu Gly Ser Gly Ala Phe Gly Arg | 585 | 590 | 595 | |

Val Met Asn Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly Ile Ser Lys Thr Gly Val Ser Ile
 600
 Gln Val Ala Val Lys Met Leu Lys Glu Lys Ala Asp Ser Cys Glu Lys
 615
 Glu Ala Leu Met Ser Glu Leu Lys Met Met Thr His Leu Gly His His
 630 635 640 645
 Asp Asn Ile Val Asn Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Thr Leu Ser Gly Pro Val
 650 655 660
 Tyr Leu Ile Phe Glu Tyr Cys Cys Tyr Gly Asp Leu Leu Asn Tyr Leu
 665 670 675
 Arg Ser Lys Arg Glu Lys Phe His Arg Thr Trp Thr Glu Ile Phe Lys
 680 685 690
 Glu His Asn Phe Ser Ser Tyr Pro Thr Phe Gln Ala His Ser Asn Ser
 695 700 705
 Ser Met Pro Gly Ser Arg Glu Val Gln Leu His Pro Pro Leu Asp Gln
 710 715 720 725
 Leu Ser Gly Phe Asn Gly Asn Ser Ile His Ser Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu
 730 735 740
 Tyr Glu Asn Gln Lys Arg Leu Ala Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Asn
 745 750 755
 Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu Cys Phe Ala Tyr Gln Val Ala Lys
 760 765 770
 Gly Met Glu Phe Leu Glu Phe Lys Ser Cys Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala
 775 780 785
 Ala Arg Asn Val Leu Val Thr His Gly Lys Val Val Lys Ile Cys Asp

790 795 800 805
Phe Gly Leu Ala Arg Asp Ile Leu Ser Asp Ser Ser Tyr Val Val Arg
810 815 820
Gly Asn Ala Arg Leu Pro Val Lys Trp Met Ala Pro Glu Ser Leu Phe
825 830 835
Glu Gly Ile Tyr Thr Ile Lys Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Leu
840 845 850
Leu Trp Glu Ile Phe Ser Leu Gly Val Asn Pro Tyr Pro Gly Ile Pro
855 860 865
Val Asp Ala Asn Phe Tyr Lys Leu Ile Gln Ser Gly Phe Lys Met Glu
870 875 880 885
Gln Pro Phe Tyr Ala Thr Glu Gly Ile Tyr Phe Val Met Gln Ser Cys
890 895 900
Trp Ala Phe Asp Ser Arg Lys Arg Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser
905 910 915
Phe Leu Gly Cys Gln Leu Ala Glu Ala Glu Glu Ala Cys Ile Arg Thr
920 925 930
Ser Ile His Leu Pro Lys Gln Ala Ala Pro Gln Gln Arg Gly Gly Leu
935 940 945
Arg Ala Gln Ser Pro Gln Arg Gln Val Lys Ile His Arg Glu Arg Ser
950 955 960 965

70

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 3501 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal
- (ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 58..3039
- (ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 139..3036
- (ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 58..138

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CGAGGCGGCA | TCCGAGGGCT | GGCCGGCGC | CCTGGGGGAC | CCCGGGCTCC | GGAGGCC | 57 | | | | | | | | | | |
| ATG | CCG | GCG | TTG | GCG | GAC | GCG | GCG | ACC | GTG | CCG | CTG | CTC | GTT | GTT | 105 | |
| Met | Pro | Ala | Leu | Ala | Arg | Asp | Ala | Gly | Thr | Val | Pro | Leu | Leu | Val | Val | |
| -27 | -25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TTT | TCT | GCA | ATG | ATA | TTT | GGG | ACT | ATT | ACA | AAT | CAA | GAT | CTG | CCT | GTG | 153 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Phe | Ser | Ala | Met | Ile | Phe | Gly | Thr | Ile | Thr | Asn | Gln | Asp | Leu | Pro | Val | |
| -10 | | | | | | -5 | | | | | 1 | | | | 5 | |
| ATC | AAG | TGT | GTT | TTA | ATC | AAT | CAT | AAG | AAC | AAT | GAT | TCA | TCA | GTG | GGG | 201 |
| Ile | Lys | Cys | Val | Leu | Ile | Asn | His | Lys | Asn | Asn | Asp | Ser | Ser | Val | Gly | |
| | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | | | | 20 | | |
| AAG | TCA | TCA | TAT | TAT | CCC | ATG | GTA | TCA | GAA | TCC | CCG | GAA | GAC | CTC | GGG | 249 |
| Lys | Ser | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Pro | Met | Val | Ser | Glu | Ser | Pro | Glu | Asp | Leu | Gly | |
| | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | | | | 35 | | | |
| TGT | GCG | TTG | AGA | CCC | CAG | AGC | TCA | GGG | ACA | GTG | TAC | GAA | GCT | GCC | GCT | 297 |
| Cys | Ala | Leu | Arg | Pro | Gln | Ser | Ser | Gly | Thr | Val | Tyr | Glu | Ala | Ala | Ala | |
| | | | 40 | | | | 45 | | | | | 50 | | | | |
| GTG | GAA | GTG | GAT | GTA | TCT | GCT | TCC | ATC | ACA | CTG | CAA | GTG | CTG | GTC | GAT | 345 |
| Val | Glu | Val | Asp | Val | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ile | Thr | Leu | Gln | Val | Leu | Val | Asp | |
| | | | | | | 60 | | | | 65 | | | | | | |
| GCC | CCA | GGG | AAC | ATT | TCC | TGT | CTC | TGG | GTC | TTT | AAG | CAC | AGC | TCC | CTG | 393 |
| Ala | Pro | Gly | Asn | Ile | Ser | Cys | Leu | Trp | Val | Phe | Lys | His | Ser | Ser | Leu | |
| 70 | | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 | |
| AAT | TGC | CAG | CCA | CAT | TTT | GAT | TTA | CAA | AAC | AGA | GGA | GTT | GTT | TCC | ATG | 441 |
| Asn | Cys | Gln | Pro | His | Phe | Asp | Leu | Gln | Asn | Arg | Gly | Val | Val | Ser | Met | |
| | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | | |
| GTC | ATT | TTG | AAA | ATG | ACA | GAA | ACC | CAA | GCT | GGA | GAA | TAC | CTA | CTT | TTT | 489 |
| Val | Ile | Leu | Lys | Met | Thr | Glu | Thr | Gln | Ala | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Phe | |
| | | | 105 | | | | | 110 | | | | | 115 | | | |
| ATT | CAG | AGT | GAA | GCT | ACC | AAT | TAC | ACA | ATA | TTG | TTT | ACA | GTG | AGT | ATA | 537 |
| Ile | Gln | Ser | Glu | Ala | Thr | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Leu | Phe | Thr | Val | Ser | Ile | |
| | | | 120 | | | | 125 | | | | | 130 | | | | |
| AGA | AAT | ACC | CTG | CTT | TAC | ACA | TTA | AGA | AGA | CCT | TAC | TTT | AGA | AAA | ATG | 585 |
| Arg | Asn | Thr | Leu | Leu | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Arg | Arg | Pro | Tyr | Phe | Arg | Lys | Met | |

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| 135 | 140 | 145 | |
| GAA AAC CAG GAC GCC CTG GTC TGC ATA TCT GAG AGC GTT CCA GAG CCG | | | 633 |
| Glu Asn Gln Asp Ala Leu Val Cys Ile Ser Glu Ser Val Pro Glu Pro | 155 | 160 | 165 |
| 150 | | | |
| ATC GTG GAA TGG GTG CTT TGC GAT TCA CAG GGG GAA AGC TGT AAA GAA | | | 681 |
| Ile Val Glu Trp Val Leu Cys Asp Ser Gln Gly Glu Ser Cys Lys Glu | 170 | 175 | 180 |
| | | | |
| GAA AGT CCA GCT GTT GTT AAA AAG GAG GAA AAA GTG CTT CAT GAA TTA | | | 729 |
| Glu Ser Pro Ala Val Val Lys Lys Glu Glu Lys Val Leu His Glu Leu | 185 | 190 | 195 |
| | | | |
| TTT GGG ACG GAC ATA AGG TGC TGT GCC AGA AAT GAA CTG GGC AGG GAA | | | 777 |
| Phe Gly Thr Asp Ile Arg Cys Cys Ala Arg Asn Glu Leu Gly Arg Glu | 200 | 205 | 210 |
| | | | |
| TGC ACC AGG CTG TTC ACA ATA GAT CTA AAT CAA ACT CCT CAG ACC ACA | | | 825 |
| Cys Thr Arg Leu Phe Thr Ile Asp Leu Asn Gln Thr Pro Gln Thr Thr | 215 | 220 | 225 |
| | | | |
| TTG CCA CAA TTA TTT CTT AAA GTA GGG GAA CCC TTA TGG ATA AGG TGC | | | 873 |
| Leu Pro Gln Leu Phe Leu Lys Val Gly Glu Pro Leu Trp Ile Arg Cys | 235 | 240 | 245 |
| 230 | | | |
| AAA GCT GTT CAT GTG AAC CAT GGA TTC GGG CTC ACC TGG GAA TTA GAA | | | 921 |
| Lys Ala Val His Val Asn His Gly Phe Gly Leu Thr Trp Glu Leu Glu | 250 | 255 | 260 |
| | | | |
| AAC AAA GCA CTC GAG GAG GGC AAC TAC TTT GAG ATG AGT ACC TAT TCA | | | 969 |
| Asn Lys Ala Leu Glu Glu Asn Tyr Phe Glu Met Ser Thr Tyr Ser | 265 | 270 | 275 |
| | | | |
| ACA AAC AGA ACT ATG ATA CGG ATT CTG TTT GCT TTT GTA TCA TCA GTG | | | 1017 |
| Thr Asn Arg Thr Met Ile Arg Ile Leu Phe Ala Phe Val Ser Ser Val | 280 | 285 | 290 |

GCA AGA AAC GAC ACC GGA TAC TAC ACT TGT TCC TCT TCA AAG CAT CCC
 Ala Arg Asn Asp Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Ser Ser His Pro
 295 300 305 1065

 AGT CAA TCA GCT TTG GTT ACC ATC GTA GGA AAG GGA TTT ATA AAT GCT
 Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Val Thr Ile Val Gly Lys Gly Phe Ile Asn Ala
 310 315 320 325 1113

 ACC AAT TCA AGT GAA GAT TAT GAA ATT GAC CAA TAT GAA GAG TTT TGT
 Thr Asn Ser Ser Glu Asp Tyr Glu Ile Asp Gln Tyr Glu Glu Phe Cys
 330 335 340 1161

 TTT TCT GTC AGG TTT AAA GCC TAC CCA CAA ATC AGA TGT ACG TGG ACC
 Phe Ser Val Arg Phe Lys Ala Tyr Pro Gln Ile Arg Cys Thr Trp Thr
 345 350 355 1209

 TTC TCT CGA AAA TCA TTT CCT TGT GAG CAA AAG AAG GGT CTT GAT AAC GGA
 Phe Ser Arg Lys Ser Phe Pro Cys Glu Gln Lys Gly Leu Asp Asn Gly
 360 365 370 1257

 TAC AGC ATA TCC AAG TTT TGC AAT CAT AAG CAC CAG CCA GGA GAA TAT
 Tyr Ser Ile Ser Lys Phe Cys Asn His Lys His Gln Pro Gly Glu Tyr
 375 380 385 1305

 ATA TTC CAT GCA GAA AAT GAT GAT GCC CAA TTT ACC AAA ATG TTC ACG
 Ile Phe His Ala Glu Asn Asp Asp Ala Gln Phe Thr Lys Met Phe Thr
 390 395 400 405 1353

 CTG AAT ATA AGA AGG AAA CCT CAA GTG CTC GCA GAA GCA TCG GCA AGT
 Leu Asn Ile Arg Arg Lys Pro Gln Val Leu Ala Glu Ala Ser Ala Ser
 410 415 420 1401

 CAG GCG TCC TGT TTC TCG GAT GGA TAC CCA TTA CCA TCT TGG ACC TGG
 Gln Ala Ser Cys Phe Ser Asp Gly Tyr Pro Leu Pro Ser Trp Thr Trp
 425 430 435 1449

 AAG AAG TGT TCA GAC AAG TCT CCC AAC TGC ACA GAA GAG ATC ACA GAA
 1497

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Lys | Lys | Cys | Ser | Asp | Lys | Ser | Pro | Asn | Cys | Thr | Glu | Glu | Ile | Thr | Glu | |
| | | 440 | | | | | 445 | | | | | 450 | | | | |
| GGA | GTC | TGG | AAT | AGA | AAG | GCT | AAC | AGA | AAA | GTG | TTT | GGA | CAG | TGG | GTG | 1545 |
| Gly | Val | Trp | Asn | Arg | Lys | Ala | Asn | Arg | Lys | Val | Phe | Gly | Gln | Trp | Val | |
| | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | | 465 | | | | | |
| TCG | AGC | AGT | ACT | CTA | AAC | ATG | AGT | GAA | GCC | ATA | AAA | GGG | TTC | CTG | GTC | 1593 |
| Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Leu | Asn | Met | Ser | Glu | Ala | Ile | Lys | Gly | Phe | Leu | Val | |
| | 470 | | | | 475 | | | | | 480 | | | | | 485 | |
| AAG | TGC | TGT | GCA | TAC | AAT | TCC | CTT | GGC | ACA | TCT | TGT | GAG | ACG | ATC | CTT | 1641 |
| Lys | Cys | Cys | Ala | Tyr | Asn | Ser | Leu | Gly | Thr | Ser | Cys | Glu | Thr | Ile | Leu | |
| | | | 490 | | | | | 495 | | | | | | 500 | | |
| TTA | AAC | TCT | CCA | GGC | CCC | TTC | CCT | TTC | ATC | CAA | GAC | AAC | ATC | TCA | TTC | 1689 |
| Leu | Asn | Ser | Pro | Gly | Pro | Phe | Pro | Phe | Ile | Gln | Asp | Asn | Ile | Ser | Phe | |
| | | 505 | | | | | | 510 | | | | | 515 | | | |
| TAT | GCA | ACA | ATT | GGT | GTT | TGT | CTC | CTC | TTC | ATT | GTC | GTT | TTA | ACC | CTG | 1737 |
| Tyr | Ala | Thr | Ile | Gly | Val | Cys | Leu | Leu | Phe | Ile | Val | Val | Leu | Thr | Leu | |
| | | 520 | | | | | 525 | | | | | 530 | | | | |
| CTA | ATT | TGT | CAC | AAG | TAC | AAA | AAG | CAA | TTT | AGG | TAT | GAA | AGC | CAG | CTA | 1785 |
| Leu | Ile | Cys | His | Lys | Tyr | Lys | Lys | Gln | Phe | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Ser | Gln | Leu | |
| | 535 | | | | | 540 | | | | | 545 | | | | | |
| CAG | ATG | GTA | CAG | GTG | ACC | GGC | TCC | TCA | GAT | AAT | GAG | TAC | TTC | TAC | GTT | 1833 |
| Gln | Met | Val | Gln | Val | Thr | Gly | Ser | Ser | Asp | Asn | Glu | Tyr | Phe | Tyr | Val | |
| | 550 | | | | | 555 | | | | 560 | | | | | 565 | |
| GAT | TTC | AGA | GAA | TAT | GAA | TAT | GAT | CTC | AAA | TGG | GAG | TTT | CCA | AGA | GAA | 1881 |
| Asp | Phe | Arg | Glu | Tyr | Glu | Tyr | Asp | Leu | Lys | Trp | Glu | Phe | Pro | Arg | Glu | |
| | | | | 570 | | | | | 575 | | | | | 580 | | |
| AAT | TTA | GAG | TTT | GGG | AAG | GTA | CTA | GGA | TCA | GGT | GCT | TTT | GGA | AAA | GTG | 1929 |
| Asn | Leu | Glu | Phe | Gly | Lys | Val | Leu | Gly | Ser | Gly | Ala | Phe | Gly | Lys | Val | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| 585 | 590 | 595 | 1977 |
| ATG AAC GCA ACA GCT TAT GGA ATT AGC AAA ACA GGA GTC TCA ATC CAG | | | |
| Met Asn Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly 600 | Ile Ser Lys Thr Gly 605 | Val Ser Ile Gln 610 | |
| GTT GCC GTC AAA ATG CTG AAA GAA GAA GAC AGC TCT GAA AGA GAG | | | 2025 |
| Val Ala Val Lys Met Leu 615 | Glu Lys Ala Asp 620 | Ser Ser Glu Arg Glu 625 | |
| GCA CTC ATG TCA GAA CTC AAG ATG ATG ACC CAG CTG GGA AGC CAC GAG | | | 2073 |
| Ala Leu Met Ser Glu 630 | Leu Lys Met Thr 635 | Gln Leu Gly Ser His Glu 640 645 | |
| AAT ATT GTG AAC CTG CTG GCG TGC ACA CTG TCA GGA CCA ATT TAC | | | 2121 |
| Asn Ile Val Asn 650 | Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys 655 | Thr Leu Ser Gly Pro Ile Tyr 660 | |
| TTG ATT TTT GAA TAC TGT TGC TAT GGT GAT GAT CTT CTC AAC TAT CTA AGA | | | 2169 |
| Leu Ile Phe 665 | Tyr Cys Cys Tyr 670 | Tyr Leu Arg 675 | |
| AGT AAA AGA GAA AAA TTT CAC AGG ACT TGG ACA GAG ATT TTC AAG GAA | | | 2217 |
| Ser Lys Arg Glu Lys Phe 680 | His His Arg Thr 685 | Ile Phe Lys Glu 690 | |
| CAC AAT TTC AGT TTT TAC CCC ACT TTC CAA TCA CAT CAT CCA AAT TCC AGC | | | 2265 |
| His Asn Phe Ser Phe 695 | Tyr Thr Phe 700 | His Pro Asn Ser Ser 705 | |
| ATG CCT GGT TCA AGA GAA GTT CAG ATA CAC CCG GAC TCG GAT CAA ATC | | | 2313 |
| Met Pro Gly Ser Arg 710 | Glu Val Gln Ile 715 | Ser Asp Gln Ile 720 725 | |
| TCA GGG CTT CAT GGG AAT TCA TTT CAC TCT GAA GAT GAA ATT GAA TAT | | | 2361 |
| Ser Gly Leu His 730 | Gly Asn Ser Phe His 735 | Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Tyr 740 | |

GAA AAC CAA AAA AGG CTG GAA GAA GAG GAG GAC TTG AAT GTG CTT ACA
 Glu Asn Gln Lys Arg Leu Glu Glu Glu 750 Val Leu Thr 2409
 745
 TTT GAA GAT CTT CTT TGC TGG TTT GCA TAT CAA GTT GCC AAA GGA ATG GAA
 Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu Cys Phe Ala Tyr Gln Val Ala Lys Gly Met Glu 2457
 760 765 770
 TTT CTG GAA TTT AAG TCG TGT GGT CAC AGA GAC CTG GCC GCC AGG AAC
 Phe Leu Glu Phe Lys Ser Cys Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn 2505
 775 780 785
 GTG CTT GTC ACC CAC GGG AAA GTG GTG AAG ATA TGT GAC TTT GGA TTG
 Val Leu Val Thr His Gly Lys Val Val Lys Ile Cys Asp Phe Gly Leu 2553
 790 795 800
 GCT CGA GAT ATC ATG AGT GAT TCC AAC TAT GTT GTC AGG GGC AAT GCC
 Ala Arg Asp Ile Met Ser Ser Asp Ser Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Gly Asn Ala 2601
 810 815 820
 CGT CTG CCT GTA AAA TGG ATG GCC CCC GAA AGC CTG TTT GAA GGC ATC
 Arg Leu Pro Val Lys Trp Met Ala Pro Glu Ser Leu Phe Glu Gly Ile 2649
 825 830 835
 TAC ACC ATT AAG AGT GAT GTC TGG TCA TAT GGA ATA TTA CTG TGG GAA
 Tyr Thr Ile Lys Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Leu Leu Trp Glu 2697
 840 845 850
 ATC TTC TCA CTT GGT GTG AAT CCT TAC CCT GGC ATT CCG GTT GAT GCT
 Ile Phe Ser Leu Gly Val Asn Pro Tyr Pro Gly Ile Pro Val Asp Ala 2745
 855 860 865
 AAC TTC TAC AAA CTG ATT CAA AAT GGA TTT AAA ATG GAT CAG CCA TTT
 Asn Phe Tyr Lys Leu Ile Gln Asn Gly Phe Lys Met Asp Gln Pro Phe 2793
 870 875 880 885
 TAT GCT ACA GAA GAA ATA TAC ATT ATA ATG CAA TCC TGC TGG GCT TTT
 2841

Tyr Ala Thr Glu Glu Ile Tyr Ile Ile Met Gln Ser Cys Trp Ala Phe
890 895 900

GAC TCA AGG AAA CGG CCA TCC TTC CCT AAT TTG ACT TCG TTT TTA GGA 2889
Asp Ser Arg Lys Arg Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly
905 910 915

TGT CAG CTG GCA GAT GCA GAA GAA GCG ATG TAT CAG AAT GTG GAT GGC 2937
Cys Gln Leu Ala Asp Ala Glu Glu Ala Met Tyr Gln Asn Val Asp Gly
920 925 930

CGT GTT TCG GAA TGT CCT CAC ACC TAC CAA AAC AGG CGA CCT TTC AGC 2985
Arg Val Ser Glu Cys Pro His Thr Tyr Gln Asn Arg Arg Pro Phe Ser
935 940 945

AGA GAG ATG GAT TTG GGG CTA CTC TCT CCG CAG GCT CAG GTC GAA GAT 3033
Arg Glu Met Asp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Pro Gln Ala Gln Val Glu Asp
950 955 960 965

TCG TAGAGGAACA ATTTAGTTTT AAGGACTTCA TCCCTCCACC TATCCCTAAC 3086
Ser

AGGCTGTAGA TTACCAAAC AAGATTAATT TCATCACTAA AAGAAAATCT ATTATCAACT 3146

GCTGCTTCAC CAGACTTTTC TCTAGAAGCC GTCTGCGTTT ACTCTTGTTT TCAAAGGGAC 3206

TTTTTGTA AAA TC AATCATC CTGTCACAAG GCAGGAGGAG CTGATAATGA ACTTTATTGG 3266

AGCATTGATC TGCATCCAAG GCCTTCTCAG GCCGGCTTGA GTGAATTGTG TACCTGAAGT 3326

ACAGTATATT CTTGTAAATA CATAAAACAA AAGCATTTTG CTAAGGAGAA GCTAATATGA 3386

TTTTTTAAGT CTATGTTTTA AAATAATATG TAAATTTTTC AGCTATTAG TGATATATTT 3446

TATGGGTGGG AATAAAATTT CTACTACAGA AAAAAAAA AAAAAA 3501

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 993 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

```

Met Pro Ala Leu Ala Arg Asp Ala Gly Thr Val Pro Leu Leu Val Val
-27 -25 -20 -15

Phe Ser Ala Met Ile Phe Gly Thr Ile Thr Asn Gln Asp Leu Pro Val
-10 -5 1 5

Ile Lys Cys Val Leu Ile Asn His Lys Asn Asn Asp Ser Ser Val Gly
10 15 20

Lys Ser Ser Ser Tyr Pro Met Val Ser Glu Ser Pro Glu Asp Leu Gly
25 30 35

Cys Ala Leu Arg Pro Gln Ser Ser Gly Thr Val Tyr Glu Ala Ala Ala
40 45 50

Val Glu Val Asp Val Ser Ala Ser Ile Thr Leu Gln Val Leu Val Asp
55 60 65

Ala Pro Gly Asn Ile Ser Cys Leu Trp Val Phe Lys His Ser Ser Leu
70 75 80 85

Asn Cys Gln Pro His Phe Asp Leu Gln Asn Arg Gly Val Val Ser Met
90 95 100

Val Ile Leu Lys Met Thr Glu Thr Gln Ala Gly Glu Tyr Leu Leu Phe
105 110 115

```


Ile Gln Ser Glu Ala Thr Asn Tyr Thr Ile Leu Phe Thr Val Ser Ile
 120 125 130
 Arg Asn Thr Leu Leu Tyr Thr Leu Arg Arg Pro Tyr Phe Arg Lys Met
 135 140 145
 Glu Asn Gln Asp Ala Leu Val Cys Ile Ser Glu Ser Val Pro Glu Pro
 150 155 160 165
 Ile Val Glu Trp Val Leu Cys Asp Ser Gln Gly Glu Ser Cys Lys Glu
 170 175 180
 Glu Ser Pro Ala Val Val Lys Lys Glu Glu Lys Val Leu His Glu Leu
 185 190 195
 Phe Gly Thr Asp Ile Arg Cys Cys Ala Arg Asn Glu Leu Gly Arg Glu
 200 205 210
 Cys Thr Arg Leu Phe Thr Ile Asp Leu Asn Gln Thr Pro Gln Thr Thr
 215 220 225
 Leu Pro Gln Leu Phe Leu Lys Val Gly Glu Pro Leu Trp Ile Arg Cys
 230 235 240 245
 Lys Ala Val His Val Asn His Gly Phe Gly Leu Thr Trp Glu Leu Glu
 250 255 260
 Asn Lys Ala Leu Glu Glu Gly Asn Tyr Phe Glu Met Ser Thr Tyr Ser
 265 270 275
 Thr Asn Arg Thr Met Ile Arg Ile Leu Phe Ala Phe Val Ser Ser Val
 280 285 290
 Ala Arg Asn Asp Thr Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Cys Ser Ser Ser Lys His Pro
 295 300 305
 Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Val Thr Ile Val Gly Lys Gly Phe Ile Asn Ala

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| 310 | 315 | 320 | 325 |
| Thr Asn Ser Ser Glu Asp Tyr Glu Ile Asp Gln Tyr Glu Glu Phe Cys | | | |
| 330 | 335 | 340 | |
| Phe Ser Val Arg Phe Lys Ala Tyr Pro Gln Ile Arg Cys Thr Trp Thr | | | |
| 345 | 350 | 355 | |
| Phe Ser Arg Lys Ser Phe Pro Cys Glu Gln Lys Gly Leu Asp Asn Gly | | | |
| 360 | 365 | 370 | |
| Tyr Ser Ile Ser Lys Phe Cys Asn His Lys His Gln Pro Gly Glu Tyr | | | |
| 375 | 380 | 385 | |
| Ile Phe His Ala Glu Asn Asp Ala Gln Phe Thr Lys Met Phe Thr | | | |
| 390 | 395 | 400 | 405 |
| Leu Asn Ile Arg Arg Lys Pro Gln Val Leu Ala Glu Ala Ser Ala Ser | | | |
| | 410 | 415 | 420 |
| Gln Ala Ser Cys Phe Ser Asp Gly Tyr Pro Leu Pro Ser Trp Thr Trp | | | |
| | 425 | 430 | 435 |
| Lys Lys Cys Ser Asp Lys Ser Pro Asn Cys Thr Glu Glu Ile Thr Glu | | | |
| | 440 | 445 | 450 |
| Gly Val Trp Asn Arg Lys Ala Asn Arg Lys Val Phe Gly Gln Trp Val | | | |
| | 455 | 460 | 465 |
| Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu Asn Met Ser Glu Ala Ile Lys Gly Phe Leu Val | | | |
| 470 | 475 | 480 | 485 |
| Lys Cys Cys Ala Tyr Asn Ser Leu Gly Thr Ser Cys Glu Thr Ile Leu | | | |
| | 490 | 495 | 500 |
| Leu Asn Ser Pro Gly Pro Phe Pro Phe Ile Gln Asp Asn Ile Ser Phe | | | |
| | 505 | 510 | 515 |

Tyr Ala Thr Ile Gly Val Cys Leu Leu Phe Ile Val Val Leu Thr Leu
 520 525 530
 Leu Ile Cys His Lys Tyr Lys Lys Gln Phe Arg Tyr Glu Ser Gln Leu
 535 540 545
 Gln Met Val Gln Val Thr Gly Ser Ser Asp Asn Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Val
 550 555 560 565
 Asp Phe Arg Glu Tyr Glu Tyr Asp Leu Lys Trp Glu Phe Pro Arg Glu
 570 575 580
 Asn Leu Glu Phe Gly Lys Val Leu Gly Ser Gly Ala Phe Gly Lys Val
 585 590 595
 Met Asn Ala Thr Ala Tyr Gly Ile Ser Lys Thr Gly Val Ser Ile Gln
 600 605 610
 Val Ala Val Lys Met Leu Lys Glu Lys Ala Asp Ser Ser Glu Arg Glu
 615 620 625
 Ala Leu Met Ser Glu Leu Lys Met Met Thr Gln Leu Gly Ser His Glu
 630 635 640 645
 Asn Ile Val Asn Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Thr Leu Ser Gly Pro Ile Tyr
 650 655 660
 Leu Ile Phe Glu Tyr Cys Cys Tyr Gly Asp Leu Leu Asn Tyr Leu Arg
 665 670 675
 Ser Lys Arg Glu Lys Phe His Arg Thr Trp Thr Glu Ile Phe Lys Glu
 680 685 690
 His Asn Phe Ser Phe Tyr Pro Thr Phe Gln Ser His Pro Asn Ser Ser
 695 700 705
 Met Pro Gly Ser Arg Glu Val Gln Ile His Pro Asp Ser Asp Gln Ile

| | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 710 | | 715 | 720 | 725 |
| Ser Gly Leu His Gly Asn Ser Phe His Ser Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Tyr | | | | |
| | 730 | 735 | | 740 |
| Glu Asn Gln Lys Arg Leu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Asn Val Leu Thr | | | | |
| | 745 | 750 | | 755 |
| Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu Cys Phe Ala Tyr Gln Val Ala Lys Gly Met Glu | | | | |
| | 760 | 765 | 770 | |
| Phe Leu Glu Phe Lys Ser Cys Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn | | | | |
| | 775 | 780 | 785 | |
| Val Leu Val Thr His Gly Lys Val Val Lys Ile Cys Asp Phe Gly Leu | | | | |
| | 790 | 795 | 800 | 805 |
| Ala Arg Asp Ile Met Ser Asp Ser Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Gly Asn Ala | | | | |
| | | 810 | 815 | 820 |
| Arg Leu Pro Val Lys Trp Met Ala Pro Glu Ser Leu Phe Glu Gly Ile | | | | |
| | 825 | 830 | | 835 |
| Tyr Thr Ile Lys Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Leu Leu Trp Glu | | | | |
| | 840 | 845 | 850 | |
| Ile Phe Ser Leu Gly Val Asn Pro Tyr Pro Gly Ile Pro Val Asp Ala | | | | |
| | 855 | 860 | 865 | |
| Asn Phe Tyr Lys Leu Ile Gln Asn Gly Phe Lys Met Asp Gln Pro Phe | | | | |
| | 870 | 875 | 880 | 885 |
| Tyr Ala Thr Glu Glu Ile Tyr Ile Ile Met Gln Ser Cys Trp Ala Phe | | | | |
| | | 890 | 895 | 900 |
| Asp Ser Arg Lys Arg Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly | | | | |
| | 905 | 910 | 915 | |

Cys Gln Leu Ala Asp Ala Glu Glu Ala Met Tyr Gln Asn Val Asp Gly
920
Arg Val Ser Glu Cys Pro His Thr Tyr Gln Asn Arg Arg Pro Phe Ser
935
Arg Glu Met Asp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Pro Gln Ala Gln Val Glu Asp
950 955 960 965

Ser

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 5406 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 208..4311

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 265..4308

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 208...264

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

| | |
|---|-----|
| CTGTGTCCCG CAGCCGGATA ACCTGGCTGA CCCGATTCCG CGGACACCCG TGCAGCCGCG | 60 |
| GCTGGAGCCA GGGCGCCGGT GCCCGGCTC TCCCCGGTCT TCGCTGCGG GGGCCGATAC | 120 |
| CGCCTCTGTG ACTTCTTTGC GGGCCAGGGA CGGAGAAGGA GTCTGTGCCT GAGAAACTGG | 180 |
| GCTCTGTGCC CAGGCGCGAG GTGCAGG ATG GAG AGC AAG GGC CTG CTA GCT | 231 |
| Met Glu Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ala | |
| -19 -15 | |
| GTC GCT CTG TGG TTC TGC GTG GAG ACC CGA GCC GCC TCT GTG GGT TTG | 279 |
| Val Ala Leu Trp Phe Cys Val Glu Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Leu | |
| -10 -5 1 5 | |
| CCT GGC GAT TTT CTC CAT CCC AAG CTC AGC ACA CAG AAA GAC ATA | 327 |
| Pro Gly Asp Phe Leu His Pro Pro Lys Leu Ser Thr Gln Lys Asp Ile | |
| 10 15 20 | |
| CTG ACA ATT TTG GCA AAT ACA ACC CTT CAG ATT ACT TGC AGG GGA CAG | 375 |
| Leu Thr Ile Leu Ala Asn Thr Thr Leu Gln Ile Thr Cys Arg Gly Gln | |
| 25 30 35 | |
| CGG GAC CTG GAC TGG CTT TGG CCC AAT GCT CAG CGT GAT TCT GAG GAA | 423 |
| Arg Asp Leu Asp Trp Leu Trp Pro Asn Ala Gln Arg Asp Ser Glu Glu | |
| 40 45 50 | |
| AGG GTA TTG GTG ACT GAA TGC GGC GGT GGT GAC AGT ATC TTC TGC AAA | 471 |
| Arg Val Leu Val Thr Glu Cys Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile Phe Cys Lys | |
| 55 60 65 | |
| ACA CTC ACC ATT CCC AGG GTG GTT GGA AAT GAT ACT GGA GCC TAC AAG | 519 |
| Thr Leu Thr Ile Pro Arg Val Val Gly Asn Asp Thr Gly Ala Tyr Lys | |

| | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 70 | 75 | 80 | 85 | |
| TGC TCG TAC CGG GAC GTC GAC ATA GCC TCC ACT GTT TAT GTC TAT GTT | | | | 567 |
| Cys Ser Tyr Arg Asp Val Asp Ile Ala Ser Thr Val Tyr Val Tyr Val | 90 | 95 | 100 | |
| CGA GAT TAC AGA TCA CCA TTC ATC GCC TCT GTC AGT GAC CAG CAT GGC | | | | 615 |
| Arg Asp Tyr Arg Ser Pro Phe Ile Ala Ser Val Ser Asp Gln His Gly | 105 | 110 | 115 | |
| ATC GTG TAC ATC ACC GAG AAC AAG AAC AAA ACT GTG GTG ATC CCC TGC | | | | 663 |
| Ile Val Tyr Ile Thr Glu Asn Lys Asn Lys Thr Val Val Ile Pro Cys | 120 | 125 | 130 | |
| CGA GGG TCG ATT TCA AAC AAC CTC AAT GTG TCT TCT CTT TGC GCT AGG TAT CCA | | | | 711 |
| Arg Gly Ser Ile Ser Asn Leu Asn Val Ser Leu Cys Ala Arg Tyr Pro | 135 | 140 | 145 | |
| GAA AAG AGA TTT GTT CCG GAT GGA AAC AGA ATT TCC TGG GAC AGC GAG | | | | 759 |
| Glu Lys Arg Phe Val Pro Asp Gly Asn Arg Ile Ser Trp Asp Ser Glu | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 |
| ATA GGC TTT ACT CTC CCC AGT TAC ATG ATC AGC TAT GCC GGC ATG GTC | | | | 807 |
| Ile Gly Phe Thr Leu Pro Ser Tyr Met Tyr Ala Gly Met Val | 170 | 175 | 180 | |
| TTC TGT GAG GCA AAG ATC AAT GAT GAA ACC TAT CAG TCT ATC ATG TAC | | | | 855 |
| Phe Cys Glu Ala Lys Ile Asn Asp Glu Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ile Met Tyr | 185 | 190 | 195 | |
| ATA GTT GTG GTT GTA GGA TAT AGG ATT TAT GAT GTG ATT CTG AGC CCC | | | | 903 |
| Ile Val Val Val Gly Tyr Arg Ile Tyr Asp Val Ile Leu Ser Pro | 200 | 205 | 210 | |
| CCG CAT GAA ATT GAG CTA TCT GCC GGA GAA AAA CTT GTC TTA AAT TGT | | | | 951 |
| Pro His Glu Ile Glu Leu Ser Ala Gly Glu Lys Leu Val Leu Asn Cys | 215 | 220 | 225 | |

ACA GCG AGA ACA GAG CTC AAT GTG GGG CTT GAT TTC ACC TGG CAC TCT 999
 Thr Ala Arg Thr Glu Leu Asn Val Gly Leu Asp Phe Thr Trp His Ser
 230 235 240 245
 CCA CCT TCA AAG TCT CAT CAT AAG AAG AAG ATT GTA AAC CGG GAT GTG AAA 1047
 Pro Pro Ser Lys Ser His His Lys Lys Lys Ile Val Asn Arg Asp Val Lys
 250 255 260
 CCC TTT CCT GGG ACT GTG GCG AAG ATG TTT TTG AGC ACC TTG ACA ATA 1095
 Pro Phe Pro Gly Thr Val Ala Lys Met Phe Leu Ser Thr Leu Thr Ile
 265 270 275
 GAA AGT GTG ACC AAG AGT GAC CAA GGG GAA TAC ACC TGT GTA GCG TCC 1143
 Glu Ser Val Thr Lys Ser Asp Gln Gly Glu Tyr Thr Cys Val Ala Ser
 280 285 290
 AGT GGA CGG ATG ATC AAG AGA AGA AAT AGA ACA TTT GTC CGA GTT CAC ACA 1191
 Ser Gly Arg Met Ile Lys Arg Asn Arg Thr Phe Val Arg Val His Thr
 295 300 305
 AAG CCT TTT ATT GCT TTC GGT AGT GGG ATG AAA TCT TTG GTG GAA GCC 1239
 Lys Pro Phe Ile Ala Phe Gly Ser Gly Met Lys Ser Leu Val Glu Ala
 310 315 320 325
 ACA GTG GGC AGT CAA GTC CGA ATC CCT GTG AAG TAT CTC AGT TAC CCA 1287
 Thr Val Gly Ser Gln Val Arg Ile Pro Val Lys Tyr Leu Ser Tyr Pro
 330 335 340
 GCT CCT GAT ATC AAA TGG TAC AGA AAT GGA AGG CCC ATT GAG TCC AAC 1335
 Ala Pro Asp Ile Lys Lys Trp Tyr Arg Asn Gly Arg Pro Ile Glu Ser Asn
 345 350 355
 TAC ACA ATG ATT GTT GGC GAT GAA CTC ACC ATC ATG GAA GTG ACT GAA 1383
 Tyr Thr Met Ile Val Gly Asp Glu Leu Thr Ile Met Glu Val Thr Glu
 360 365 370
 AGA GAT GCA GGA AAC TAC ACG GTC ATC CTC ACC AAC CCC ATT TCA ATG 1431

Arg Asp Ala Gly Asn Tyr Thr Val Ile Leu Thr Asn Pro Ile Ser Met
 375 380 385
 GAG AAA CAG AGC CAC ATG GTC TCT CTG GTT GTG AAT GTC CCA CCC CAG
 Glu Lys Gln Ser His Met Val Ser Leu Val Val Asn Val Pro Pro Gln
 390 395 400 405
 ATC GGT GAG AAA GCC TTG ATC TCG CCT ATG GAT TCC TAC CAG TAT GGG
 Ile Gly Glu Lys Ala Leu Ile Ser Pro Met Asp Ser Tyr Gln Tyr Gly
 410 415 420
 ACC ATG CAG ACA TTG ACA TGC ACA GTC TAC GCC AAC CCT CCC CTG CAC
 Thr Met Gln Thr Leu Thr Cys Thr Val Tyr Ala Asn Pro Pro Leu His
 425 430 435
 CAC ATC CAG TGG TAC TGG CAG CTA GAA GAA GCC TGC TCC TAC AGA CCC
 His Ile Gln Trp Tyr Trp Gln Leu Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Tyr Arg Pro
 440 445 450
 GGC CAA ACA AGC CCG TAT GCT TGT AAA GAA TGG AGA CAC GTG GAG GAT
 Gly Gln Thr Ser Pro Tyr Ala Cys Lys Glu Trp Arg His Val Glu Asp
 455 460 465
 TTC CAG GGG GGA AAC AAG ATC GAA GTC ACC AAA AAC CAA TAT GCC CTG
 Phe Gln Gly Gly Asn Lys Ile Glu Val Thr Lys Asn Gln Tyr Ala Leu
 470 475 480 485
 ATT GAA GGA AAA AAC AAC AAA ACT GTA AGT ACG CTG GTC ATC CAA GCT GCC
 Ile Glu Gly Lys Asn Lys Thr Val Ser Thr Leu Val Ile Gln Ala Ala
 490 495 500
 AAC GTG TCA GCG TTG TAC AAA TGT GAA GCC ATC AAC AAA GCG GGA CGA
 Asn Val Ser Ala Leu Tyr Lys Cys Glu Ala Ile Ile Asn Lys Ala Gly Arg
 505 510 515
 GGA GAG AGG GTC ATC TCC TTC CAT GTG ATC AGG GGT CCT GAA ATT ACT
 Gly Glu Arg Val Ile Ser Phe His Val Ile Arg Gly Pro Glu Ile Thr
 1479 1527 1575 1623 1671 1719 1767 1815 1863

| | | | |
|---|-----|-----|------|
| 520 | 525 | 530 | 1911 |
| GTG CAA CCT GCT GCC CAG CAG CCA ACT GAG CAG AGT GTG TCC CTG TTG | | | |
| Val Gln Pro Ala Ala Gln Pro Thr Glu Glu Ser Val Ser Leu Leu | | | |
| 535 | 540 | 545 | |
| TGC ACT GCA GAC AGA AAT ACG TTT GAG AAC CTC ACG TGG TAC AAG CTT | | | 1959 |
| Cys Thr Ala Asp Arg Asn Thr Phe Glu Asn Leu Thr Trp Tyr Lys Leu | | | |
| 550 | 555 | 560 | |
| GGC TCA CAG GCA ACA TCG GTC CAC ATG GGC GAA TCA CTC ACA CCA GTT | | | 2007 |
| Gly Ser Gln Ala Thr Ser Val His Met Gly Glu Ser Leu Thr Pro Val | | | |
| 570 | 575 | 580 | |
| TGC AAG AAC TTG GAT GCT CTT TGG AAA CTG AAT GGC ACC ATG TTT TCT | | | 2055 |
| Cys Lys Asn Leu Asp Ala Leu Trp Lys Leu Asn Gly Thr Met Phe Ser | | | |
| 585 | 590 | 595 | |
| AAC AGC ACA AAT GAC ATC TTG ATT GTG GCA TTT CAG AAT GGC ACC ATG TCT CTG | | | 2103 |
| Asn Ser Thr Asn Asp Ile Leu Ile Val Ala Phe Gln Asn Ala Ser Leu | | | |
| 600 | 605 | 610 | |
| CAG GAC CAA GGC GAC TAT GTT TGC TCT GCT CAA GAT AAG AAG ACC AAG | | | 2151 |
| Gln Asp Gln Gly Asp Tyr Val Cys Ser Ala Gln Asp Lys Lys Thr Lys | | | |
| 615 | 620 | 625 | |
| AAA AGA CAT TGC CTG GTC AAA CAG CTC ATC ATC CTA GAG CGC ATG GCA | | | 2199 |
| Lys Arg His Cys Leu Val Lys Gln Leu Ile Ile Leu Glu Arg Met Ala | | | |
| 630 | 635 | 640 | |
| CCC ATG ATC ACC GGA AAT CTG GAG AAT CAG ACA ACA ACC ATT GGC GAG | | | 2247 |
| Pro Met Ile Thr Gly Asn Leu Glu Asn Gln Thr Thr Thr Ile Gly Glu | | | |
| 650 | 655 | 660 | |
| ACC ATT GAA GTG ACT TGC CCA GCA TCT GGA AAT CCT ACC CCA CAC ATT | | | 2295 |
| Thr Ile Glu Val Thr Cys Pro Ala Ser Gly Asn Pro Thr Pro His Ile | | | |
| 665 | 670 | 675 | |

ACA TGG TTC AAA GAC AAC GAG ACC CTG GTA GAA GAT TCA GGC ATT GTA 2343
 Thr Trp Phe Lys Asp Asn Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Gly Ile Val
 680 685 690
 CTG AGA GAT GGG AAC CGG AAC CTG ACT ATC CGC AGG GTG AGG AAG GAG 2391
 Leu Arg Asp Gly Asn Arg Asn Leu Thr Ile Arg Val Arg Lys Glu
 695 700 705
 GAT GGA GGC CTC TAC ACC TGC CAG GCC TGC AAT GTC CTT GGC TGT GCA 2439
 Asp Gly Gly Leu Tyr Thr Cys Gln Ala Cys Asn Val Leu Gly Cys Ala
 710 715 720 725
 AGA GCG GAG ACG CTC CTC ATA ATA GAA GGT GCC CAG GAA AAG ACC AAC 2487
 Arg Ala Glu Thr Leu Phe Ile Ile Glu Gly Ala Gln Glu Lys Thr Asn
 730 735 740
 TTG GAA GTC ATT ATC CTC CTC GGC ACT GCA GTG ATT GCC ATG TTC TTC 2535
 Leu Glu Val Ile Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Ala Val Ile Ala Met Phe Phe
 745 750 755
 TGG CTC CTT CTT GTC ATT CTC CTC GGC GTA CGG ACC GTT AAG CGG GCC AAT GAA 2583
 Trp Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Val Lys Arg Ala Asn Glu
 760 765 770
 GGG GAA CTG AAG ACA GGC TAC TTG TCT ATT GTC ATG GAT CCA GAT GAA 2631
 Gly Glu Leu Lys Thr Gly Tyr Leu Ser Ile Val Met Asp Pro Asp Glu
 775 780 785
 TTG CCC TTG GAT GAG CGC TGT GAA CGC TTG CCT TAT GAT GCC AGC AAG 2679
 Leu Pro Leu Asp Glu Arg Cys Glu Arg Leu Pro Tyr Asp Ala Ser Lys
 790 795 800 805
 TGG GAA TTC CCC AGG GAC CGG CTG AAA CTA GGA AAA CCT CTT GGC CGC 2727
 Trp Glu Phe Pro Arg Asp Arg Leu Lys Leu Gly Lys Pro Leu Gly Arg
 810 815 820
 GGT GCC TTC GGC CAA GTG ATT GAG GCA GAC GCT TTT GGA ATT GAC AAG 2775

Gly Ala Phe Gly Gln Val Ile Glu Ala Asp Ala Phe Gly Ile Asp Lys
 825 830 835
 ACA GCG ACT TGC AAA ACA GTA GCC GTC AAG ATG TTG AAA GAA GGA GCA
 Thr Ala Thr Cys Lys Lys Thr Val Ala Val Lys Met Leu Lys Glu Gly Ala
 840 845 850 2823
 ACA CAC AGC GAG GAG CAT CGA GCC CTC ATG TCT GAA CTC AAG ATC CTC ATC
 Thr His Ser Glu Glu His Arg Ala Leu Met Ser Glu Leu Lys Ile Leu Ile
 855 860 865 2871
 CAC ATT GGT CAC CAC CAT CTC AAT GTG GTG AAC CTC CTA GGC GCC TGC ACC
 His Ile Gly His His Leu Asn Val Val Val Asn Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Thr
 870 875 880 2919
 AAG CCG GGA GGG CCT CTC ATG GTG ATT GTG GAA TTC TCG AAG TTT GGA
 Lys Pro Gly Gly Pro Leu Met Val Ile Val Glu Phe Ser Lys Phe Gly
 890 895 900 2967
 AAC CTA TCA ACT TAC TTA CGG GGC AAG AGA AAT GAA TTC TTT GTT CCC TAT
 Asn Leu Ser Thr Tyr Leu Arg Gly Lys Arg Asn Glu Phe Val Pro Tyr
 905 910 915 3015
 AAG AGC AAA GGG GCA CGC TTC CGC CAG GGC AAG GAC TAC GTT GGG GAG
 Lys Ser Lys Gly Ala Arg Phe Arg Gln Gly Lys Asp Tyr Val Gly Glu
 920 925 930 3063
 CTC TCC GTG GAT CTG AAA AGA CGC TTG GAC AGC ATC ACC AGC AGC CAG
 Leu Ser Val Asp Leu Lys Arg Arg Arg Leu Asp Ser Ile Thr Ser Ser Gln
 935 940 945 3111
 AGC TCT GCC AGC TCA GGC TTT GTT GAG GAG AAA TCG CTC AGT GAT GTA
 Ser Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Phe Val Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Asp Val
 950 955 960 965 3159
 GAG GAA GAA GAA GCT TCT GAA GAA CTG TAC AAG GAC TTC CTG ACC TTG
 Glu Glu Glu Glu Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Tyr Lys Asp Phe Leu Thr Leu
 3207

970 975 980
 GAG CAT CTC ATC TGT TAC AGC TTC CAA GTG GCT AAG GGC ATG GAG TTC 3255
 Glu His Leu Ile Cys Tyr Ser Phe Gln Val Ala Lys Gly Met Glu Phe 995
 985
 TTG GCA TCA AGG AAG TGT ATC CAC AGG GAC CTG GCA GCA CGA AAC ATT 3303
 Leu Ala Ser Arg Lys Cys Ile His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile 1005 1010
 1000
 CTC CTA TCG GAG AAG AAT GTG GTT AAG ATC TGT GAC TTC GGC TTG GCC 3351
 Leu Leu Ser Glu Lys Asn Val Val Lys Ile Cys Asp Phe Gly Leu Ala 1015 1020 1025
 CGG GAC ATT TAT AAA GAC CCG GAT TAT GTC AGA AAA GGA GAT GCC CGA 3399
 Arg Asp Ile Tyr Lys Asp Pro Asp Tyr Val Arg Lys Gly Asp Ala Arg 1030 1035 1040 1045
 CTC CCT TTG AAG TGG ATG GCC CCG GAA ACC ATT TTT GAC AGA GTA TAC 3447
 Leu Pro Leu Lys Trp Met Ala Pro Glu Thr Ile Phe Asp Arg Val Tyr 1050 1055 1060
 ACA ATT CAG AGC GAT GTG TGG TCT TTC GGT GTG TTC CTC TGG GAA ATA 3495
 Thr Ile Gln Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Phe Gly Val Leu Leu Trp Glu Ile 1065 1070 1075
 TTT TCC TTA GGT GCC TCC CCA TAC CCT GGG GTC AAG ATT GAT GAA GAA 3543
 Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala Ser Pro Tyr Pro Gly Val Lys Ile Asp Glu Glu 1080 1085 1090
 TTT TGT AGG AGA TTG AAA GAA GGA ACT AGA ATG CGG GCT CCT GAC TAC 3591
 Phe Cys Arg Arg Leu Lys Glu Gly Thr Arg Met Arg Ala Pro Asp Tyr 1095 1100 1105
 ACT ACC CCA GAA ATG TAC CAG ACC ATG CTG GAC TGC TGG CAT GAG GAC 3639
 Thr Thr Pro Glu Met Tyr Gln Thr Met Leu Asp Cys Trp His Glu Asp 1110 1115 1120 1125

CCC AAC CAG AGA CCC TCG TTT TCA GAG TTG GTG GAG CAT TTG GGA AAC 3687
 Pro Asn Gln Arg 1130 Glu Ser Phe Ser Glu Leu Val Glu His Leu Gly Asn 1140

 CTC CTG CAA GCA AAT GCG CAG CAG GAT GGC AAA GAC TAT ATT GTT CTT 3735
 Leu Leu Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Gln Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Val Leu 1155
 1145

 CCA ATG TCA GAG ACA CTG AGC ATG GAA GAG GAT TCT GGA CTC TCC CTG 3783
 Pro Met Ser Glu Thr Leu Ser 1165 Met Glu Glu Asp Ser Gly Leu Ser Leu 1170
 1160

 CCT ACC TCA CCT GTT TCC TGT ATG GAG GAA GAG GAT GGC TGC GAC CCC 3831
 Pro Thr Ser Pro Val Ser 1175 Cys Met Glu Glu Glu Val Cys Asp Pro 1185
 1180

 AAA TTC CAT TAT GAC AAC ACA GCA GGA ATC AGT CAT TAT CTC CAG AAC 3879
 Lys Phe His Tyr Asp Asn Thr Ala Gly Ile Ser His Tyr Leu Gln Asn 1205
 1190 1195

 AGT AAG CGA AAG AGC CGG CCA GTG AGT GTA AAA ACA TTT GAA GAT ATC 3927
 Ser Lys Arg Lys Ser Arg Pro Val Ser 1210 Val Ile Pro Asp Ser Gln Thr 1220
 1215

 CCA TTG GAG GAA CCA GAA GTA AAA GTG ATC CCA GAT GAC AGC CAG ACA 3975
 Pro Leu Glu Glu Pro Glu Val Lys Val Ile Pro Asp Ser Gln Thr 1235
 1225

 GAC AGT GGG ATG GTC CTT GCA TCA GAA GAG CTG AAA ACT CTG GAA GAC 4023
 Asp Ser Gly Met Val Leu Ala Ser Glu Glu Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Asp 1250
 1240

 AGG AAC AAA TTA TCT CCA TCT TTT GGT GGA ATG ATG CCC AGT AAA AGC 4071
 Arg Asn Lys Leu Ser Pro Ser Phe Gly Gly Met Met Pro Ser Lys Ser 1265
 1255 1260

 AGG GAG TCT GTG GCC TCG GAA GGC TCC AAC CAG ACC AGT GGC TAC CAG 4119

Arg Glu Ser Val Ala Ser Glu Gly Ser Asn Gln Thr Ser Gly Tyr Gln 1270 1275 1280 1285
TCT GGG TAT CAC TCA GAT GAC ACA GAC ACC ACC GTG TAC TCC AGC GAC 4167
Ser Gly Tyr His Ser Asp Asp Thr Asp Thr Thr Val Tyr Ser Ser Asp 1290 1295 1300
GAG GCA GGA CTT TTA AAG ATG GTG GAT GCT GCA GTT CAC GCT GAC TCA 4215
Glu Ala Gly Leu Leu Lys Met Val Asp Ala Ala Val His Ala Asp Ser 1305 1310 1315
GGG ACC ACA CTG CAG CTC ACC TCC TGT TTA AAT GGA AGT GGT CCT GTC 4263
Gly Thr Thr Leu Gln Leu Thr Ser Cys Leu Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Val 1320 1325 1330
CCG GCT CCG CCC CCA ACT CCT GGA AAT CAC GAG AGA GGT GCT GCT TAGATTTC 4318
Pro Ala Pro Pro Pro Thr Pro Gly Asn His Glu Arg Gly Ala Ala 1335 1340 1345
AGTGTGTGTC TTTCACCCAC CCGGAAGTAG CCACATTGTA TTTTCATTTT TGGAGGAGGG 4378
ACCTCAGACT GCAAGGAGCT TGTCCTCAGG GCATTTCAG AGAAGATGCC CATGACCCAA 4438
GAATGTGTTG ACTCTACTCT CTTTTCCTATT CATTAAAG TCCTATATAA TGTGCCCTGC 4498
TGTGGTCTCA CTACCAGTTA AAGCAAAGA CTTCAACA CGTGGACTCT GTCCTCCAAG 4558
AAGTGGCAAC GGCACCTCTG TGAAACTGGA TCGAATGGC AATGCTTTGT GTGTTGAGGA 4618
TGGGTGAGAT GTCCCAGGC CGAGTCTGTC TACCTTGGAG GCTTTGTGGA GGATGCGGCT 4678
ATGAGCCAAG TGTAAAGTGT GGGATGTGGA CTGGGAGGAA GGAAGGCGCA AGCCGTCCGG 4738
AGAGCGGTTG GAGCCTGCAG ATGCATTGTG CTGGCTCTGG TGGAGGTGGG CTTGTGGCCT 4798
GTCAGGAAC GCAAAGGCG CCGCAGGGT TTGGTTTGG AAGTTTGG TGCTCTTCAC 4858

AGTCGGGTTA CAGGCGAGTT CCCTGTGGCG TTTCCCTACTC CTAATGAGAG TTCCCTTCCGG 4918
 ACTCTTACGT GTCTCCTGGC CTGGCCCCCAG GAAGGAAATG ATGCAGCTTG CTCCTTCCCTC 4978
 ATCTCTCAGG CTGTGCCCTTA ATTCAAGAACA CCAAAAGAGA GGAACGTCGG CAGAGGCTCC 5038
 TGACGGGGCC GAAGAATTGT GAGAACAGAA CAGAAACTCA GGGTTTCTGC TGGGTGGAGA 5098
 CCCACGTGGC GCCCTGGTGG CAGGTCTGAG GGTCTCTGT CAAAGTGGCG TAAAGGCTCA 5158
 GGCTGGTGTT CTTCCTCTAT CTCCACTCCT GTCAGGCCCC CAAATCCTCA GTATTTTAGC 5218
 TTTGTGGCTT CCTGATGGCA GAAAAATCTT AATTGGTTGG TTTGCTCTCC AGATAATCAC 5278
 TAGCCAGATT TCGAAATTAC TTTTATAGCC AGGTTATGAT AACATCTACT GTATCCCTTA 5338
 GAATTTTAAC CTATAAAACT ATGTCTACTG GTTCTGCTTAT GTTAAAAAAA 5398
 AAAAAAAA 5406

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1367 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Glu Ser Lys Gly Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Trp Phe Cys Val Glu
 -19 -15 -10 -5
 Thr Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Leu Pro Gly Asp Phe Leu His Pro Pro
 1 5 10

Lys Leu Ser Thr Gln Lys Asp Ile Leu Thr Ile Leu Ala Asn Thr Thr
 15 20 25
 Leu Gln Ile Thr Cys Arg Gly Gln Arg Asp Leu Asp Trp Leu Trp Pro
 30 35 40 45
 Asn Ala Gln Arg Asp Ser Glu Glu Arg Val Leu Val Thr Glu Cys Gly
 50 55 60
 Gly Gly Asp Ser Ile Phe Cys Lys Thr Leu Thr Ile Pro Arg Val Val
 65 70 75
 Gly Asn Asp Thr Gly Ala Tyr Lys Cys Ser Tyr Arg Asp Val Asp Ile
 80 85 90
 Ala Ser Thr Val Tyr Val Tyr Val Arg Asp Tyr Arg Ser Pro Phe Ile
 95 100 105
 Ala Ser Val Ser Asp Gln His Gly Ile Val Tyr Ile Thr Glu Asn Lys
 110 115 120 125
 Asn Lys Thr Val Ile Pro Cys Arg Gly Ser Ile Ser Asn Leu Asn
 130 135 140
 Val Ser Leu Cys Ala Arg Tyr Pro Glu Lys Arg Phe Val Pro Asp Gly
 145 150 155
 Asn Arg Ile Ser Trp Asp Ser Glu Ile Gly Phe Thr Leu Pro Ser Tyr
 160 165 170
 Met Ile Ser Tyr Ala Gly Met Val Phe Cys Glu Ala Lys Ile Asn Asp
 175 180 185
 Glu Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ile Met Tyr Ile Val Val Val Gly Tyr Arg
 190 195 200 205
 Ile Tyr Asp Val Ile Leu Ser Pro Pro His Glu Ile Glu Leu Ser Ala

| | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 210 | | 215 | | 220 |
| Gly | Glu | Lys | Leu | Val | Leu |
| | 225 | | Thr | Ala | Arg |
| | | | 230 | | Thr |
| | | | | | Glu |
| | | | | | 235 |
| | | | | | Leu |
| | | | | | Asn |
| | | | | | Val |
| Gly | Leu | Asp | Phe | Thr | Trp |
| | 240 | | His | Ser | Pro |
| | | | 245 | | Pro |
| | | | | | Ser |
| | | | | | Lys |
| | | | | | 250 |
| | | | | | Ser |
| | | | | | His |
| | | | | | Lys |
| Lys | Ile | Val | Asn | Arg | Asp |
| | 255 | | Val | Lys | Pro |
| | | | 260 | | Phe |
| | | | | | Pro |
| | | | | | Gly |
| | | | | | 265 |
| | | | | | Thr |
| | | | | | Val |
| | | | | | Ala |
| | | | | | Lys |
| Met | Phe | Leu | Ser | Thr | Leu |
| | 270 | | Thr | 275 | Thr |
| | | | Leu | Thr | Ile |
| | | | Thr | Ile | Glu |
| | | | | Ser | Val |
| | | | | 280 | Thr |
| | | | | | Lys |
| | | | | | Ser |
| | | | | | Asp |
| | | | | | Gln |
| | | | | | 285 |
| Gly | Glu | Tyr | Thr | Cys | Val |
| | | | 290 | | Ala |
| | | | | Ser | Ser |
| | | | | Gly | Arg |
| | | | | 295 | Met |
| | | | | | Ile |
| | | | | | Lys |
| | | | | | Arg |
| | | | | | 300 |
| | | | | | Asn |
| Arg | Thr | Phe | Val | Arg | Val |
| | | 305 | His | Thr | Lys |
| | | | 310 | | Pro |
| | | | | Phe | Ile |
| | | | | Ala | Phe |
| | | | | | Gly |
| | | | | | Ser |
| | | | | | 315 |
| Gly | Met | Lys | Ser | Leu | Val |
| | | 320 | Glu | Val | Gln |
| | | | Ala | Thr | Val |
| | | | 325 | | Arg |
| | | | | Ser | Ile |
| Pro | Val | Lys | Tyr | Leu | Ser |
| | | 335 | 340 | | Tyr |
| | | | Pro | Ala | Pro |
| | | | | Asp | Ile |
| | | | | 345 | Lys |
| | | | | | Trp |
| | | | | | Tyr |
| | | | | | Arg |
| Asn | Gly | Arg | Pro | Ile | Glu |
| | | 350 | 355 | | Asp |
| | | | | Met | Gly |
| | | | | 360 | 365 |
| Leu | Thr | Ile | Met | Glu | Val |
| | | 370 | Thr | Glu | Arg |
| | | | 375 | | Ala |
| | | | | Gly | Asn |
| | | | | Tyr | Thr |
| | | | | | Val |
| Ile | Leu | Thr | Asn | Pro | Ile |
| | | 385 | Ser | Met | Glu |
| | | | 390 | | Lys |
| | | | | Gln | Ser |
| | | | | His | Met |
| | | | | | Val |
| | | | | | Ser |
| | | | | | 395 |
| Leu | Val | Val | Asn | Val | Pro |
| | | 400 | Pro | Pro | Gln |
| | | | | Ile | Gly |
| | | | | Lys | Ala |
| | | | | Leu | Ile |
| | | | | Ser | |
| | | | | | 410 |

Pro Met Asp Ser Tyr Gln Tyr Gly Thr Met Gln Thr Leu Thr Cys Thr
 415
 Val Tyr Ala Asn Pro Pro Leu His His Ile Gln Trp Tyr Trp Gln Leu
 430 435
 Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Tyr Arg Pro Gly Gln Thr Ser Pro Tyr Ala Cys
 450
 Lys Glu Trp Arg His Val Glu Asp Phe Gln Gly Gly Asn Lys Ile Glu
 465 470
 Val Thr Lys Asn Gln Tyr Ala Leu Ile Glu Gly Lys Asn Lys Thr Val
 480 485
 Ser Thr Leu Val Ile Gln Ala Ala Asn Val Ser Ala Leu Tyr Lys Cys
 495 500
 Glu Ala Ile Asn Lys Ala Gly Arg Gly Glu Arg Val Ile Ser Phe His
 510 515 520 525
 Val Ile Arg Gly Pro Glu Ile Thr Val Gln Pro Ala Ala Gln Pro Thr
 530 535 540
 Glu Gln Glu Ser Val Ser Leu Leu Cys Thr Ala Asp Arg Asn Thr Phe
 545 550 555
 Glu Asn Leu Thr Trp Tyr Lys Leu Gly Ser Gln Ala Thr Ser Val His
 560 565 570
 Met Gly Glu Ser Leu Thr Pro Val Cys Lys Asn Leu Asp Ala Leu Trp
 575 580 585
 Lys Leu Asn Gly Thr Met Phe Ser Asn Ser Thr Asn Asp Ile Leu Ile
 590 595 600 605
 Val Ala Phe Gln Asn Ala Ser Leu Gln Asp Gln Gly Asp Tyr Val Cys

| | 610 | 615 | 620 |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| Ser Ala Gln Asp | Lys Lys Thr Lys Lys Arg His Cys Leu Val Lys Gln | | |
| | 625 | 630 | 635 |
| Leu Ile Ile Leu Glu Arg Met Ala Pro Met Ile Thr Gly Asn Leu Glu | | | |
| | 640 | 645 | 650 |
| Asn Gln Thr Thr Thr Ile Gly Glu Thr Ile Glu Val Thr Cys Pro Ala | | | |
| | 655 | 660 | 665 |
| Ser Gly Asn Pro Thr Pro His Ile Thr Trp Phe Lys Asp Asn Glu Thr | | | |
| | 670 | 675 | 680 |
| Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Gly Ile Val Leu Arg Asp Gly Asn Arg Asn Leu | | | |
| | 690 | 695 | 700 |
| Thr Ile Arg Arg Val Arg Lys Glu Asp Gly Leu Tyr Thr Cys Gln | | | |
| | 705 | 710 | 715 |
| Ala Cys Asn Val Leu Gly Cys Ala Arg Ala Glu Thr Leu Phe Ile Ile | | | |
| | 720 | 725 | 730 |
| Glu Gly Ala Gln Glu Lys Thr Asn Leu Glu Val Ile Ile Leu Val Gly | | | |
| | 735 | 740 | 745 |
| Thr Ala Val Ile Ala Met Phe Phe Thr Leu Leu Val Ile Leu Val | | | |
| | 750 | 755 | 760 |
| Arg Thr Val Lys Arg Ala Asn Glu Gly Glu Leu Lys Thr Gly Tyr Leu | | | |
| | 770 | 775 | 780 |
| Ser Ile Val Met Asp Pro Asp Glu Leu Pro Leu Asp Glu Arg Cys Glu | | | |
| | 785 | 790 | 795 |
| Arg Leu Pro Tyr Asp Ala Ser Lys Trp Glu Phe Pro Arg Asp Arg Leu | | | |
| | 800 | 805 | 810 |

Lys Leu Gly Lys Pro Leu Gly Arg Gly Ala Phe Gly Gln Val Ile Glu
 815 820 825
 Ala Asp Ala Phe Gly Ile Asp Lys Thr Ala Thr Cys Lys Thr Val Ala
 830 835 840 845
 Val Lys Met Leu Lys Glu Gly Ala Thr His Ser Glu His Arg Ala Leu
 850 855 860
 Met Ser Glu Leu Lys Ile Leu Ile His Ile Gly His His Leu Asn Val
 865 870 875
 Val Asn Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Thr Lys Pro Gly Gly Pro Leu Met Val
 880 885 890
 Ile Val Glu Phe Ser Lys Phe Gly Asn Leu Ser Thr Tyr Leu Arg Gly
 895 900 905
 Lys Arg Asn Glu Phe Val Pro Tyr Lys Ser Lys Gly Ala Arg Phe Arg
 910 915 920 925
 Gln Gly Lys Asp Tyr Val Gly Glu Leu Ser Val Asp Leu Lys Arg Arg
 930 935 940
 Leu Asp Ser Ile Thr Ser Ser Gln Ser Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Phe Val
 945 950 955
 Glu Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Asp Val Glu Glu Glu Ala Ser Glu Glu
 960 965 970
 Leu Tyr Lys Asp Phe Leu Thr Leu Glu His Leu Ile Cys Tyr Ser Phe
 975 980 985
 Gln Val Ala Lys Gly Met Glu Phe Leu Ala Ser Arg Lys Cys Ile His
 990 995 1000 1005
 Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Leu Ser Glu Lys Asn Val Val

| | 1010 | 1015 | 1020 |
|---|------|------|------|
| Lys Ile Cys Asp Phe Gly Leu Ala Arg Asp Ile Tyr Lys Asp Pro Asp | 1025 | 1030 | 1035 |
| Tyr Val Arg Lys Gly Asp Ala Arg Leu Pro Leu Lys Trp Met Ala Pro | 1040 | 1045 | 1050 |
| Glu Thr Ile Phe Asp Arg Val Tyr Thr Ile Gln Ser Asp Val Trp Ser | 1055 | 1060 | 1065 |
| Phe Gly Val Leu Leu Trp Glu Ile Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala Ser Pro Tyr | 1070 | 1075 | 1080 |
| Pro Gly Val Lys Ile Asp Glu Glu Phe Cys Arg Arg Leu Lys Glu Gly | 1090 | 1095 | 1100 |
| Thr Arg Met Arg Ala Pro Asp Tyr Thr Thr Pro Glu Met Tyr Gln Thr | 1105 | 1110 | 1115 |
| Met Leu Asp Cys Trp His Glu Asp Pro Asn Gln Arg Pro Ser Phe Ser | 1120 | 1125 | 1130 |
| Glu Leu Val Glu His Leu Gly Asn Leu Leu Gln Ala Asn Ala Gln Gln | 1135 | 1140 | 1145 |
| Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Val Leu Pro Met Ser Glu Thr Leu Ser Met | 1150 | 1155 | 1160 |
| Glu Glu Asp Ser Gly Leu Ser Leu Pro Thr Ser Pro Val Ser Cys Met | 1170 | 1175 | 1180 |
| Glu Glu Glu Glu Val Cys Asp Pro Lys Phe His Tyr Asp Asn Thr Ala | 1185 | 1190 | 1195 |
| Gly Ile Ser His Tyr Leu Gln Asn Ser Lys Arg Lys Ser Arg Pro Val | 1200 | 1205 | 1210 |

Ser Val Lys Thr Phe Glu Asp Ile Pro Leu Glu Glu Pro Glu Val Lys
 1215 1220 1225
 Val Ile Pro Asp Asp Ser Gln Thr Asp Ser Gly Met Val Leu Ala Ser
 1230 1235 1240 1245
 Glu Glu Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Asp Arg Asn Lys Leu Ser Pro Ser Phe
 1250 1255 1260
 Gly Gly Met Met Pro Ser Lys Ser Arg Glu Ser Val Ala Ser Glu Gly
 1265 1270 1275
 Ser Asn Gln Thr Ser Gly Tyr Gln Ser Gly Tyr His Ser Asp Asp Thr
 1280 1285 1290
 Asp Thr Thr Val Tyr Ser Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Leu Leu Lys Met Val
 1295 1300 1305
 Asp Ala Ala Val His Ala Asp Ser Gly Thr Thr Leu Gln Leu Thr Ser
 1310 1315 1320 1325
 Cys Leu Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Val Pro Ala Pro Pro Pro Thr Pro Gly
 1330 1335 1340
 Asn His Glu Arg Gly Ala Ala
 1345

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 96 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

AATTCGTCGA CTTTCTGTCA CCATGAGTGC ACTTCTGATC CTAGCCCTTG TGGGAGCTGC 60

TGTTGCTGAC TACAAAGATG ATGATGACAA GATCTA 96

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 96 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

AGCTTAGATC TTGTCATCAT CATCTTTGTA GTCAGCAACA GCAGCTCCCA CAGAGGCTAG 60

GATCAGAAGT GCACTCATGG TGACAGAAAG TCGACG 96

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

TGAGAAGATC TCAAACCAAG ACCTGCCTGT

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

CCAATGGCGG CCGCTCAGGA GATGTTGTCT TGGA

34

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: N-terminal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Ala Gln Ser Leu Ser Phe Xaa Phe Thr Lys Phe Asp Leu Asp
1 5 10

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

5

1. A protein that binds to the Flk2 receptor comprising the amino acid sequence AQSLSFXFTKFDLD shown in SEQ. ID. NO. 11, wherein X is any amino acid.

10

Fig. 1a.1

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GCGGCCTGGC | TACCGCGCGC | TCCGGAGGCC | ATG | CGG | GCG | TTG | GCG | CAG | CGC | AGC | | | | | |
| | | | Met | Arg | Ala | Leu | Ala | Gln | Arg | Ser | | | | | |
| | | | -27 | | -25 | | | | | -20 | | | | | |
| GAC | CGG | CGG | CTG | CTG | CTG | CTT | GTT | GTT | TTG | TCA | GTA | ATG | ATT | CTT | GAG |
| Asp | Arg | Arg | Leu | Leu | Leu | Leu | Val | Val | Leu | Ser | Val | Met | Ile | Leu | Glu |
| | | | -15 | | | | | | -10 | | | | | -5 | |
| ACC | GTT | ACA | AAC | CAA | GAC | CTG | CCT | GTG | ATC | AAG | TGT | GTT | TTA | ATC | AGT |
| Thr | Val | Thr | Asn | Gln | Asp | Leu | Pro | Val | Ile | Lys | Cys | Val | Leu | Ile | Ser |
| | | | 1 | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | | |
| CAT | GAG | AAC | AAT | GGC | TCA | TCA | GCG | GGA | AAG | CCA | TCA | TCG | TAC | CGA | ATG |
| His | Glu | Asn | Asn | Gly | Ser | Ser | Ala | Gly | Lys | Pro | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Arg | Met |
| | 15 | | | | | 20 | | | | | 25 | | | | |
| GTG | CGA | GGA | TCC | CCA | GAA | GAC | CTC | CAG | TGT | ACC | CCG | AGG | CGC | CAG | AGT |
| Val | Arg | Gly | Ser | Pro | Glu | Asp | Leu | Gln | Cys | Thr | Pro | Arg | Arg | Gln | Ser |
| | 30 | | | | 35 | | | | | 40 | | | | | 45 |
| GAA | GGG | ACG | GTA | TAT | GAA | GCG | GCC | ACC | GTG | GAG | GTG | GCC | GAG | TCT | GGG |
| Glu | Gly | Thr | Val | Tyr | Glu | Ala | Ala | Thr | Val | Glu | Val | Ala | Glu | Ser | Gly |
| | | | | 50 | | | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | |
| TCC | ATC | ACC | CTG | CAA | GTG | CAG | CTC | GCC | ACC | CCA | GGG | GAC | CTT | TCC | TGC |
| Ser | Ile | Thr | Leu | Gln | Val | Gln | Leu | Ala | Thr | Pro | Gly | Asp | Leu | Ser | Cys |
| | | | 65 | | | | | 70 | | | | | 75 | | |
| CTC | TGG | GTC | TTT | AAG | CAC | AGC | TCC | CTG | GGC | TGC | CAG | CCG | CAC | TTT | GAT |
| Leu | Trp | Val | Phe | Lys | His | Ser | Ser | Leu | Gly | Cys | Gln | Pro | His | Phe | Asp |
| | | 80 | | | | | 85 | | | | | 90 | | | |
| TTA | CAA | AAC | AGA | GGA | ATC | GTT | TCC | ATG | GCC | ATC | TTG | AAC | GTG | ACA | GAG |
| Leu | Gln | Asn | Arg | Gly | Ile | Val | Ser | Met | Ala | Ile | Leu | Asn | Val | Thr | Glu |
| | 95 | | | | | 100 | | | | | 105 | | | | |
| ACC | CAG | GCA | GGA | GAA | TAC | CTA | CTC | CAT | ATT | CAG | AGC | GAA | CGC | GCC | AAC |
| Thr | Gln | Ala | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | His | Ile | Gln | Ser | Glu | Arg | Ala | Asn |
| | | | | | 115 | | | | | 120 | | | | | 125 |
| TAC | ACA | GTA | CTG | TTC | ACA | GTG | AAT | GTA | AGA | GAT | ACA | CAG | CTG | TAT | GTG |
| Tyr | Thr | Val | Leu | Phe | Thr | Val | Asn | Val | Arg | Asp | Thr | Gln | Leu | Tyr | Val |
| | | | | 130 | | | | | 135 | | | | | 140 | |
| CTA | AGG | AGA | CCT | TAC | TTT | AGG | AAG | ATG | GAA | AAC | CAG | GAT | GCA | CTG | CTC |
| Leu | Arg | Arg | Pro | Tyr | Phe | Arg | Lys | Met | Glu | Asn | Gln | Asp | Ala | Leu | Leu |
| | | | 145 | | | | | 150 | | | | | 155 | | |

Fig. 1a.2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| TGC | ATC | TCC | GAG | GGT | GTT | CCG | GAG | CCC | ACT | GTG | GAG | TGG | GTG | CTC | TGC |
| Cys | Ile | Ser | Glu | Gly | Val | Pro | Glu | Pro | Thr | Val | Glu | Trp | Val | Leu | Cys |
| | | 160 | | | | | 165 | | | | | 170 | | | |
| AGC | TCC | CAC | AGG | GAA | AGC | TGT | AAA | GAA | GAA | GGC | CCT | GCT | GTT | GTC | AGA |
| Ser | Ser | His | Arg | Glu | Ser | Cys | Lys | Glu | Glu | Gly | Pro | Ala | Val | Val | Arg |
| | 175 | | | | | 180 | | | | | 185 | | | | |
| AAG | GAG | GAA | AAG | GTA | CTT | CAT | GAG | TTG | TTC | GGA | ACA | GAC | ATC | AGA | TGC |
| Lys | Glu | Glu | Lys | Val | Leu | His | Glu | Leu | Phe | Gly | Thr | Asp | Ile | Arg | Cys |
| 190 | | | | | 195 | | | | | 200 | | | | | 205 |
| TGT | GCT | AGA | AAT | GCA | CTG | GGC | CGC | GAA | TGC | ACC | AAG | CTG | TTC | ACC | ATA |
| Cys | Ala | Arg | Asn | Ala | Leu | Gly | Arg | Glu | Cys | Thr | Lys | Leu | Phe | Thr | Ile |
| | | | 210 | | | | | | 215 | | | | | 220 | |
| GAT | CTA | AAC | CAG | GCT | CCT | CAG | AGC | ACA | CTG | CCC | CAG | TTA | TTC | CTG | AAA |
| Asp | Leu | Asn | Gln | Ala | Pro | Gln | Ser | Thr | Leu | Pro | Gln | Leu | Phe | Leu | Lys |
| | | | 225 | | | | | 230 | | | | | 235 | | |
| GTG | GGG | GAA | CCC | TTG | TGG | ATC | AGG | TGT | AAG | GCC | ATC | CAT | GTG | AAC | CAT |
| Val | Gly | Glu | Pro | Leu | Trp | Ile | Arg | Cys | Lys | Ala | Ile | His | Val | Asn | His |
| | | 240 | | | | | 245 | | | | | 250 | | | |
| GGA | TTC | GGG | CTC | ACC | TGG | GAG | CTG | GAA | GAC | AAA | GCC | CTG | GAG | GAG | GGC |
| Gly | Phe | Gly | Leu | Thr | Trp | Glu | Leu | Glu | Asp | Lys | Ala | Leu | Glu | Glu | Gly |
| | 255 | | | | | 260 | | | | | 265 | | | | |
| AGC | TAC | TTT | GAG | ATG | AGT | ACC | TAC | TCC | ACA | AAC | AGG | ACC | ATG | ATT | CGG |
| Ser | Tyr | Phe | Glu | Met | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Ser | Thr | Asn | Arg | Thr | Met | Ile | Arg |
| 270 | | | | | 275 | | | | | 280 | | | | | 285 |
| ATT | CTC | TTG | GCC | TTT | GTG | TCT | TCC | GTG | GGA | AGG | AAC | GAC | ACC | GGA | TAT |
| Ile | Leu | Leu | Ala | Phe | Val | Ser | Ser | Val | Gly | Arg | Asn | Asp | Thr | Gly | Tyr |
| | | | 290 | | | | | | 295 | | | | | 300 | |
| TAC | ACC | TGC | TCT | TCC | TCA | AAG | CAC | CCC | AGC | CAG | TCA | GCG | TTG | GTG | ACC |
| Tyr | Thr | Cys | Ser | Ser | Ser | Lys | His | Pro | Ser | Gln | Ser | Ala | Leu | Val | Thr |
| | | | 305 | | | | | 310 | | | | | 315 | | |
| ATC | CTA | GAA | AAA | GGG | TTT | ATA | AAC | GCT | ACC | AGC | TCG | CAA | GAA | GAG | TAT |
| Ile | Leu | Glu | Lys | Gly | Phe | Ile | Asn | Ala | Thr | Ser | Ser | Gln | Glu | Glu | Tyr |
| | | 320 | | | | | 325 | | | | | 330 | | | |
| GAA | ATT | GAC | CCG | TAC | GAA | AAG | TTC | TGC | TTC | TCA | GTC | AGG | TTT | AAA | GCG |
| Glu | Ile | Asp | Pro | Tyr | Glu | Lys | Phe | Cys | Phe | Ser | Val | Arg | Phe | Lys | Ala |
| | 335 | | | | | 340 | | | | | 345 | | | | |

Fig. 1a.3

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| TAC Tyr 350 | CCA Pro | CGA Arg | ATC Ile | CGA Arg | TGC Cys 355 | ACG Thr | TGG Trp | ATC Ile | TTC Phe | TCT Ser 360 | CAA Gln | GCC Ala | TCA Ser | TTT Phe | CCT Pro 365 |
| TGT Cys | GAA Glu | CAG Gln | AGA Arg | GGC Gly 370 | CTG Leu | GAG Glu | GAT Asp | GGG Gly 375 | TAC Tyr | AGC Ser | ATA Ile | TCT Ser | AAA Lys | TTT Phe 380 | TGC Cys |
| GAT Asp | CAT His | AAG Lys | AAC Asn 385 | AAG Lys | CCA Pro | GGA Gly | GAG Glu | TAC Tyr 390 | ATA Ile | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GCA Ala | GAA Glu 395 | AAT Asn | GAT Asp |
| GAC Asp | GCC Ala | CAG Gln 400 | TTC Phe | ACC Thr | AAA Lys | ATG Met | TTC Phe 405 | ACG Thr | CTG Leu | AAT Asn | ATA Ile | AGA Arg 410 | AAG Lys | AAA Lys | CCT Pro |
| CAA Gln 415 | GTG Val | CTA Leu | GCA Ala | AAT Asn | GCC Ala | TCA Ser 420 | GCC Ala | AGC Ser | CAG Gln | GCG Ala | TCC Ser 425 | TGT Cys | TCC Ser | TCT Ser | GAT Asp |
| GGC Gly 430 | TAC Tyr | CCG Pro | CTA Leu | CCC Pro | TCT Ser 435 | TGG Trp | ACC Thr | TGG Trp | AAG Lys | AAG Lys 440 | TGT Cys | TCG Ser | GAC Asp | AAA Lys | TCT Ser 445 |
| CCC Pro | AAT Asn | TGC Cys | ACG Thr | GAG Glu 450 | GAA Glu | ATC Ile | CCA Pro | GAA Glu | GGA Gly 455 | GTT Val | TGG Trp | AAT Asn | AAA Lys | AAG Lys 460 | GCT Ala |
| AAC Asn | AGA Arg | AAA Lys | GTG Val 465 | TTT Phe | GGC Gly | CAG Gln | TGG Trp | GTG Val 470 | TCG Ser | AGC Ser | AGT Ser | ACT Thr | CTA Leu 475 | AAT Asn | ATG Met |
| AGT Ser | GAG Glu | GCC Ala 480 | GGG Gly | AAA Lys | GGG Gly | CTT Leu | CTG Leu 485 | GTC Val | AAA Lys | TGC Cys | TGT Cys | GCG Ala 490 | TAC Tyr | AAT Asn | TCT Ser |
| ATG Met 495 | GGC Gly | ACG Thr | TCT Ser | TGC Cys | GAA Glu | ACC Thr 500 | ATC Ile | TTT Phe | TTA Leu | AAC Asn | TCA Ser 505 | CCA Pro | GGC Gly | CCC Pro | TTC Phe |
| CCT Pro 510 | TTC Phe | ATC Ile | CAA Gln | GAC Asp | AAC Asn 515 | ATC Ile | TCC Ser | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GCG Ala 520 | ACC Thr | ATT Ile | GGG Gly | CTC Leu | TGT Cys 525 |
| CTC Leu | CCC Pro | TTC Phe | ATT Ile | GTT Val 530 | GTT Val | CTC Leu | ATT Ile | GTG Val | TTG Leu 535 | ATC Ile | TGC Cys | CAC His | AAA Lys | TAC Tyr 540 | AAA Lys |

Fig. 1a.4

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AAG | CAA | TTT | AGG | TAC | GAG | AGT | CAG | CTG | CAG | ATG | ATC | CAG | GTG | ACT | GGC |
| Lys | Gln | Phe | Arg | Tyr | Glu | Ser | Gln | Leu | Gln | Met | Ile | Gln | Val | Thr | Gly |
| | | | 545 | | | | | 550 | | | | | 555 | | |
| CCC | CTG | GAT | AAC | GAG | TAC | TTC | TAC | GTT | GAC | TTC | AGG | GAC | TAT | GAA | TAT |
| Pro | Leu | Asp | Asn | Glu | Tyr | Phe | Tyr | Val | Asp | Phe | Arg | Asp | Tyr | Glu | Tyr |
| | | 560 | | | | | 565 | | | | | 570 | | | |
| GAC | CTT | AAG | TGG | GAG | TTC | CCG | AGA | GAG | AAC | TTA | GAG | TTT | GGG | AAG | GTC |
| Asp | Leu | Lys | Trp | Glu | Phe | Pro | Arg | Glu | Asn | Leu | Glu | Phe | Gly | Lys | Val |
| | 575 | | | | | 580 | | | | | 585 | | | | |
| CTG | GGG | TCT | GGC | GCT | TTC | GGG | AGG | GTG | ATG | AAC | GCC | ACG | GCC | TAT | GGC |
| Leu | Gly | Ser | Gly | Ala | Phe | Gly | Arg | Val | Met | Asn | Ala | Thr | Ala | Tyr | Gly |
| 590 | | | | | 595 | | | | | 600 | | | | | 605 |
| ATT | AGT | AAA | ACG | GGA | GTC | TCA | ATT | CAG | GTG | GCG | GTG | AAG | ATG | CTA | AAA |
| Ile | Ser | Lys | Thr | Gly | Val | Ser | Ile | Gln | Val | Ala | Val | Lys | Met | Leu | Lys |
| | | | | 610 | | | | | 615 | | | | | 620 | |
| GAG | AAA | GCT | GAC | AGC | TGT | GAA | AAA | GAA | GCT | CTC | ATG | TCG | GAG | CTC | AAA |
| Glu | Lys | Ala | Asp | Ser | Cys | Glu | Lys | Glu | Ala | Leu | Met | Ser | Glu | Leu | Lys |
| | | | 625 | | | | | 630 | | | | | 635 | | |
| ATG | ATG | ACC | CAC | CTG | GGA | CAC | CAT | GAC | AAC | ATC | GTG | AAT | CTG | CTG | GGG |
| Met | Met | Thr | His | Leu | Gly | His | His | Asp | Asn | Ile | Val | Asn | Leu | Leu | Gly |
| | | 640 | | | | | 645 | | | | | 650 | | | |
| GCA | TGC | ACA | CTG | TCA | GGG | CCA | GTG | TAC | TTG | ATT | TTT | GAA | TAT | TGT | TGC |
| Ala | Cys | Thr | Leu | Ser | Gly | Pro | Val | Tyr | Leu | Ile | Phe | Glu | Tyr | Cys | Cys |
| | 655 | | | | | 660 | | | | | 665 | | | | |
| TAT | GGT | GAC | CTC | CTC | AAC | TAC | CTA | AGA | AGT | AAA | AGA | GAG | AAG | TTT | CAC |
| Tyr | Gly | Asp | Leu | Leu | Asn | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Ser | Lys | Arg | Glu | Lys | Phe | His |
| 670 | | | | | 675 | | | | | 680 | | | | | 685 |
| AGG | ACA | TGG | ACA | GAG | ATT | TTT | AAG | GAA | CAT | AAT | TTC | AGT | TCT | TAC | CCT |
| Arg | Thr | Trp | Thr | Glu | Ile | Phe | Lys | Glu | His | Asn | Phe | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Pro |
| | | | | 690 | | | | | 695 | | | | | 700 | |
| ACT | TTC | CAG | GCA | CAT | TCA | AAT | TCC | AGC | ATG | CCT | GGT | TCA | CGA | GAA | GTT |
| Thr | Phe | Gln | Ala | His | Ser | Asn | Ser | Ser | Met | Pro | Gly | Ser | Arg | Glu | Val |
| | | | 705 | | | | | 710 | | | | | 715 | | |
| CAG | TTA | CAC | CCG | CCC | TTG | GAT | CAG | CTC | TCA | GGG | TTC | AAT | GGG | AAT | TCA |
| Gln | Leu | His | Pro | Pro | Leu | Asp | Gln | Leu | Ser | Gly | Phe | Asn | Gly | Asn | Ser |
| | | 720 | | | | | 725 | | | | | 730 | | | |

Fig. 1a.5

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| ATT Ile | CAT His | TCT Ser | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | AAG Lys | AGG Arg | CTG Leu | GCA Ala |
| | 735 | | | | | 740 | | | | | 745 | | | | |
| GAA Glu | GAA Glu | GAG Glu | GAG Glu | GAA Glu | GAT Asp | TTG Leu | AAC Asn | GTG Val | CTG Leu | ACG Thr | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | GAC Asp | CTC Leu | CTT Leu |
| | 750 | | | | 755 | | | | | 760 | | | | | 765 |
| TGC Cys | TTT Phe | GCG Ala | TAC Tyr | CAA Gln | GTG Val | GCC Ala | AAA Lys | GGC Gly | ATG Met | GAA Glu | TTC Phe | CTG Leu | GAG Glu | TTC Phe | AAG Lys |
| | | | | 770 | | | | 775 | | | | | | 780 | |
| TCG Ser | TGT Cys | GTC Val | CAC His | AGA Arg | GAC Asp | CTG Leu | GCA Ala | GCC Ala | AGG Arg | AAT Asn | GTG Val | TTG Leu | GTC Val | ACC Thr | CAC His |
| | | | 785 | | | | | 790 | | | | | 795 | | |
| GGG Gly | AAG Lys | GTG Val | GTG Val | AAG Lys | ATC Ile | TGT Cys | GAC Asp | TTT Phe | GGA Gly | CTG Leu | GCC Ala | CGA Arg | GAC Asp | ATC Ile | CTG Leu |
| | | 800 | | | | | 805 | | | | | 810 | | | |
| AGC Ser | GAC Asp | TCC Ser | AGC Ser | TAC Tyr | GTC Val | GTC Val | AGG Arg | GGC Gly | AAC Asn | GCA Ala | CGG Arg | CTG Leu | CCG Pro | GTG Val | AAG Lys |
| | 815 | | | | | 820 | | | | | 825 | | | | |
| TGG Trp | ATG Met | GCA Ala | CCC Pro | GAG Glu | AGC Ser | TTA Leu | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | GGG Gly | ATC Ile | TAC Tyr | ACA Thr | ATC Ile | AAG Lys | AGT Ser |
| | 830 | | | | 835 | | | | | 840 | | | | | 845 |
| GAC Asp | GTC Val | TGG Trp | TCC Ser | TAC Tyr | GGC Gly | ATC Ile | CTT Leu | CTC Leu | TGG Trp | GAG Glu | ATA Ile | TTT Phe | TCA Ser | CTG Leu | GGT Gly |
| | | | | 850 | | | | | 855 | | | | | 860 | |
| GTG Val | AAC Asn | CCT Pro | TAC Tyr | CCT Pro | GGC Gly | ATT Ile | CCT Pro | GTC Val | GAC Asp | GCT Ala | AAC Asn | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | AAA Lys | CTG Leu |
| | | | 865 | | | | | 870 | | | | | 875 | | |
| ATT Ile | CAG Gln | AGT Ser | GGA Gly | TTT Phe | AAA Lys | ATG Met | GAG Glu | CAG Gln | CCA Pro | TTC Phe | TAT Tyr | GCC Ala | ACA Thr | GAA Glu | GGG Gly |
| | | 880 | | | | | 885 | | | | | 890 | | | |
| ATA Ile | TAC Tyr | TTT Phe | GTA Val | ATG Met | CAA Gln | TCC Ser | TGC Cys | TGG Trp | GCT Ala | TTT Phe | GAC Asp | TCA Ser | AGG Arg | AAG Lys | CGG Arg |
| | 895 | | | | | 900 | | | | | 905 | | | | |

6/23

Fig. 1a.6

CCA TCC TTC CCC AAC CTG ACT TCA TTT TTA GGA TGT CAG CTG GCA GAG
Pro Ser Phe Pro Asn Leu Thr Ser Phe Leu Gly Cys Gln Leu Ala Glu
910 915 920 925

GCA GAA GAA GCA TGT ATC AGA ACA TCC ATC CAT CTA CCA AAA CAG GCG
Ala Glu Glu Ala Cys Ile Arg Thr Ser Ile His Leu Pro Lys Gln Ala
930 935 940

GCC CCT CAG CAG AGA GGC GGG CTC AGA GCC CAG TCG CCA CAG CGC CAG
Ala Pro Gln Gln Arg Gly Gly Leu Arg Ala Gln Ser Pro Gln Arg Gln
945 950 955

GTG AAG ATT CAC AGA GAA AGA AGT TAGCGAGGAG GCCTTGGACC CCGCCACCCT
Val Lys Ile His Arg Glu Arg Ser
960 965

AGCAGGCTGT AGACCGCAGA GCCAAGATTA GCCTCGCCTC TGAGGAAGCG CCCTACAGCG
CGTTGCTTCG CTGGACTTTT CTCTAGATGC TGTCTGCCAT TACTCCAAAG TGACTTCTAT

AAAATCAAAC CTCTCCTCGC ACAGGCGGGA GAGCCAATAA TGAGACTTGT TGGTGAGCCC

GCCTACCCTG GGGGCCTTTC CACGAGCTTG AGGGGAAAGC CATGTATCTG AAATATAGTA

TATTCTTGTA AATACGTGAA ACAAACCAA CCCGTTTTTT GCTAAGGGAA AGCTAAATAT

GATTTTAAA AATCTATGTT TTAAAATACT ATGTAAC TTTTTCATCTATT TAGTGATATA

TTTTATGGAT GGAAATAAAC TTTCTACTGT AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAA

6/23

Fig. 1b.1

CGAGGCGGCA TCCGAGGGCT GGGCCGGCGC CCTGGGGGAC CCCGGGCTCC GGAGGCC

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ATG | CCG | GCG | TTG | GCG | CGC | GAC | GCG | GGC | ACC | GTG | CCG | CTG | CTC | GTT | GTT |
| Met | Pro | Ala | Leu | Ala | Arg | Asp | Ala | Gly | Thr | Val | Pro | Leu | Leu | Val | Val |
| -27 | | -25 | | | | | -20 | | | | | -15 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| TTT | TCT | GCA | ATG | ATA | TTT | GGG | ACT | ATT | ACA | AAT | CAA | GAT | CTG | CCT | GTG |
| Phe | Ser | Ala | Met | Ile | Phe | Gly | Thr | Ile | Thr | Asn | Gln | Asp | Leu | Pro | Val |
| | -10 | | | | | -5 | | | | | 1 | | | | 5 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ATC | AAG | TGT | GTT | TTA | ATC | AAT | CAT | AAG | AAC | AAT | GAT | TCA | TCA | GTG | GGG |
| Ile | Lys | Cys | Val | Leu | Ile | Asn | His | Lys | Asn | Asn | Asp | Ser | Ser | Val | Gly |
| | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | | | | 20 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AAG | TCA | TCA | TCA | TAT | CCC | ATG | GTA | TCA | GAA | TCC | CCG | GAA | GAC | CTC | GGG |
| Lys | Ser | Ser | Ser | Tyr | Pro | Met | Val | Ser | Glu | Ser | Pro | Glu | Asp | Leu | Gly |
| | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | | | | 35 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| TGT | GCG | TTG | AGA | CCC | CAG | AGC | TCA | GGG | ACA | GTG | TAC | GAA | GCT | GCC | GCT |
| Cys | Ala | Leu | Arg | Pro | Gln | Ser | Ser | Gly | Thr | Val | Tyr | Glu | Ala | Ala | Ala |
| | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | | | 50 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GTG | GAA | GTG | GAT | GTA | TCT | GCT | TCC | ATC | ACA | CTG | CAA | GTG | CTG | GTC | GAT |
| Val | Glu | Val | Asp | Val | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ile | Thr | Leu | Gln | Val | Leu | Val | Asp |
| | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | 65 | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GCC | CCA | GGG | AAC | ATT | TCC | TGT | CTC | TGG | GTC | TTT | AAG | CAC | AGC | TCC | CTG |
| Ala | Pro | Gly | Asn | Ile | Ser | Cys | Leu | Trp | Val | Phe | Lys | His | Ser | Ser | Leu |
| 70 | | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AAT | TGC | CAG | CCA | CAT | TTT | GAT | TTA | CAA | AAC | AGA | GGA | GTT | GTT | TCC | ATG |
| Asn | Cys | Gln | Pro | His | Phe | Asp | Leu | Gln | Asn | Arg | Gly | Val | Val | Ser | Met |
| | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GTC | ATT | TTG | AAA | ATG | ACA | GAA | ACC | CAA | GCT | GGA | GAA | TAC | CTA | CTT | TTT |
| Val | Ile | Leu | Lys | Met | Thr | Glu | Thr | Gln | Ala | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Leu | Leu | Phe |
| | | | 105 | | | | | 110 | | | | | 115 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ATT | CAG | AGT | GAA | GCT | ACC | AAT | TAC | ACA | ATA | TTG | TTT | ACA | GTG | AGT | ATA |
| Ile | Gln | Ser | Glu | Ala | Thr | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Ile | Leu | Phe | Thr | Val | Ser | Ile |
| | | 120 | | | | | 125 | | | | | 130 | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AGA | AAT | ACC | CTG | CTT | TAC | ACA | TTA | AGA | AGA | CCT | TAC | TTT | AGA | AAA | ATG |
| Arg | Asn | Thr | Leu | Leu | Tyr | Thr | Leu | Arg | Arg | Pro | Tyr | Phe | Arg | Lys | Met |
| | 135 | | | | | 140 | | | | | 145 | | | | |

Fig. 1b.2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| GAA Glu 150 | AAC Asn | CAG Gln | GAC Asp | GCC Ala | CTG Leu 155 | GTC Val | TGC Cys | ATA Ile | TCT Ser | GAG Glu 160 | AGC Ser | GTT Val | CCA Pro | GAG Glu 165 | CCG Pro |
| ATC Ile | GTG Val | GAA Glu | TGG Trp | GTG Val 170 | CTT Leu | TGC Cys | GAT Asp | TCA Ser | CAG Gln 175 | GGG Gly | GAA Glu | AGC Ser | TGT Cys | AAA Lys 180 | GAA Glu |
| GAA Glu | AGT Ser | CCA Pro | GCT Ala 185 | GTT Val | GTT Val | AAA Lys | AAG Lys | GAG Glu 190 | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | GTG Val | CTT Leu | CAT His 195 | GAA Glu | TTA Leu |
| TTT Phe | GGG Gly | ACG Thr 200 | GAC Asp | ATA Ile | AGG Arg | TGC Cys 205 | TGT Cys | GCC Ala | AGA Arg | AAT Asn | GAA Glu 210 | CTG Leu | GGC Gly | AGG Arg | GAA Glu |
| TGC Cys 215 | ACC Thr | AGG Arg | CTG Leu | TTC Phe | ACA Thr 220 | ATA Ile | GAT Asp | CTA Leu | AAT Asn | CAA Gln 225 | ACT Thr | CCT Pro | CAG Gln | ACC Thr | ACA Thr |
| TTG Leu 230 | CCA Pro | CAA Gln | TTA Leu | TTT Phe | CTT Leu 235 | AAA Lys | GTA Val | GGG Gly | GAA Glu | CCC Pro 240 | TTA Leu | TGG Trp | ATA Ile | AGG Arg | TGC Cys 245 |
| AAA Lys | GCT Ala | GTT Val | CAT His 250 | GTG Val | AAC Asn | CAT His | GGA Gly | TTC Phe | GGG Gly 255 | CTC Leu | ACC Thr | TGG Trp | GAA Glu 260 | TTA Leu | GAA Glu |
| AAC Asn | AAA Lys | GCA Ala 265 | CTC Leu | GAG Glu | GAG Glu | GGC Gly | AAC Asn | TAC Tyr 270 | TTT Phe | GAG Glu | ATG Met | AGT Ser | ACC Thr 275 | TAT Tyr | TCA Ser |
| ACA Thr | AAC Asn 280 | AGA Arg | ACT Thr | ATG Met | ATA Ile | CGG Arg | ATT Ile 285 | CTG Leu | TTT Phe | GCT Ala | TTT Phe 290 | GTA Val | TCA Ser | TCA Ser | GTG Val |
| GCA Ala 295 | AGA Arg | AAC Asn | GAC Asp | ACC Thr | GGA Gly | TAC Tyr 300 | TAC Tyr | ACT Thr | TGT Cys | TCC Ser | TCT Ser 305 | TCA Ser | AAG Lys | CAT His | CCC Pro |
| AGT Ser 310 | CAA Gln | TCA Ser | GCT Ala | TTG Leu | GTT Val 315 | ACC Thr | ATC Ile | GTA Val | GGA Gly | AAG Lys 320 | GGA Gly | TTT Phe | ATA Ile | AAT Asn | GCT Ala 325 |
| ACC Thr | AAT Asn | TCA Ser | AGT Ser | GAA Glu 330 | GAT Asp | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | ATT Ile | GAC Asp 335 | CAA Gln | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | GAG Glu | TTT Phe 340 | TGT Cys |

Fig. 1b.3

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| TTT | TCT | GTC | AGG | TTT | AAA | GCC | TAC | CCA | CAA | ATC | AGA | TGT | ACG | TGG | ACC | |
| Phe | Ser | Val | Arg | Phe | Lys | Ala | Tyr | Pro | Gln | Ile | Arg | Cys | Thr | Trp | Thr | |
| | | | 345 | | | | | 350 | | | | | 355 | | | |
| TTC | TCT | CGA | AAA | TCA | TTT | CCT | TGT | GAG | CAA | AAG | GGT | CTT | GAT | AAC | GGA | |
| Phe | Ser | Arg | Lys | Ser | Phe | Pro | Cys | Glu | Gln | Lys | Gly | Leu | Asp | Asn | Gly | |
| | | 360 | | | | | 365 | | | | | 370 | | | | |
| TAC | AGC | ATA | TCC | AAG | TTT | TGC | AAT | CAT | AAG | CAC | CAG | CCA | GGA | GAA | TAT | |
| Tyr | Ser | Ile | Ser | Lys | Phe | Cys | Asn | His | Lys | His | Gln | Pro | Gly | Glu | Tyr | |
| | 375 | | | | | 380 | | | | | 385 | | | | | |
| ATA | TTC | CAT | GCA | GAA | AAT | GAT | GAT | GCC | CAA | TTT | ACC | AAA | ATG | TTC | ACG | |
| Ile | Phe | His | Ala | Glu | Asn | Asp | Asp | Ala | Gln | Phe | Thr | Lys | Met | Phe | Thr | |
| 390 | | | | | 395 | | | | | 400 | | | | | 405 | |
| CTG | AAT | ATA | AGA | AGG | AAA | CCT | CAA | GTG | CTC | GCA | GAA | GCA | TCG | GCA | AGT | |
| Leu | Asn | Ile | Arg | Arg | Lys | Pro | Gln | Val | Leu | Ala | Glu | Ala | Ser | Ala | Ser | |
| | | | 410 | | | | | 415 | | | | | 420 | | | |
| CAG | GCG | TCC | TGT | TTC | TCG | GAT | GGA | TAC | CCA | TTA | CCA | TCT | TGG | ACC | TGG | |
| Gln | Ala | Ser | Cys | Phe | Ser | Asp | Gly | Tyr | Pro | Leu | Pro | Ser | Trp | Thr | Trp | |
| | | 425 | | | | | 430 | | | | | | 435 | | | |
| AAG | AAG | TGT | TCA | GAC | AAG | TCT | CCC | AAC | TGC | ACA | GAA | GAG | ATC | ACA | GAA | |
| Lys | Lys | Cys | Ser | Asp | Lys | Ser | Pro | Asn | Cys | Thr | Glu | Glu | Ile | Thr | Glu | |
| | | 440 | | | | 445 | | | | | | 450 | | | | |
| GGA | GTC | TGG | AAT | AGA | AAG | GCT | AAC | AGA | AAA | GTG | TTT | GGA | CAG | TGG | GTG | |
| Gly | Val | Trp | Asn | Arg | Lys | Ala | Asn | Arg | Lys | Val | Phe | Gly | Gln | Trp | Val | |
| | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | | 465 | | | | | |
| TCG | AGC | AGT | ACT | CTA | AAC | ATG | AGT | GAA | GCC | ATA | AAA | GGG | TTC | CTG | GTC | |
| Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Leu | Asn | Met | Ser | Glu | Ala | Ile | Lys | Gly | Phe | Leu | Val | |
| 470 | | | | | 475 | | | | | 480 | | | | | 485 | |
| AAG | TGC | TGT | GCA | TAC | AAT | TCC | CTT | GGC | ACA | TCT | TGT | GAG | ACG | ATC | CTT | |
| Lys | Cys | Cys | Ala | Tyr | Asn | Ser | Leu | Gly | Thr | Ser | Cys | Glu | Thr | Ile | Leu | |
| | | | 490 | | | | | 495 | | | | | | 500 | | |
| TTA | AAC | TCT | CCA | GGC | CCC | TTC | CCT | TTC | ATC | CAA | GAC | AAC | ATC | TCA | TTC | |
| Leu | Asn | Ser | Pro | Gly | Pro | Phe | Pro | Phe | Ile | Gln | Asp | Asn | Ile | Ser | Phe | |
| | | | 505 | | | | | 510 | | | | | 515 | | | |
| TAT | GCA | ACA | ATT | GGT | GTT | TGT | CTC | CTC | TTC | ATT | GTC | GTT | TTA | ACC | CTG | |
| Tyr | Ala | Thr | Ile | Gly | Val | Cys | Leu | Leu | Phe | Ile | Val | Val | Leu | Thr | Leu | |
| | | 520 | | | | | 525 | | | | | 530 | | | | |

Fig. 1b.4

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| CTA Leu | ATT Ile | TGT Cys | CAC His | AAG Lys | TAC Tyr | AAA Lys | AAG Lys | CAA Gln | TTT Phe | AGG Arg | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | AGC Ser | CAG Gln | CTA Leu |
| | 535 | | | | | 540 | | | | | 545 | | | | |
| CAG Gln | ATG Met | GTA Val | CAG Gln | GTG Val | ACC Thr | GGC Gly | TCC Ser | TCA Ser | GAT Asp | AAT Asn | GAG Glu | TAC Tyr | TTC Phe | TAC Tyr | GTT Val |
| 550 | | | | | 555 | | | | | 560 | | | | | 565 |
| GAT Asp | TTC Phe | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | GAA Glu | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp | CTC Leu | AAA Lys | TGG Trp | GAG Glu | TTT Phe | CCA Pro | AGA Arg | GAA Glu |
| | | | | 570 | | | | | 575 | | | | | 580 | |
| AAT Asn | TTA Leu | GAG Glu | TTT Phe | GGG Gly | AAG Lys | GTA Val | CTA Leu | GGA Gly | TCA Ser | GGT Gly | GCT Ala | TTT Phe | GGA Gly | AAA Lys | GTG Val |
| | | | 585 | | | | | 590 | | | | | 595 | | |
| ATG Met | AAC Asn | GCA Ala | ACA Thr | GCT Ala | TAT Tyr | GGA Gly | ATT Ile | AGC Ser | AAA Lys | ACA Thr | GGA Gly | GTC Val | TCA Ser | ATC Ile | CAG Gln |
| | | 600 | | | | | 605 | | | | | 610 | | | |
| GTT Val | GCC Ala | GTC Val | AAA Lys | ATG Met | CTG Leu | AAA Lys | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | GCA Ala | GAC Asp | AGC Ser | TCT Ser | GAA Glu | AGA Arg | GAG Glu |
| | 615 | | | | | 620 | | | | | 625 | | | | |
| GCA Ala | CTC Leu | ATG Met | TCA Ser | GAA Glu | CTC Leu | AAG Lys | ATG Met | ATG Met | ACC Thr | CAG Gln | CTG Leu | GGA Gly | AGC Ser | CAC His | GAG Glu |
| 630 | | | | | 635 | | | | | 640 | | | | | 645 |
| AAT Asn | ATT Ile | GTG Val | AAC Asn | CTG Leu | CTG Leu | GGG Gly | GCG Ala | TGC Cys | ACA Thr | CTG Leu | TCA Ser | GGA Gly | CCA Pro | ATT Ile | TAC Tyr |
| | | | | 650 | | | | | 655 | | | | | 660 | |
| TTG Leu | ATT Ile | TTT Phe | GAA Glu | TAC Tyr | TGT Cys | TGC Cys | TAT Tyr | GGT Gly | GAT Asp | CTT Leu | CTC Leu | AAC Asn | TAT Tyr | CTA Leu | AGA Arg |
| | | | 665 | | | | | 670 | | | | | 675 | | |
| AGT Ser | AAA Lys | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | AAA Lys | TTT Phe | CAC His | AGG Arg | ACT Thr | TGG Trp | ACA Thr | GAG Glu | ATT Ile | TTC Phe | AAG Lys | GAA Glu |
| | | 680 | | | | | 685 | | | | | 690 | | | |
| CAC His | AAT Asn | TTC Phe | AGT Ser | TTT Phe | TAC Tyr | CCC Pro | ACT Thr | TTC Phe | CAA Gln | TCA Ser | CAT His | CCA Pro | AAT Asn | TCC Ser | AGC Ser |
| | 695 | | | | | 700 | | | | | 705 | | | | |
| ATG Met | CCT Pro | GGT Gly | TCA Ser | AGA Arg | GAA Glu | GTT Val | CAG Gln | ATA Ile | CAC His | CCG Pro | GAC Asp | TCG Ser | GAT Asp | CAA Gln | ATC Ile |
| 710 | | | | | 715 | | | | | 720 | | | | | 725 |

Fig. 1b.5

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| TCA | GGG | CTT | CAT | GGG | AAT | TCA | TTT | CAC | TCT | GAA | GAT | GAA | ATT | GAA | TAT | |
| Ser | Gly | Leu | His | Gly | Asn | Ser | Phe | His | Ser | Glu | Asp | Glu | Ile | Glu | Tyr | |
| | | | | 730 | | | | | 735 | | | | | 740 | | |
| GAA | AAC | CAA | AAA | AGG | CTG | GAA | GAA | GAG | GAG | GAC | TTG | AAT | GTG | CTT | ACA | |
| Glu | Asn | Gln | Lys | Arg | Leu | Glu | Glu | Glu | Glu | Asp | Leu | Asn | Val | Leu | Thr | |
| | | | 745 | | | | | 750 | | | | | 755 | | | |
| TTT | GAA | GAT | CTT | CTT | TGC | TTT | GCA | TAT | CAA | GTT | GCC | AAA | GGA | ATG | GAA | |
| Phe | Glu | Asp | Leu | Leu | Cys | Phe | Ala | Tyr | Gln | Val | Ala | Lys | Gly | Met | Glu | |
| | | 760 | | | | | 765 | | | | | 770 | | | | |
| TTT | CTG | GAA | TTT | AAG | TCG | TGT | GTT | CAC | AGA | GAC | CTG | GCC | GCC | AGG | AAC | |
| Phe | Leu | Glu | Phe | Lys | Ser | Cys | Val | His | Arg | Asp | Leu | Ala | Ala | Arg | Asn | |
| | 775 | | | | | 780 | | | | | 785 | | | | | |
| GTG | CTT | GTC | ACC | CAC | GGG | AAA | GTG | GTG | AAG | ATA | TGT | GAC | TTT | GGA | TTG | |
| Val | Leu | Val | Thr | His | Gly | Lys | Val | Val | Lys | Ile | Cys | Asp | Phe | Gly | Leu | |
| | 790 | | | | 795 | | | | | 800 | | | | | 805 | |
| GCT | CGA | GAT | ATC | ATG | AGT | GAT | TCC | AAC | TAT | GTT | GTC | AGG | GGC | AAT | GCC | |
| Ala | Arg | Asp | Ile | Met | Ser | Asp | Ser | Asn | Tyr | Val | Val | Arg | Gly | Asn | Ala | |
| | | | | 810 | | | | | 815 | | | | | 820 | | |
| CGT | CTG | CCT | GTA | AAA | TGG | ATG | GCC | CCC | GAA | AGC | CTG | TTT | GAA | GGC | ATC | |
| Arg | Leu | Pro | Val | Lys | Trp | Met | Ala | Pro | Glu | Ser | Leu | Phe | Glu | Gly | Ile | |
| | | | 825 | | | | | 830 | | | | | 835 | | | |
| TAC | ACC | ATT | AAG | AGT | GAT | GTC | TGG | TCA | TAT | GGA | ATA | TTA | CTG | TGG | GAA | |
| Tyr | Thr | Ile | Lys | Ser | Asp | Val | Trp | Ser | Tyr | Gly | Ile | Leu | Leu | Trp | Glu | |
| | | 840 | | | | | 845 | | | | | 850 | | | | |
| ATC | TTC | TCA | CTT | GGT | GTG | AAT | CCT | TAC | CCT | GGC | ATT | CCG | GTT | GAT | GCT | |
| Ile | Phe | Ser | Leu | Gly | Val | Asn | Pro | Tyr | Pro | Gly | Ile | Pro | Val | Asp | Ala | |
| | 855 | | | | | 860 | | | | | 865 | | | | | |
| AAC | TTC | TAC | AAA | CTG | ATT | CAA | AAT | GGA | TTT | AAA | ATG | GAT | CAG | CCA | TTT | |
| Asn | Phe | Tyr | Lys | Leu | Ile | Gln | Asn | Gly | Phe | Lys | Met | Asp | Gln | Pro | Phe | |
| | 870 | | | | 875 | | | | | 880 | | | | | 885 | |
| TAT | GCT | ACA | GAA | GAA | ATA | TAC | ATT | ATA | ATG | CAA | TCC | TGC | TGG | GCT | TTT | |
| Tyr | Ala | Thr | Glu | Glu | Ile | Tyr | Ile | Ile | Met | Gln | Ser | Cys | Trp | Ala | Phe | |
| | | | 890 | | | | | 895 | | | | | | 900 | | |
| GAC | TCA | AGG | AAA | CGG | CCA | TCC | TTC | CCT | AAT | TTG | ACT | TCG | TTT | TTA | GGA | |
| Asp | Ser | Arg | Lys | Arg | Pro | Ser | Phe | Pro | Asn | Leu | Thr | Ser | Phe | Leu | Gly | |
| | | | 905 | | | | | 910 | | | | | 915 | | | |

Fig. 1b.6

TGT CAG CTG GCA GAT GCA GAA GAA GCG ATG TAT CAG AAT GTG GAT GGC
Cys Gln Leu Ala Asp Ala Glu Glu Ala Met Tyr Gln Asn Val Asp Gly
920 925 930

CGT GTT TCG GAA TGT CCT CAC ACC TAC CAA AAC AGG CGA CCT TTC AGC
Arg Val Ser Glu Cys Pro His Thr Tyr Gln Asn Arg Arg Pro Phe Ser
935 940 945

AGA GAG ATG GAT TTG GGG CTA CTC TCT CCG CAG GCT CAG GTC GAA GAT
Arg Glu Met Asp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Pro Gln Ala Gln Val Glu Asp
950 955 960 965

TCG TAGAGGAACA ATTTAGTTTT AAGGACTTCA TCCCTCCACC TATCCCTAAC
Ser

AGGCTGTAGA TTACCAAAC AAGATTAATT TCATCACTAA AAGAAAATCT ATTATCAACT

GCTGCTTCAC CAGACTTTTC TCTAGAAGCC GTCTGCGTTT ACTCTTGTTT TCAAAGGGAC

TTTTGTAAAA TCAAATCATC CTGTCACAAG GCAGGAGGAG CTGATAATGA ACTTTATTGG

AGCATTGATC TGCATCCAAG GCCTTCTCAG GCCGGCTTGA GTGAATTGTG TACCTGAAGT

ACAGTATATT CTTGTAAATA CATAAAACAA AAGCATTTTG CTAAGGAGAA GCTAATATGA

TTTTTTAAGT CTATGTTTTA AAATAATATG TAAATTTTTC AGCTATTTAG TGATATATTT

TATGGGTGGG AATAAAATTT CTACTACAGA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA

Fig. 2.1

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CTGTGTC ^{CCC} G CAGCCGGATA ACCTGGCTGA CCCGATTCCG CGGACACCCG TGCAGCCGCG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GCTGGAGCCA GGGCGCCGGT GCCCGCGCTC TCCCCGGTCT TGCGCTGCGG GGGCCGATAC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CGCCTCTGTG ACTTCTTTGC GGGCCAGGGA CGGAGAAGGA GTCTGTGCCT GAGAAACTGG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GCTCTGTGCC CAGGCGCGAG GTGCAGG | | | | | | | | ATG | GAG | AGC | AAG | GGC | CTG | CTA | GCT |
| | | | | | | | | Met | Glu | Ser | Lys | Gly | Leu | Leu | Ala |
| | | | | | | | | -19 | | | | -15 | | | |
| GTC | GCT | CTG | TGG | TTC | TGC | GTG | GAG | ACC | CGA | GCC | GCC | TCT | GTG | GGT | TTG |
| Val | Ala | Leu | Trp | Phe | Cys | Val | Glu | Thr | Arg | Ala | Ala | Ser | Val | Gly | Leu |
| | -10 | | | | | -5 | | | | | 1 | | | | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CCT | GGC | GAT | TTT | CTC | CAT | CCC | CCC | AAG | CTC | AGC | ACA | CAG | AAA | GAC | ATA |
| Pro | Gly | Asp | Phe | Leu | His | Pro | Pro | Lys | Leu | Ser | Thr | Gln | Lys | Asp | Ile |
| | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | | | | | 20 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CTG | ACA | ATT | TTG | GCA | AAT | ACA | ACC | CTT | CAG | ATT | ACT | TGC | AGG | GGA | CAG |
| Leu | Thr | Ile | Leu | Ala | Asn | Thr | Thr | Leu | Gln | Ile | Thr | Cys | Arg | Gly | Gln |
| | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | | | | 35 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CGG | GAC | CTG | GAC | TGG | CTT | TGG | CCC | AAT | GCT | CAG | CGT | GAT | TCT | GAG | GAA |
| Arg | Asp | Leu | Asp | Trp | Leu | Trp | Pro | Asn | Ala | Gln | Arg | Asp | Ser | Glu | Glu |
| | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | | | 50 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AGG | GTA | TTG | GTG | ACT | GAA | TGC | GGC | GGT | GGT | GAC | AGT | ATC | TTC | TGC | AAA |
| Arg | Val | Leu | Val | Thr | Glu | Cys | Gly | Gly | Gly | Asp | Ser | Ile | Phe | Cys | Lys |
| | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | | 65 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACA | CTC | ACC | ATT | CCC | AGG | GTG | GTT | GGA | AAT | GAT | ACT | GGA | GCC | TAC | AAG |
| Thr | Leu | Thr | Ile | Pro | Arg | Val | Val | Gly | Asn | Asp | Thr | Gly | Ala | Tyr | Lys |
| | 70 | | | | 75 | | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TGC | TCG | TAC | CGG | GAC | GTC | GAC | ATA | GCC | TCC | ACT | GTT | TAT | GTC | TAT | GTT |
| Cys | Ser | Tyr | Arg | Asp | Val | Asp | Ile | Ala | Ser | Thr | Val | Tyr | Val | Tyr | Val |
| | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CGA | GAT | TAC | AGA | TCA | CCA | TTC | ATC | GCC | TCT | GTC | AGT | GAC | CAG | CAT | GGC |
| Arg | Asp | Tyr | Arg | Ser | Pro | Phe | Ile | Ala | Ser | Val | Ser | Asp | Gln | His | Gly |
| | | | 105 | | | | | 110 | | | | | 115 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ATC | GTG | TAC | ATC | ACC | GAG | AAC | AAG | AAC | AAA | ACT | GTG | GTG | ATC | CCC | TGC |
| Ile | Val | Tyr | Ile | Thr | Glu | Asn | Lys | Asn | Lys | Thr | Val | Val | Ile | Pro | Cys |
| | | 120 | | | | | 125 | | | | | 130 | | | |

Fig. 2.2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CGA | GGG | TCG | ATT | TCA | AAC | CTC | AAT | GTG | TCT | CTT | TGC | GCT | AGG | TAT | CCA |
| Arg | Gly | Ser | Ile | Ser | Asn | Leu | Asn | Val | Ser | Leu | Cys | Ala | Arg | Tyr | Pro |
| | 135 | | | | | 140 | | | | | 145 | | | | |
| GAA | AAG | AGA | TTT | GTT | CCG | GAT | GGA | AAC | AGA | ATT | TCC | TGG | GAC | AGC | GAG |
| Glu | Lys | Arg | Phe | Val | Pro | Asp | Gly | Asn | Arg | Ile | Ser | Trp | Asp | Ser | Glu |
| | 150 | | | | 155 | | | | | 160 | | | | | 165 |
| ATA | GGC | TTT | ACT | CTC | CCC | AGT | TAC | ATG | ATC | AGC | TAT | GCC | GGC | ATG | GTC |
| Ile | Gly | Phe | Thr | Leu | Pro | Ser | Tyr | Met | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Ala | Gly | Met | Val |
| | | | | 170 | | | | | 175 | | | | | 180 | |
| TTC | TGT | GAG | GCA | AAG | ATC | AAT | GAT | GAA | ACC | TAT | CAG | TCT | ATC | ATG | TAC |
| Phe | Cys | Glu | Ala | Lys | Ile | Asn | Asp | Glu | Thr | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ile | Met | Tyr |
| | | | 185 | | | | | 190 | | | | | 195 | | |
| ATA | GTT | GTG | GTT | GTA | GGA | TAT | AGG | ATT | TAT | GAT | GTG | ATT | CTG | AGC | CCC |
| Ile | Val | Val | Val | Val | Gly | Tyr | Arg | Ile | Tyr | Asp | Val | Ile | Leu | Ser | Pro |
| | | 200 | | | | | 205 | | | | | 210 | | | |
| CCG | CAT | GAA | ATT | GAG | CTA | TCT | GCC | GGA | GAA | AAA | CTT | GTC | TTA | AAT | TGT |
| Pro | His | Glu | Ile | Glu | Leu | Ser | Ala | Gly | Glu | Lys | Leu | Val | Leu | Asn | Cys |
| | 215 | | | | | 220 | | | | | 225 | | | | |
| ACA | GCG | AGA | ACA | GAG | CTC | AAT | GTG | GGG | CTT | GAT | TTC | ACC | TGG | CAC | TCT |
| Thr | Ala | Arg | Thr | Glu | Leu | Asn | Val | Gly | Leu | Asp | Phe | Thr | Trp | His | Ser |
| | 230 | | | | 235 | | | | | 240 | | | | | 245 |
| CCA | CCT | TCA | AAG | TCT | CAT | CAT | AAG | AAG | ATT | GTA | AAC | CGG | GAT | GTG | AAA |
| Pro | Pro | Ser | Lys | Ser | His | His | Lys | Lys | Ile | Val | Asn | Arg | Asp | Val | Lys |
| | | | | 250 | | | | | 255 | | | | | 260 | |
| CCC | TTT | CCT | GGG | ACT | GTG | GCG | AAG | ATG | TTT | TTG | AGC | ACC | TTG | ACA | ATA |
| Pro | Phe | Pro | Gly | Thr | Val | Ala | Lys | Met | Phe | Leu | Ser | Thr | Leu | Thr | Ile |
| | | | 265 | | | | | 270 | | | | | 275 | | |
| GAA | AGT | GTG | ACC | AAG | AGT | GAC | CAA | GGG | GAA | TAC | ACC | TGT | GTA | GCG | TCC |
| Glu | Ser | Val | Thr | Lys | Ser | Asp | Gln | Gly | Glu | Tyr | Thr | Cys | Val | Ala | Ser |
| | | 280 | | | | | 285 | | | | | 290 | | | |
| AGT | GGA | CGG | ATG | ATC | AAG | AGA | AAT | AGA | ACA | TTT | GTC | CGA | GTT | CAC | ACA |
| Ser | Gly | Arg | Met | Ile | Lys | Arg | Asn | Arg | Thr | Phe | Val | Arg | Val | His | Thr |
| | 295 | | | | | 300 | | | | | 305 | | | | |
| AAG | CCT | TTT | ATT | GCT | TTC | GGT | AGT | GGG | ATG | AAA | TCT | TTG | GTG | GAA | GCC |
| Lys | Pro | Phe | Ile | Ala | Phe | Gly | Ser | Gly | Met | Lys | Ser | Leu | Val | Glu | Ala |
| | 310 | | | | 315 | | | | | 320 | | | | | 325 |

Fig. 2.3

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| ACA | GTG | GGC | AGT | CAA | GTC | CGA | ATC | CCT | GTG | AAG | TAT | CTC | AGT | TAC | CCA | |
| Thr | Val | Gly | Ser | Gln | Val | Arg | Ile | Pro | Val | Lys | Tyr | Leu | Ser | Tyr | Pro | |
| | | | | 330 | | | | | 335 | | | | | 340 | | |
| GCT | CCT | GAT | ATC | AAA | TGG | TAC | AGA | AAT | GGA | AGG | CCC | ATT | GAG | TCC | AAC | |
| Ala | Pro | Asp | Ile | Lys | Trp | Tyr | Arg | Asn | Gly | Arg | Pro | Ile | Glu | Ser | Asn | |
| | | | 345 | | | | | 350 | | | | | 355 | | | |
| TAC | ACA | ATG | ATT | GTT | GGC | GAT | GAA | CTC | ACC | ATC | ATG | GAA | GTG | ACT | GAA | |
| Tyr | Thr | Met | Ile | Val | Gly | Asp | Glu | Leu | Thr | Ile | Met | Glu | Val | Thr | Glu | |
| | | 360 | | | | | 365 | | | | | 370 | | | | |
| AGA | GAT | GCA | GGA | AAC | TAC | ACG | GTC | ATC | CTC | ACC | AAC | CCC | ATT | TCA | ATG | |
| Arg | Asp | Ala | Gly | Asn | Tyr | Thr | Val | Ile | Leu | Thr | Asn | Pro | Ile | Ser | Met | |
| | 375 | | | | | 380 | | | | | 385 | | | | | |
| GAG | AAA | CAG | AGC | CAC | ATG | GTC | TCT | CTG | GTT | GTG | AAT | GTC | CCA | CCC | CAG | |
| Glu | Lys | Gln | Ser | His | Met | Val | Ser | Leu | Val | Val | Asn | Val | Pro | Pro | Gln | |
| 390 | | | | | 395 | | | | 400 | | | | | | 405 | |
| ATC | GGT | GAG | AAA | GCC | TTG | ATC | TCG | CCT | ATG | GAT | TCC | TAC | CAG | TAT | GGG | |
| Ile | Gly | Glu | Lys | Ala | Leu | Ile | Ser | Pro | Met | Asp | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Tyr | Gly | |
| | | | | 410 | | | | 415 | | | | | 420 | | | |
| ACC | ATG | CAG | ACA | TTG | ACA | TGC | ACA | GTC | TAC | GCC | AAC | CCT | CCC | CTG | CAC | |
| Thr | Met | Gln | Thr | Leu | Thr | Cys | Thr | Val | Tyr | Ala | Asn | Pro | Pro | Leu | His | |
| | | | 425 | | | | | 430 | | | | | 435 | | | |
| CAC | ATC | CAG | TGG | TAC | TGG | CAG | CTA | GAA | GAA | GCC | TGC | TCC | TAC | AGA | CCC | |
| His | Ile | Gln | Trp | Tyr | Trp | Gln | Leu | Glu | Glu | Ala | Cys | Ser | Tyr | Arg | Pro | |
| | | 440 | | | | | 445 | | | | | 450 | | | | |
| GGC | CAA | ACA | AGC | CCG | TAT | GCT | TGT | AAA | GAA | TGG | AGA | CAC | GTG | GAG | GAT | |
| Gly | Gln | Thr | Ser | Pro | Tyr | Ala | Cys | Lys | Glu | Trp | Arg | His | Val | Glu | Asp | |
| | 455 | | | | | 460 | | | | | 465 | | | | | |
| TTC | CAG | GGG | GGA | AAC | AAG | ATC | GAA | GTC | ACC | AAA | AAC | CAA | TAT | GCC | CTG | |
| Phe | Gln | Gly | Gly | Asn | Lys | Ile | Glu | Val | Thr | Lys | Asn | Gln | Tyr | Ala | Leu | |
| 470 | | | | | 475 | | | | | 480 | | | | | 485 | |
| ATT | GAA | GGA | AAA | AAC | AAA | ACT | GTA | AGT | ACG | CTG | GTC | ATC | CAA | GCT | GCC | |
| Ile | Glu | Gly | Lys | Asn | Lys | Thr | Val | Ser | Thr | Leu | Val | Ile | Gln | Ala | Ala | |
| | | | 490 | | | | | | 495 | | | | 500 | | | |
| AAC | GTG | TCA | GCG | TTG | TAC | AAA | TGT | GAA | GCC | ATC | AAC | AAA | GCG | GGA | CGA | |
| Asn | Val | Ser | Ala | Leu | Tyr | Lys | Cys | Glu | Ala | Ile | Asn | Lys | Ala | Gly | Arg | |
| | | | 505 | | | | | 510 | | | | | 515 | | | |

Fig. 2.4

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| GGA | GAG | AGG | GTC | ATC | TCC | TTC | CAT | GTG | ATC | AGG | GGT | CCT | GAA | ATT | ACT |
| Gly | Glu | Arg | Val | Ile | Ser | Phe | His | Val | Ile | Arg | Gly | Pro | Glu | Ile | Thr |
| | | 520 | | | | | 525 | | | | | 530 | | | |
| GTG | CAA | CCT | GCT | GCC | CAG | CCA | ACT | GAG | CAG | GAG | AGT | GTG | TCC | CTG | TTG |
| Val | Gln | Pro | Ala | Ala | Gln | Pro | Thr | Glu | Gln | Glu | Ser | Val | Ser | Leu | Leu |
| | 535 | | | | | 540 | | | | | 545 | | | | |
| TGC | ACT | GCA | GAC | AGA | AAT | ACG | TTT | GAG | AAC | CTC | ACG | TGG | TAC | AAG | CTT |
| Cys | Thr | Ala | Asp | Arg | Asn | Thr | Phe | Glu | Asn | Leu | Thr | Trp | Tyr | Lys | Leu |
| 550 | | | | | 555 | | | | | 560 | | | | | 565 |
| GGC | TCA | CAG | GCA | ACA | TCG | GTC | CAC | ATG | GGC | GAA | TCA | CTC | ACA | CCA | GTT |
| Gly | Ser | Gln | Ala | Thr | Ser | Val | His | Met | Gly | Glu | Ser | Leu | Thr | Pro | Val |
| | | | | 570 | | | | | 575 | | | | | 580 | |
| TGC | AAG | AAC | TTG | GAT | GCT | CTT | TGG | AAA | CTG | AAT | GGC | ACC | ATG | TTT | TCT |
| Cys | Lys | Asn | Leu | Asp | Ala | Leu | Trp | Lys | Leu | Asn | Gly | Thr | Met | Phe | Ser |
| | | | 585 | | | | | 590 | | | | | 595 | | |
| AAC | AGC | ACA | AAT | GAC | ATC | TTG | ATT | GTG | GCA | TTT | CAG | AAT | GCC | TCT | CTG |
| Asn | Ser | Thr | Asn | Asp | Ile | Leu | Ile | Val | Ala | Phe | Gln | Asn | Ala | Ser | Leu |
| | | 600 | | | | | 605 | | | | | 610 | | | |
| CAG | GAC | CAA | GGC | GAC | TAT | GTT | TGC | TCT | GCT | CAA | GAT | AAG | AAG | ACC | AAG |
| Gln | Asp | Gln | Gly | Asp | Tyr | Val | Cys | Ser | Ala | Gln | Asp | Lys | Lys | Thr | Lys |
| | 615 | | | | | 620 | | | | | 625 | | | | |
| AAA | AGA | CAT | TGC | CTG | GTC | AAA | CAG | CTC | ATC | ATC | CTA | GAG | CGC | ATG | GCA |
| Lys | Arg | His | Cys | Leu | Val | Lys | Gln | Leu | Ile | Ile | Leu | Glu | Arg | Met | Ala |
| 630 | | | | | 635 | | | | | 640 | | | | | 645 |
| CCC | ATG | ATC | ACC | GGA | AAT | CTG | GAG | AAT | CAG | ACA | ACA | ACC | ATT | GGC | GAG |
| Pro | Met | Ile | Thr | Gly | Asn | Leu | Glu | Asn | Gln | Thr | Thr | Thr | Ile | Gly | Glu |
| | | | | 650 | | | | | 655 | | | | | 660 | |
| ACC | ATT | GAA | GTG | ACT | TGC | CCA | GCA | TCT | GGA | AAT | CCT | ACC | CCA | CAC | ATT |
| Thr | Ile | Glu | Val | Thr | Cys | Pro | Ala | Ser | Gly | Asn | Pro | Thr | Pro | His | Ile |
| | | | 665 | | | | | 670 | | | | | 675 | | |
| ACA | TGG | TTC | AAA | GAC | AAC | GAG | ACC | CTG | GTA | GAA | GAT | TCA | GGC | ATT | GTA |
| Thr | Trp | Phe | Lys | Asp | Asn | Glu | Thr | Leu | Val | Glu | Asp | Ser | Gly | Ile | Val |
| | | 680 | | | | | 685 | | | | | 690 | | | |
| CTG | AGA | GAT | GGG | AAC | CGG | AAC | CTG | ACT | ATC | CGC | AGG | GTG | AGG | AAG | GAG |
| Leu | Arg | Asp | Gly | Asn | Arg | Asn | Leu | Thr | Ile | Arg | Arg | Val | Arg | Lys | Glu |
| | 695 | | | | | 700 | | | | | 705 | | | | |

Fig. 2.5

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| GAT Asp 710 | GGA Gly | GGC Gly | CTC Leu | TAC Tyr | ACC Thr 715 | TGC Cys | CAG Gln | GCC Ala | TGC Cys | AAT Asn 720 | GTC Val | CTT Leu | GGC Gly | TGT Cys | GCA Ala 725 |
| AGA Arg | GCG Ala | GAG Glu | ACG Thr 730 | CTC Leu | TTC Phe | ATA Ile | ATA Ile | GAA Glu 735 | GGT Gly | GCC Ala | CAG Gln | GAA Glu | AAG Lys 740 | ACC Thr | AAC Asn |
| TTG Leu | GAA Glu | GTC Val | ATT Ile 745 | ATC Ile | CTC Leu | GTC Val | GGC Gly | ACT Thr 750 | GCA Ala | GTG Val | ATT Ile | GCC Ala | ATG Met 755 | TTC Phe | TTC Phe |
| TGG Trp | CTC Leu | CTT Leu 760 | CTT Leu | GTC Val | ATT Ile | CTC Leu | GTA Val 765 | CGG Arg | ACC Thr | GTT Val | AAG Lys 770 | CGG Arg | GCC Ala | AAT Asn | GAA Glu |
| GGG Gly 775 | GAA Glu | CTG Leu | AAG Lys | ACA Thr | GGC Gly | TAC Tyr 780 | TTG Leu | TCT Ser | ATT Ile | GTC Val | ATG Met 785 | GAT Asp | CCA Pro | GAT Asp | GAA Glu |
| TTG Leu 790 | CCC Pro | TTG Leu | GAT Asp | GAG Glu | CGC Arg 795 | TGT Cys | GAA Glu | CGC Arg | TTG Leu | CCT Pro 800 | TAT Tyr | GAT Asp | GCC Ala | AGC Ser | AAG Lys 805 |
| TGG Trp | GAA Glu | TTC Phe | CCC Pro | AGG Arg 810 | GAC Asp | CGG Arg | CTG Leu | AAA Lys 815 | CTA Leu | GGA Gly | AAA Lys | CCT Pro | CTT Leu | GGC Gly 820 | CGC Arg |
| GGT Gly | GCC Ala | TTC Phe | GGC Gly 825 | CAA Gln | GTG Val | ATT Ile | GAG Glu | GCA Ala 830 | GAC Asp | GCT Ala | TTT Phe | GGA Gly | ATT Ile 835 | GAC Asp | AAG Lys |
| ACA Thr | GCG Ala | ACT Thr 840 | TGC Cys | AAA Lys | ACA Thr | GTA Val | GCC Ala 845 | GTC Val | AAG Lys | ATG Met | TTG Leu | AAA Lys 850 | GAA Glu | GGA Gly | GCA Ala |
| ACA Thr 855 | CAC His | AGC Ser | GAG Glu | CAT His | CGA Arg | GCC Ala 860 | CTC Leu | ATG Met | TCT Ser | GAA Glu | CTC Leu 865 | AAG Lys | ATC Ile | CTC Leu | ATC Ile |
| CAC His 870 | ATT Ile | GGT Gly | CAC His | CAT His | CTC Leu 875 | AAT Asn | GTG Val | GTG Val | AAC Asn | CTC Leu 880 | CTA Leu | GGC Gly | GCC Ala | TGC Cys | ACC Thr 885 |
| AAG Lys | CCG Pro | GGA Gly | GGG Gly | CCT Pro 890 | CTC Leu | ATG Met | GTG Val | ATT Ile | GTG Val 895 | GAA Glu | TTC Phe | TCG Ser | AAG Lys | TTT Phe 900 | GGA Gly |

Fig. 2.6

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| AAC | CTA | TCA | ACT | TAC | TTA | CGG | GGC | AAG | AGA | AAT | GAA | TTT | GTT | CCC | TAT | |
| Asn | Leu | Ser | Thr | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Gly | Lys | Arg | Asn | Glu | Phe | Val | Pro | Tyr | |
| | | | 905 | | | | | 910 | | | | | 915 | | | |
| AAG | AGC | AAA | GGG | GCA | CGC | TTC | CGC | CAG | GGC | AAG | GAC | TAC | GTT | GGG | GAG | |
| Lys | Ser | Lys | Gly | Ala | Arg | Phe | Arg | Gln | Gly | Lys | Asp | Tyr | Val | Gly | Glu | |
| | | 920 | | | | | 925 | | | | | 930 | | | | |
| CTC | TCC | GTG | GAT | CTG | AAA | AGA | CGC | TTG | GAC | AGC | ATC | ACC | AGC | AGC | CAG | |
| Leu | Ser | Val | Asp | Leu | Lys | Arg | Arg | Leu | Asp | Ser | Ile | Thr | Ser | Ser | Gln | |
| | 935 | | | | | 940 | | | | | 945 | | | | | |
| AGC | TCT | GCC | AGC | TCA | GGC | TTT | GTT | GAG | GAG | AAA | TCG | CTC | AGT | GAT | GTA | |
| Ser | Ser | Ala | Ser | Ser | Gly | Phe | Val | Glu | Glu | Lys | Ser | Leu | Ser | Asp | Val | |
| 950 | | | | | 955 | | | | | 960 | | | | | 965 | |
| GAG | GAA | GAA | GAA | GCT | TCT | GAA | GAA | CTG | TAC | AAG | GAC | TTC | CTG | ACC | TTG | |
| Glu | Glu | Glu | Glu | Ala | Ser | Glu | Glu | Leu | Tyr | Lys | Asp | Phe | Leu | Thr | Leu | |
| | | | | 970 | | | | | 975 | | | | | 980 | | |
| GAG | CAT | CTC | ATC | TGT | TAC | AGC | TTC | CAA | GTG | GCT | AAG | GGC | ATG | GAG | TTC | |
| Glu | His | Leu | Ile | Cys | Tyr | Ser | Phe | Gln | Val | Ala | Lys | Gly | Met | Glu | Phe | |
| | | | 985 | | | | | 990 | | | | | 995 | | | |
| TTG | GCA | TCA | AGG | AAG | TGT | ATC | CAC | AGG | GAC | CTG | GCA | GCA | CGA | AAC | ATT | |
| Leu | Ala | Ser | Arg | Lys | Cys | Ile | His | Arg | Asp | Leu | Ala | Ala | Arg | Asn | Ile | |
| | | 1000 | | | | | 1005 | | | | | 1010 | | | | |
| CTC | CTA | TCG | GAG | AAG | AAT | GTG | GTT | AAG | ATC | TGT | GAC | TTC | GGC | TTG | GCC | |
| Leu | Leu | Ser | Glu | Lys | Asn | Val | Val | Lys | Ile | Cys | Asp | Phe | Gly | Leu | Ala | |
| | 1015 | | | | | 1020 | | | | | 1025 | | | | | |
| CGG | GAC | ATT | TAT | AAA | GAC | CCG | GAT | TAT | GTC | AGA | AAA | GGA | GAT | GCC | CGA | |
| Arg | Asp | Ile | Tyr | Lys | Asp | Pro | Asp | Tyr | Val | Arg | Lys | Gly | Asp | Ala | Arg | |
| 1030 | | | | | 1035 | | | | | 1040 | | | | | 1045 | |
| CTC | CCT | TTG | AAG | TGG | ATG | GCC | CCG | GAA | ACC | ATT | TTT | GAC | AGA | GTA | TAC | |
| Leu | Pro | Leu | Lys | Trp | Met | Ala | Pro | Glu | Thr | Ile | Phe | Asp | Arg | Val | Tyr | |
| | | | 1050 | | | | | | 1055 | | | | | 1060 | | |
| ACA | ATT | CAG | AGC | GAT | GTG | TGG | TCT | TTC | GGT | GTG | TTG | CTC | TGG | GAA | ATA | |
| Thr | Ile | Gln | Ser | Asp | Val | Trp | Ser | Phe | Gly | Val | Leu | Leu | Trp | Glu | Ile | |
| | | | 1065 | | | | | 1070 | | | | | 1075 | | | |
| TTT | TCC | TTA | GGT | GCC | TCC | CCA | TAC | CCT | GGG | GTC | AAG | ATT | GAT | GAA | GAA | |
| Phe | Ser | Leu | Gly | Ala | Ser | Pro | Tyr | Pro | Gly | Val | Lys | Ile | Asp | Glu | Glu | |
| | | 1080 | | | | | 1085 | | | | | 1090 | | | | |

Fig. 2.7

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| TTT | TGT | AGG | AGA | TTG | AAA | GAA | GGA | ACT | AGA | ATG | CGG | GCT | CCT | GAC | TAC |
| Phe | Cys | Arg | Arg | Leu | Lys | Glu | Gly | Thr | Arg | Met | Arg | Ala | Pro | Asp | Tyr |
| | 1095 | | | | | 1100 | | | | | 1105 | | | | |
| ACT | ACC | CCA | GAA | ATG | TAC | CAG | ACC | ATG | CTG | GAC | TGC | TGG | CAT | GAG | GAC |
| Thr | Thr | Pro | Glu | Met | Tyr | Gln | Thr | Met | Leu | Asp | Cys | Trp | His | Glu | Asp |
| 1110 | | | | | 1115 | | | | | 1120 | | | | | 1125 |
| CCC | AAC | CAG | AGA | CCC | TCG | TTT | TCA | GAG | TTG | GTG | GAG | CAT | TTG | GGA | AAC |
| Pro | Asn | Gln | Arg | Pro | Ser | Phe | Ser | Glu | Leu | Val | Glu | His | Leu | Gly | Asn |
| | | | | 1130 | | | | | 1135 | | | | | 1140 | |
| CTC | CTG | CAA | GCA | AAT | GCG | CAG | CAG | GAT | GGC | AAA | GAC | TAT | ATT | GTT | CTT |
| Leu | Leu | Gln | Ala | Asn | Ala | Gln | Gln | Asp | Gly | Lys | Asp | Tyr | Ile | Val | Leu |
| | | | 1145 | | | | | 1150 | | | | | 1155 | | |
| CCA | ATG | TCA | GAG | ACA | CTG | AGC | ATG | GAA | GAG | GAT | TCT | GGA | CTC | TCC | CTG |
| Pro | Met | Ser | Glu | Thr | Leu | Ser | Met | Glu | Glu | Asp | Ser | Gly | Leu | Ser | Leu |
| | | 1160 | | | | | 1165 | | | | | 1170 | | | |
| CCT | ACC | TCA | CCT | GTT | TCC | TGT | ATG | GAG | GAA | GAG | GAA | GTG | TGC | GAC | CCC |
| Pro | Thr | Ser | Pro | Val | Ser | Cys | Met | Glu | Glu | Glu | Glu | Val | Cys | Asp | Pro |
| | 1175 | | | | | 1180 | | | | | 1185 | | | | |
| AAA | TTC | CAT | TAT | GAC | AAC | ACA | GCA | GGA | ATC | AGT | CAT | TAT | CTC | CAG | AAC |
| Lys | Phe | His | Tyr | Asp | Asn | Thr | Ala | Gly | Ile | Ser | His | Tyr | Leu | Gln | Asn |
| 1190 | | | | | 1195 | | | | | 1200 | | | | | 1205 |
| AGT | AAG | CGA | AAG | AGC | CGG | CCA | GTG | AGT | GTA | AAA | ACA | TTT | GAA | GAT | ATC |
| Ser | Lys | Arg | Lys | Ser | Arg | Pro | Val | Ser | Val | Lys | Thr | Phe | Glu | Asp | Ile |
| | | | | 1210 | | | | | 1215 | | | | | 1220 | |
| CCA | TTG | GAG | GAA | CCA | GAA | GTA | AAA | GTG | ATC | CCA | GAT | GAC | AGC | CAG | ACA |
| Pro | Leu | Glu | Glu | Pro | Glu | Val | Lys | Val | Ile | Pro | Asp | Asp | Ser | Gln | Thr |
| | | | 1225 | | | | | 1230 | | | | | 1235 | | |
| GAC | AGT | GGG | ATG | GTC | CTT | GCA | TCA | GAA | GAG | CTG | AAA | ACT | CTG | GAA | GAC |
| Asp | Ser | Gly | Met | Val | Leu | Ala | Ser | Glu | Glu | Leu | Lys | Thr | Leu | Glu | Asp |
| | | 1240 | | | | 1245 | | | | | | 1250 | | | |
| AGG | AAC | AAA | TTA | TCT | CCA | TCT | TTT | GGT | GGA | ATG | ATG | CCC | AGT | AAA | AGC |
| Arg | Asn | Lys | Leu | Ser | Pro | Ser | Phe | Gly | Gly | Met | Met | Pro | Ser | Lys | Ser |
| | 1255 | | | | | 1260 | | | | | 1265 | | | | |
| AGG | GAG | TCT | GTG | GCC | TCG | GAA | GGC | TCC | AAC | CAG | ACC | AGT | GGC | TAC | CAG |
| Arg | Glu | Ser | Val | Ala | Ser | Glu | Gly | Ser | Asn | Gln | Thr | Ser | Gly | Tyr | Gln |
| 1270 | | | | | 1275 | | | | | 1280 | | | | | 1285 |

Fig. 2.8

TCT GGG TAT CAC TCA GAT GAC ACA GAC ACC ACC GTG TAC TCC AGC GAC
Ser Gly Tyr His Ser Asp Asp Thr Asp Thr Thr Val Tyr Ser Ser Asp
1290 1295 1300

GAG GCA GGA CTT TTA AAG ATG GTG GAT GCT GCA GTT CAC GCT GAC TCA
Glu Ala Gly Leu Leu Lys Met Val Asp Ala Ala Val His Ala Asp Ser
1305 1310 1315

GGG ACC ACA CTG CAG CTC ACC TCC TGT TTA AAT GGA AGT GGT CCT GTC
Gly Thr Thr Leu Gln Leu Thr Ser Cys Leu Asn Gly Ser Gly Pro Val
1320 1325 1330

CCG GCT CCG CCC CCA ACT CCT GGA AAT CAC GAG AGA GGT GCT GCT TAG
Pro Ala Pro Pro Pro Thr Pro Gly Asn His Glu Arg Gly Ala Ala
1335 1340 1345

| | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| ATTTTCAAGT | GTTGTTCTTT | CCACCACCCG | GAAGTAGCCA | CATTTGATTT | TCATTTTTGG |
| AGGAGGGACC | TCAGACTGCA | AGGAGCTTGT | CCTCAGGGCA | TTTCCAGAGA | AGATGCCCAT |
| GACCCAAGAA | TGTGTTGACT | CTACTCTCTT | TTCCATTTCAT | TTAAAAGTCC | TATATAATGT |
| GCCCTGCTGT | GGTCTCACTA | CCAGTTAAAG | CAAAAGACTT | TCAAACACGT | GGACTCTGTC |
| CTCCAAGAAG | TGGCAACGGC | ACCTCTGTGA | AACTGGATCG | AATGGGCAAT | GCTTTGTGTG |
| TTGAGGATGG | GTGAGATGTC | CCAGGGCCGA | GTCTGTCTAC | CTTGGAGGCT | TTGTGGAGGA |
| TGCGGCTATG | AGCCAAGTGT | TAAGTGTGGG | ATGTGGACTG | GGAGGAAGGA | AGGCGCAAGC |
| CGTCCGGAGA | GCGGTTGGAG | CCTGCAGATG | CATTGTGCTG | GCTCTGGTGG | AGGTGGGCTT |
| GTGGCCTGTC | AGGAAACGCA | AAGGCGGCCG | GCAGGGTTTG | GTTTTGGAAG | GTTTGCGTGC |
| TCTTCACAGT | CGGGTTACAG | GCGAGTTCCC | TGTGGCGTTT | CCTACTCCTA | ATGAGAGTTC |
| CTTCCGGACT | CTTACGTGTC | TCCTGGCCTG | GCCCCAGGAA | GGAAATGATG | CAGCTTGCTC |
| CTTCCTCATC | TCTCAGGCTG | TGCCTTAATT | CAGAACACCA | AAAGAGAGGA | ACGTCGGCAG |
| AGGCTCCTGA | CGGGGCCGAA | GAATTGTGAG | AACAGAACAG | AAACTCAGGG | TTTCTGCTGG |
| GTGGAGACCC | ACGTGGCGCC | CTGGTGGCAG | GTCTGAGGGT | TCTCTGTCAA | GTGGCGGTAA |
| AGGCTCAGGC | TGGTGTTCTT | CCTCTATCTC | CACTCCTGTC | AGGCCCCCAA | GTCCTCAGTA |
| TTTTAGCTTT | GTGGCTTCCT | GATGGCAGAA | AAATCTTAAT | TGGTTGGTTT | GCTCTCCAGA |

Fig. 2.9

TAATCACTAG CCAGATTTCG AAATTACTTT TTAGCCGAGG TTATGATAAC ATCTACTGTA
TCCTTTAGAA TTTTAACCTA TAAAACTATG TCTACTGGTT TCTGCCTGTG TGCTTATGTT
AAAAAAAAAA AAAAA

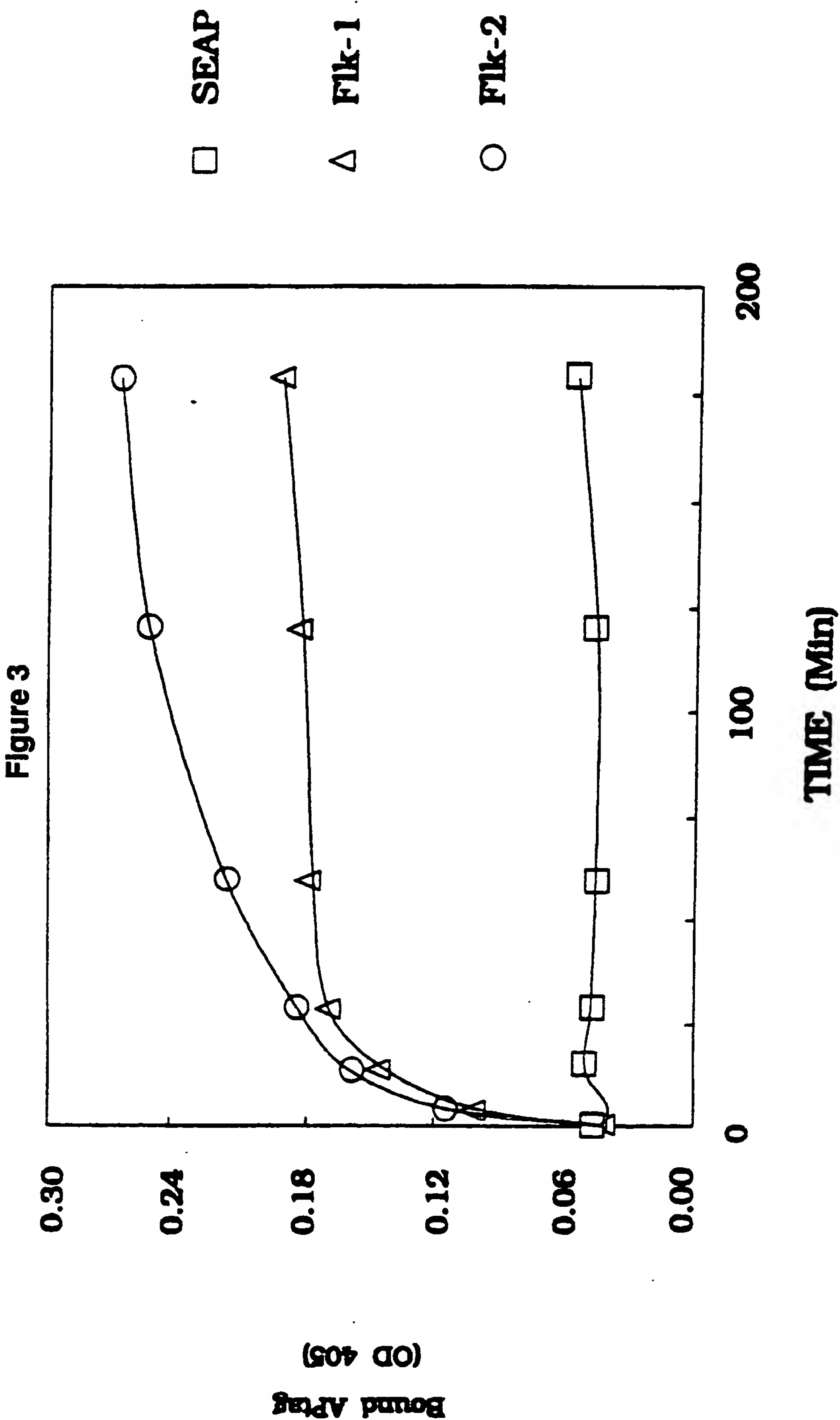


Figure 4

